EVENING TELEGRAPH.

10 CENTS PER WEEK. DIXON, ILLINOIS, MONDAY, JULY 26, 1897. FOURTEENTH YEAR, No. 218

E. C. Parsons,
Real Estate.

Riders of Bicycles Attention

We have a good thing in a new cloth, just the quality, color and style you want for a suit Help us push it along; the price is only

29c a Yard.

Don't fail to see it.

W. F. Weaver & Co.

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We are Head=quarters for the Products of the Standard Oil Co.....

Linseed Oil, Machine Oil, Boston Coach Oil, Bicycle Oil, Lantern Oil, Hoof Ointment, Axle Greese, and all the other products of this company. I am prepared to name you very low prices on machine oil in large quantities.

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Pharmacist, 116 Galena Ave.

Lehigh Valley Coal
Superior to all others.

By placing your orders for hard coal now you will be protected on the price, and I will make you a proposition that will

SAVE YOU MONEY.

WOOD COAL LIME
E. H. CRABTREE
SALT CEMENT
Office DIXON, ILLS. PHONE 61

A MARK
THE ADLAKE
THE ADAMS & WESTLAKE CO. CHICAGO
OF HIGH DEGREE.

Adlake, Crescent and Waverly **Bicycles...**

The best wheels made.

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Dealer in Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and Silverware.

Fine Watchwork and Engraving....

The Flies are Coming!

Are you ready?

We are head-quarters for Wire Cloth. Any width you want, from 24 to 40 inches, at **1½ Cents** per square foot.

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57 First Street.

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JEWELRY STORE,
160 Galena Ave.

Here Is a Bargain.....

That is worthy of the name. 300 boxes of FINE STATIONERY,

Containing { 60 Sheets Ruled Paper, 50 Square Envelopes,

for the remarkable low price of TWENTY=FIVE CENTS while it lasts.

Lew. E. Edwards,
Galena Avenue.

—Mrs. George C. Loveland is ill.

—Sheriff Gray was in Chicago Saturday.

—Regular meeting of G. A. R. tonight.

—Wm. Packard is home from a visit in Iowa.

—Forest Home Legion Sir Knights meet tonight.

—Young ladies Auxiliary of Y. M C. A. meets tonight.

—Dixon Tent No. 81 Knights ot Maccabees meets tonight.

—Mrs. Ellis Hampton is recovering from a week's illness.

—Mi s Annie Shelton is home from a few days' stay in Chicago.

—W. H. Gruver is home from Chicago for a two week's vacation.

—L. D. Pitcher sent a wagon load of watermelons to Rock Falls Friday.

—Dixon is getting to be a red hot base ball town, so say our exchanges.

—The Military band will give its last concert tonight until after the Assembly closes.

—Earnest Clark of Sterling is here visiting for a few days with Roy Houston and friends.

—W. G. Waite and wife have returned from a week's stay in Chicago and Milwaukee.

—W. J. Hintz has recovered from his illness and is again at work with J. H. Morris & Son.

—Max Geldean a lad of Sterling had a deep gash cut in his face Friday by a kick from a colt.

—Mrs. A. G. Martin has gone to La-Grand, Oregon, with her son's wife, Mrs. Jerome Martin.

—Arthur Antoine and family have just completed a pleasant two weeks camp at the Assembly grounds.

—Dr. F. B. Turck and wife of Chicago spent Sunday with the lady's parents, Dr. and Mrs. H. E. Paine.

—Misses Bertha Myers and Grace Henderson spent Sunday at Grand Detour with Miss Bess Pankhurst.

—Rock Falls was the scene of a bowery dance and a grand scrap between lads of that town and Sterling Friday night.

—The carrier boys of the Standard and Gazette offices at Sterling played ball Friday and the former team won 27 to 18.

—Rev. S. H. Zendt has gone to Eureka to attend the state convention of the Christian church being held there this week.

—H. U. Bardwell is home from a visit in Minnesota and Wisconsin. He was with Dr. James Camp at Brainard, Minnesota.

—The United States, today the youngest of all, is the only great nation in the world which expends more for education than for war.

—Albert Hubbard, while standing in the doorway of his home watching the storm Friday night, saw lightning strike a shock of corn in the field near by, and the grain was quickly burned.

—The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Martenson on Seventh street, who died of Cholera infantum on Saturday, was buried Sunday. Rev. Dornblaser conducted the services.

—Walter Swartwout and Emil Andres of Chicago rode out on their wheels Saturday to visit friends at Dixon. They will remain through the week, thus spending a part of their vacation at their old home.

—An excursion train will be run from Sterling to Oregon, via Shabbona, over the Burlington road, August 10, for the benefit of the Sixth Regiment band. Margaret Fuller's island and the steamboat have been secured for the day.

—The aldermen of Rockford have learned of the existence of a statute allowing aldermen in towns of 35,000 population or over a salary of $1,500 per year. They are now talking of ordering a special census to establish the fact that Rockford has a population of 35,000

—The new home of A. C. Dollemyer and wife, opposite the North Dixon park, is progressing nicely under the supervision of Howell & Sons. It will be something entirely different from anything in the city, will have every modern convenience, and will cost near $3,000.

—There will be a Baptist Sunday school picnic on Island Park tomorrow if the weather is favorable. Children and their friends, with well-filled lunch baskets from the South Side, will meet at the church at half past nine o'clock. Those from the North Side will meet at the ferry at the same hour.

DIXON VS. ANAMOSA.

Dixon Won in a Hard Struggle.

Saturday's game of ball between our home team and the traveling nine from Anamosa, Iowa, deserved a large patronage. It was about the closest fought contest that we can hope to see this season.

Following is the way the score card looked: at bat, runs, hits, put out, assists, errors:

Dixon.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Hausen 2d b	5	2	1	4	4	3
Daniel cf	5	3	2	1	0	1
Flesher 3d b	5	2	2	0	4	3
Drew rf	5	1	2	1	1	0
Ferris ss	5	0	2	1	1	1
Carney 1st b	6	0	1	11	0	2
Donaldson c	4	0	0	6	1	0
Hammerstead lf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Woodyatt p	4	0	0	1	8	0
Total	42	8	10	27	19	10

Anamosa.						
Duncan 3d b	6	1	1	0	1	0
McConeahy ss	6	1	0	2	4	0
Calloway c	5	2	2	2	1	0
Miller lf	5	2	0	2	0	0
Riddle 1st b	5	0	1	16	0	0
Sheehan 2d b	5	0	0	2	5	1
Moore cf	5	0	1	1	0	0
Beam rf	5	0	1	1	0	0
Scott p	5	1	0	1	4	0
Total	57	7	6	27	15	1

The score by innings:

Dixon, 0 0 2 0 0 0 3 0 3—8

Anamosa, 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 4 0—7

There was great enthusiasm all thro' the game. Our boys led until the eighth inning when the visitors made four tallies, one of them a home run. When our lads came to bat for the last time the score was 7 to 5 against them and the Iowans were to handle the stick again. Hausen, who had made a home run in the third inning, took up his club with the intention of doing it again. He hit the sphere squarely and sent it into the center fielder's territory—he was out. Handsome Daniel came next and lined out a three-bagger. Flesher was hit by the ball and was mad, but took his base. Then Drew, who did the right thing at the right time, hit the ball hard, bringing in the two men on bases and pushed himself to second. Ferris, the good player, brought Drew home but was caught later at first by a throw from catcher, but his hit had won the game. Carney knocked the ball to pitcher and was caught at first.

Then the visitors came to bat hoping to tie the game or win it. The manager offered the men money for safe hits. Woodyatt had his head and arm in good condition. The first man up sent a grounder to Carney and he stepped on the base with it. Flesher got the next ball and threw it straight to first. The next one up got hit on the foot and took his base, but he died there for Woodyatt threw the next man out finishing the game.

We felt that we owed the game to "Bob" and his able catcher, Donaldson. Bob's balls were safely hit but 6 times.

Ferris got credit for a two bagger. Hammerstead is a captain in left field. Carney is as good as our last year's pet, Willie Vaughn, on first base.

The game was satisfactorily umpired by Joseph Reuland of this city, and Myers of the visiting club.

A Horse Thief in Jail.

Sheriff Gray is entertaining at the county jail Herman Bock who is charged by George B. Theiss of Sublette with stealing his horse and buggy last spring. A peddler who had seen the man Bock at the Theiss home and knew of the theft, saw Bock in Henry county and sent Theiss word after having him arrested by the sheriff there. Deputy Norm Jewitt of Amboy went after the culprit and brought him to Dixon.

Hit by Lightning.

The ten year old daughter of Herman Pettitt, who lives on what is called the Cogswell farm, Nelson, underwent a strange experience a short time ago. While seated in an outhouse during a thunder storm lightning struck the building and shattered it. The force of the bolt seemed to have spent itself on the building, but in desending to ground it played about the little girl, burned her at the back of the neck and left her lying on the floor unconscious. She recovered after awhile, not much the worse for the shock.—Sterling Gazette.

—We publish today the new tariff law and the Wilson law side by side so that they can be compared easily. We do not expect you to read it clear through, but you might save it that you can judge for yourself how much lying the political speakers do about the bills in the next campaign.

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FOR SASHES AND DRESS TRIMMINGS.

Popular Prices!

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To Say That

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I. B. COUNTRYMAN CO.

165, 167 and 169 Galena Avenue.



A Warning Cry

wells up from "Biddy's" faithful lips —"The bin is empty." It will be well for your piece of mind to heed the admonition and forthwith visit the office of George R. Woodruff where you can procure coal that will still the troubled mind of your domestic and drink comfort to your household.

Geo. R. Woodruff.

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Baby Carriages....

Just received the finest line of Baby Cabs in the city, all nicely upholstered in loose cushions, fitted with BALL BEARING RUBBER TIRE Wheels, making it the easiest running carriage made; brake on every cab. Call in and make selection while stock is complete. Furniture cheaper than ever before.

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Trucking and General Team Work!

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of and including Fulton, Ky., except Memphis and New Orleans from all stations on Illinois Central Railroad in Illinois and Wisconsin.

July 6th and 20th

For a copy of the Southern Homeseeker's Guide, describing the agricultural advantages of the country traversed by the Illinois Central and the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley railroads, address at Manchester, Iowa, J. F. Merry, Assistant General Passenger Agent. For information in regard to Railroad Lands in southern Illinois and in the famous Yazoo Valley of Mississippi, address at Chicago, E. P. Skene, Land Commissioner, I. C. R. R.

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WORK IS FINISHED

For Which Congress Was Convened in Extra Session.

TARIFF BILL PASSED AND A LAW,

Having Promptly Received the President's Approval—Vote on the Bill in the Senate with an Analysis Thereof—President Tries to Ring in Some Extra Work Without Talk, but the Upper House Will Not Have It—Currency Message.

Washington, July 26.—The tariff bill passed its last legislative stage at 3 p. m. Saturday when the senate, by the decisive vote of 40 to 30, agreed to the conference report on the bill. The announcement of the result was greeted with enthusiastic applause by the crowded chamber. This closed the great labor for which the Fifty-fifth congress assembled in extraordinary session, and after stubborn resistance, at times threatening a deadlock, the senate concurred with the house in a resolution for the final adjournment of the session at 9 o'clock Saturday night. The president's message for a currency commission was received by the senate and referred to the financial committee; the house bill creating a commission was similarly referred.

How the Senators Voted.

The final vote on the tariff conference report and the bill was as follows:

Yeas—Aldrich, Allison, Baker, Burrows, Carter, Clark, Davis, Deboe, Elkins, Fairbanks, Foraker, Frye Gallinger, Gear, Hale, Hansbrough, Hawley, Hoar, Jones of Nevada, Lodge, McBride, McEnery, McMillan, Mason, Morrill, Nelson, Penrose, Perkins, Platt of Connecticut, Platt of New York, Pritchard, Proctor, Quay, Sewell, Shoup, Spooner, Stewart, Thurston, Warren, Wetmore—40.

Nays—Bacon, Bate, Berry, Caffery, Chilton, Clay, Cockrell, Daniel, Faulkner, Gorman, Harris, Jones of Arkansas, Lindsay, Mallory, Martin, Mills, Mitchell, Morgan, Murphy, Pasco, Pettus, Roach, Smith, Tillman, Turley, Turner, Turpie, Vest, Walthall, White—30.

Paired—Chandler with Cannon; Cullom with Gray; Wolcott with George; Hanna with Rawlins; Wellington with McLaurin; Mantle with Kenny; Wilson with Heitfeld—14.

Present and not voting—Allen, Butler and Teller. Absent and not paired—Kyle and Pettigrew.

What an Analysis Shows.

An analysis of the vote shows that the affirmative vote was cast by 37 Republicans, one Democrat (McEnery), one silver Republican (Jones of Nevada), and one Populist (Stewart). The negative vote was cast by 28 Democrats and 2 Populists — Harris and Turner. Teller, silver Republican, and two Populists, Allen and Butler, were present and did not vote. One Populist, Kyle, and one silver Republican (Pettigrew) were absent without pairs, which was equivalent to withholding their vote.

Early in the day the debate was listless, though enlivened at times with criticism by Allen and a speech from Burrows. Caffery, Morgan, and Stewart occupied the time up to 3 o'clock, when the vote was promptly taken. Then came a long parliamentary battle over final adjournment.

Battle Over Final Adjournment.

The opposition endeavored to score a point by compelling a vote on laying the president's message before the senate, and succeeding in this attacked the majority for refusing to act on the president's recommendation. The main desire of those opposing adjournment was to secure a vote on the Harris resolution calling on the president to stop the sale of the government interests in the Union Pacific railroad. The tactics of the opposition were overcome and shortly before 7 o'clock Morgan withdrew further opposition and the resolution for final adjournment was passed. Complimentary resolutions to Vice President Hobart were adopted and at 9 o'clock the final scene was enacted by the formal adjournment of the session.

FINAL SESSION OF THE HOUSE.

Quick Work on the Tariff Bill—Pith of the Currency Message.

Washington, July 26.—The last session of the house Saturday was marked by many interesting events. In addition to the final act of the speaker in affixing his signature to the Dingley tariff bill, a bill providing for the creation of a currency commission was crowded through in the closing hours and the spectators who thronged the galleries were treated to a continuous, if not very brilliant, fusillade of oratory for several hours. The house took recess until after the senate had adopted the conference report, and one minute and thirty-one seconds after the house reconvened the engrossed bill was signed and on its way to the president. The demonstrations which marked these events were spontaneous and enthusiastic in the extreme. The galleries played a significant part in them. When the president's message came in recommending the creation of a currency commission it was answered by the Republican leaders with great promptitude.

By means of a special order the Stone bill, introduced some days ago with the approval of the administration, was brought to a vote after an hour's debate. Considerable feeling was manifested on both sides. There were some sharp exchanges and some bitterness was displayed. There was, of course, the usual attempt to make political capital out of the situation, but all realized that the bill would not pass the senate, and to that extent the debate lacked seriousness. Still the Republican leaders felt they were doing their duty. When the vote was taken the Republicans presented an unbroken front with two exceptions—Linney of North Carolina and Mahany of New York—who voted with the opposition against the bill, which was passed by a vote of 124 to 99. As the final act of the session the speaker announced the appointment of the committees.

The last step necessary to make the tariff bill a law was taken at 4:04 p. m. Saturday when the president wrote his name on the bill with the word "approved" and the date. There were present Representatives Dingley and Hager, in charge of the bill; Attorney General McKenna, Secretary Gage, Postmaster General Gary and Secretary Wilson. The president had several pens at hand, the owners of which had begged might be used to sign the tariff act. But Dingley produced a beautiful mother-of-pearl handled pen, and requested that it be used for the signature. The president recognized the right of Dingley and used this pen, which was carefully put away by Dingley as soon as the president had used it.

President McKinley's currency message is on the lines suggested by the recent Indianapolis convention. He suggests that the executive be authorized to name a commission of non-partisan men of eminent ability and standing. This commission is expected to examine the present system of banking and currency and all schemes and suggestions for its improvement and that may exist now or hereafter, and report by Nov. 1 next. The president refers to the supreme importance of a stable currency and points out the necessity on the part of this govenrment of maintaining a currency as good as any in the world. The stability of the nation's currency, he says, was decisively declared for in the last election, when the people of the United States, by their votes, demanded that their money be made as good as gold.

IMPORTANT EXTRA LEGISLATION.

Uncle Sam May Soon Have an Armor Plate Plant of His Own.

Washington, July 26.—The most important piece of legislation, outside of the tariff bill, enacted by congress at the extra session was the amendment to the general deficiency bill, limiting the cost of armor plate for the three new battleships to $300 per ton. In case the secretary of the navy should find it impossible to make contracts for armor within the price fixed he was authorized by this provision to take steps to establish a government armor plate factory of sufficient capacity to make the armor.

In executing this authority he must prepare a description and plans and specifications of the land, buildings and machinery suitable for the factory, advertise for proposals and report to congress at its next session. In open session after much debate the senate passed the Cuban belligerency resolution; a bankruptcy bill including both voluntary and involuntary features, and the free homes bill. But none of these important questions received consideration in the house.

CHAIRMEN OF COMMITTEES

As Named by Speaker Reed Just Before the Adjournment of the House.

Washington, July 26.—The chairmen of the most important committees as named by Speaker Reed Saturday night are as follows: Foreign affairs, Hitt of Illinois; appropriations, Cannon of Illinois; judiciary, Henderson of Iowa; banking and currency, Walker of Massachusetts; coinage, etc., C. W. Stone of Pennsylvania; interstate and foreign commerce, Hepburn of Iowa; rivers and harbors, Hooker of New York; agriculture, Wadsworth of New York; military affairs, Hull of Iowa; naval affairs, Boutelle of Maine; postoffices, etc., Loud of California; public lands, Lacey of Iowa; Indian affairs, Sherman of New York; territories, Knox of Massachusetts; Pacific railways, Powers of Vermont; invalid pensions, Ray of New York; immigration, etc., Danford, of Ohio; labor, Gardner of New Jersey; militia, Marsh of Illinois; manufactures, Faris of Indiana; pensions, Loudenslagher of New Jersey; civil service reform, Brosius of Pennsylvania.

Some Nominations That Failed.

Washington, July 26.—The following among other nominations failed of confirmation by the senate: Terence V. Powderly, of Pennsylvania, to be commissioner of immigration; Charles S. McNichols, of Momence, Ills., to be agent for the Indians of the Colorado river agency in Arizona; Stephen J. Loughran, of Iowa, to be receiver of public moneys at Des Moines, Ia.

BICYCLE IN MODERN WARFARE.

Close of a Military Ride of 2,000 Miles by Twenty Men.

St. Louis, July 26.—Lieutenant Moss and his twenty colored troopers of the Twenty-fifth United States infantry, at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon completed their 2,000 mile ride on bicycles from Fort Missoula, Mont. After considerable delay at St. Charles, twenty miles out of the city, as the result of a heavy rain storm and because of the necessity of making needed repairs on their wheels, the riders arrived at their destination here and immediately went into camp at Forest Park. Thousands of enthusiastic cyclists welcomed them at the park.

In an interview Lieutenant Moss said: "We left Fort Missoula, Mont., Sunday, June 14, intending to cover the 2,000 miles between there and St. Louis in six weeks. We are finishing easily and in good condition within the proposed limit. Our trip has been eminently successful. It is the biggest bicycle tour by an army of organized men on record. It has proven beyond preadventure my contention that the bicycle has a place in modern warfare."

Another "Sell" for the Granger.

Butler, Ind., July 26.—Farmers in this county have been taken in by a clever swindler, who sold them glass jars for $1.50 agreeing to purchase butter packed in them for 25 cents a pound. He instructed farmers not to salt the butter, saying it was to be sold to Jews in the east. Several of the farmers went out through the country and purchased all the butter they could get, expecting to realize big returns. The man was to call for the butter Friday last, but has not shown up. He is believed to have cleared between $500 and $1,000.

Murder of a Ticket Broker.

St. Louis, July 26.—George Hermann, who has charge of a ticket brokers' office opposite the Union station, was fatally shot last night by a negro named Matthew Hancock. The latter went into the ticket office and demanded money and when it was refused shot Hermann five times with a revolver. He was arrested.

These Young Men Stole Wool.

Owosso, Mich., July 26.—Rufus Goit and William Kauffman, two young men of Perry township, have been arrested charged with stealing 800 pounds of wool from the elevator at Morris. The thieves stole a team and wagon from a farmer, and after loading the wool drove to Lansing, where they disposed of it.

Judge Cooley Taken to a Sanitarium.

Ann Arbor, Mich., July 26.—Judge Thomas H. Cooley was taken from his home here this morning to a private sanitarium near Pontiac. He is in a very precarious condition and his physicians have advised his removal from home.

Low Prices for Good Goods!

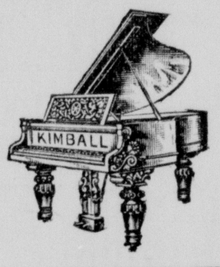
Steel Axle Milk Wagons	$50 to $60
Solid Body Road Wagons	$30 to $35
Top Buggies, good quality	$50 to $60
Binding Twine, Standard	6 Cents
Binding Twine, Manilla	7 Cents
Pure Manilla Hay Rope	9 Cents
6 Foot Mowers	$40.00
Double Harpoon Hay Fork	$1.00
Porter Hay Carriers	$3.00

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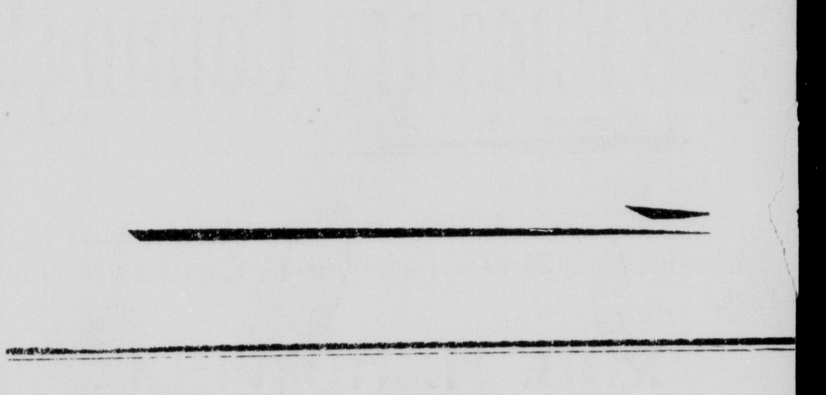
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More sold the past year than ever before. Sold by bottle or case lots, and delivered to all parts of the city.
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Town Lots, Houses and Land for sale. Also or Help Wanted, call at No. 8, I. B. Countryman Block.

$10 TO $25 PER DAY. ONE OPEN DOOR TO PROSPERITY.

We have something to sell that brings good times to all concerned. We desire an energetic man in every town to introduce the best thing on earth. It is an absolute necessity which housekeepers must have and with which they are not yet supplied.

NO HUMBUG. Requires no lying nor deception; a minister can conscientiously embark in it and will make a fortune. It is also adapted to ladies. They nearly always succeed.

No canvassing required. You can sell it at home, for as soon as it is known that you have it you will have at once a money-making business. Its demand is increasing and universal. The average profits are from $100 to $800 per month. It is an article of great merit that can be handled on a large or small scale with 400 per cent. profit.

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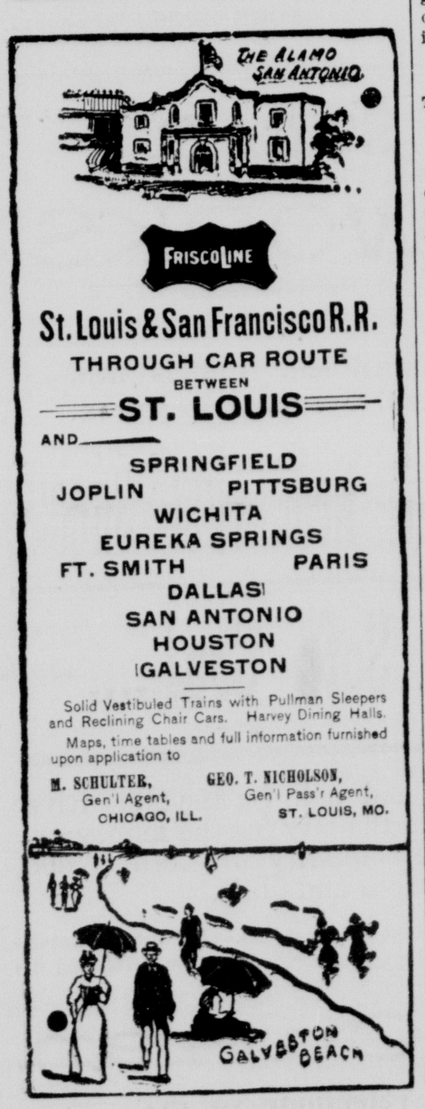
You must act at once if you hope to get an agency, as they are being rapidly taken. It's a brand new thing. One of our best agents writes he has cleared $3,060 in six months. We have and give exclusive control of territory. Write at once. **Be accurate about names and addresses.** Write to

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Thurston's PILLS

Are perfect health jewels, never known to distress but infallible to relieve. When everything else has failed to bring you relief for headache, biliousness, stomach and liver complaints ASK YOUR DRUGGIST for THURSTON'S PILLS. By mail 25 cents per package.



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TODAY OR NEVER.

The Mine Strike Is to Begin in the Mountain State.

THAT IS WHAT OBSERVERS THINK.

Debs and Others Hold Meetings and a House-to-House Canvass Is Made—Gompers Calls for a Meeting of Heads of Thirty-Eight Unions at Wheeling Tomorrow—Change of Tactics Against De Armitt—Western Strike News.

Fairmont, W. Va., July 26.—Debs held three good meetings at the various mines yesterday and is confident that the men will be gotten out, although he will not say he expects the move today. The general impression is that if the break is not made today it will not be made at all. It is hard to tell what the men will do. Yesterday the operators succeeded in keeping many of them from the meetings and it looks as easy to keep them in the mines. Mahon left yesterday afternoon for Clarksburg, where he and Rea addressed meetings. A house to house missionary work is being done by the miners and will be continued. If the project to get the men here out fails all the organizers will leave this district and an effort will be made to stop the running of coal trains.

It Is the Unexpected That Happens.

All the mines are guarded by deputies and no men are allowed on the company's grounds. A body of organized men stayed at each of the different mines last night and a herculean effort is to be made to induce the men not to go to work today. Rumors of all kinds are afloat, but no trouble is expected. Today will certainly settle the strike one way or the other, so far as this region is concerned.

May Call for a General Strike.

Clarksburg, W. Va., July 26.—The miners' meeting advertised for yesterday has proven a great success from the miner's standpoint. On every train scores of miners arrived. At 7 o'clock last night about 500 miners and double that number of citizens were at the place of meeting. W. D. Mahon, president of the National Street Car union, spoke for two hours. He stated that if this strike was lost it would be on account of the West Virginia miners, and that a general boycott would be declared against all West Virginia coal in the future by all organizations of labor in the United States. Over 100 men said they would join the union. There is no doubt but that all will go out tomorrow. Mahon says that at Wheeling tomorrow action will be taken that will cause a settlement at once or a general strike will be called for.

Atkinson Accuses the Leaders of Lying.

Charleston, W. Va., July 26.—Governor Atkinson's attention was last night called to the charge made by the strike organizers that free speech was not allowed in West Virginia. The governor said: "It is not true that any municipality in West Virginia has interfered with labor organizations in any shape. All organizers who have come into this tate have been allowed the greatest liberty of speech. I believe in the right of labor to organize for mutual advancement. I have received a copy of the resolutions passed by a labor organization in Washington, D. C., in which I am denounced as a coward and my action as bloodthirsty. The action of the Washington organization is contemptible because it has not one scintilla of truth upon which to base it."

Made the Injunction Permanent.

Altoona, Pa., July 26.—Last Tuesday Judge Bell, of Cambria county, granted a preliminary injunction enjoining some forty-five striking miners, who are residents of Galtitsin, and their wives and others from congregating in the vicinity of J. L. Mitchell & Co.'s coal mines and using threats and abusive language calculated to frighten the imported miners now employed in the mines. The injunction also forbade gatherings at the railroad station and other places in the town for the purpose of intimidating the men now employed or to be hereafter employed by the Mitchell company. Saturday the hearing was held and the injunction made permanent against forty of the defendants.

Gompers Calls on the Union Chiefs.

Washington, July 26.—President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, Saturday sent telegrams to officers of thirty-eight national trade unions calling for a conference to be held at Wheeling, W. Va., at noon tomorrow. This was done in response to the telegram from President W. D. Ratchford, of the United Mine Workers of America, sent out Friday night.

LEGAL TEST OF A NEW LAW.

That on Screens To Be Used Against De Armitt—Another Raid.

Pittsburg July 26.—Instead of marching on the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company's mines, as first determined on by the miners, the executive board at a special meeting has decided to make a legal test of the new state mining law. It is claimed that De Armitt's miners are being worked in violation of this law, and suits will be entered and pushed with unusual vigor. According to the new law if an operator does not have his coal weighed before it goes over a screen he is guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to a fine of not less than $100, nor more than $500, or imprisonment not to exceed ninety days, or both at the discretion of the court for each offense. De Armitt says that law is unconstitutional.

Pittsburg, July 26.—Sixty deputy sheriffs have been ordered out. Their designation has been kept a profound secret, but it is supposed they are to be sent to the mines of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company in anticipation of any raid that may be made. As the strikers' officials declare that the contemplated march has been abandoned no conflict is expected. Another search on Canonsburg was begun last night. A big meeting of miners was held at Reissing at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. They were informed that the Allison mine intended to resume work yesterday morning, and in a very short time it was decided to make another tramp across the country and reinforce the 100 strikers that have been on guard. They will remain until tomorrow morning. There was a great hurrying to and fro in all the mining settlements in that section before the sun went down. Women have been among the most active agitators.

Before evening more than 500 determined men from Cecil, Reissing and Bridgeville were mobilized at Bridgeville. Shortly after 7 o'clock they started on the march with the American flag at their head. Nearly every man carried a dinner pail, and they looked like a regiment of toilers going to their work. The whole country side along the line of march turned out to witness the sight. They reached the Allison mine at about o'clock and made the best of their quarters. Nothing was done in the way of arbitration Saturday. The commissioners rested, and expect to accomplish considerable during today. They will endeavor to enlist more of the river operators, and have reason to hope that they will be successful.

STRIKE NEWS FROM THE WEST.

Kansas Miners Refuse to Strike, but Will Not Dig Coal for the East.

Pittsburg, July 26.—The delegate convention representing southeastern Kansas coal miners, in secret session here Saturday adopted resolutions indorsing the eastern strike, but decided by an overwhelming majority against a sympathetic strike. Organizers T. B. McGregor, presenting credentials from Secretary Ryan, of the United Mine Workers of Illinois, was refused admittance to the meeting.

A leading labor man who has been national president of one of the greatest organizations in the United States said yesterday: "The operators must not think they can smuggle coal out of Kansas to go into strike territory. It is one of the doctrines of organized labor that whenever one set men commence to do work that is to the injury of organized labor the work becomes scab work. The miners of southern Kansas are union men. As long as they mine coal for Kansas and territory which they have been accustomed to supply they are occupying neutral ground, and are not interfering. When they mine coal to be used in territory usually supplied by miners who are striking they become in the eyes of organized labor what we call scabs. * * * Coal is non-union coal as soon as it gets into strike territory."

Bevier, Mo., July 26.—At the general mass meeting of miners held here delegates to the state miners' convention to be held in Sedalia on the 27th were selected. By a vote of 88 to 65 the delegates were instructed to vote to work only three days a week until the strike in the east is settled. The delegates were also instructed to use their best endeavors with the state meeting to arrange for cheaper powder and blacksmithing work. The meeting was attended by more than 200 out of 700 miners here.

Brazil, Ind., July 26.—The block coal miners met in mass convention here Saturday and reported every mine idle. Committees were appointed to visit many parts of the state and solicit aid for the needy strikers in the block fields. A letter was read from President Ratchford, stating that the national organization could not aid the miners in a financial manner, as less than $650 had been received by them and it was necessary to use this in getting West Virginia out. He said the report that the national committee had received a donation of $50,000 was a fake. The donation was $50.

Oskaloosa, Ia., July 26.—The coal miners of the Oskaloosa Coal and Mining company at Beacon and Garfield mines held a mass-meeting Saturday afternoon on account of petty grievances of a local nature, made demands upon the operators, and will strike unless the demands are granted. The trouble has the appearence of a local grievance, but it is thought that the eastern trouble is at the bottom of it.

Induced to Quit Work.

Mascoutah, Ills., July 26.—At 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon a second delegation of 250 strikers sent here from Bradley's army, now encamped at Belleville, marched into Mascoutah to compel the miners here who had again resumed work at the Beatty and Kolb pits to remain out of the shafts. They marched to the pits with flags flying, and after a short conference induced the men to return to their homes. They are not disposed to quit and are not members of the union. The Bradley delegation informed the men that if they resumed work before the strike was declared off they might expect another and sterner visit.

NO CHANGE IN THE LINE-UP.

National League Base Ball Leaders Retain Their Places.

Chicago, July 26.—The first four clubs last week in the race for the League base ball pennant are the same today as they were last week at this time; and they occupy the same places. The standing is as follows:

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Boston	75	53	22	.707
Cincinnati	73	48	25	.658
Baltimore	74	48	26	.649
New York	74	44	30	.595
Cleveland	75	42	33	.560
Pittsburg	74	35	39	.473
Philadelphia	79	37	42	.468
Louisville	78	34	44	.436
Chicago	79	35	44	.433
Brooklyn	75	32	43	.427
Washington	75	29	46	.387
St. Louis	76	17	60	.224

Following are the late League scores: At Louisville—Boston 5, Louisville 2; at Pittsburg—Baltimore 3, Pittsburg 16; at St. Louis—Washington 5, St. Louis 7; at Cleveland—Philadelphia 4, Cleveland 3; at Chicago—New York 7, Chicago 3. (Sunday) At Cincinnati—Brooklyn 4, Cincinnati 7; (second game) Brooklyn 4, Cincinnati 11; at Cleveland—Baltimore 6, Cleveland 5; at St. Louis—Washington 3, St. Louis 4; (second game) Washington 8, St. Louis 0; at Chicago—Louisville 0, Chicago 1.

Western League: At Minneapolis—Indianapolis 11, Minneapolis 7; at St. Paul—Grand Rapids 0, St. Paul 17; at Milwaukee—Detroit 8, Milwaukee 10; at Kansas City—Columbus 4, Kansas City 7. (Sunday) At Kansas City—Columbus 4, Kansas City 3; at Milwaukee—Detroit 2, Milwaukee 7; at Minneapolis and St. Paul—Weather.

Western Association: At Dubuque—Quincy 10, Dubuque 3; at Cedar Rapids—Burlington 8, Cedar Rapids 7; at Rockford—Des Moines 15, Rockford 2; at Peoria—St. Joseph 3, Peoria 0. (Sunday) At Peoria—St. Joseph 3, Peoria 4; at Cedar Rapids—Burlington 1, Cedar Rapids 9; at Rockford—Des Moines 5, Rockford 8; at Dubuque—Rain.

Killed by a Premature Blast.

Milwaukee, July 26.—A special to The Sentinal from Iron Mountain, Mich., says: William Williams, an Englishman, and Lorenzo Sontania, an Italian, were killed by a premature blast of dynamite at the open pit of the Antoine Ore company's mine last evening.

GONE TO DIG GOLD

Hundreds Sail from San Francisco and Seattle.

VESSELS CROWDED TO THE LIMIT,

And Want Authority to Carry More Than the Law Allows—Everybody Wants to Go in Spite of the Fact That Zero Weather on the Klondyke Is Considered Regular Dog-Day Style—Uncle Sam to Get Reliable Information.

San Francisco, July 26.—The desire of the gold struck throng to reach the diggings in the Klondyke district resembles for all the world the craze of westerners to reach California in the "days of old and the land of gold." There is little or no method in this longing of the masses to reach the Eldorado in the great unknown territory of the northwest. People who have had no experience in mining, or have undergone none of the hardships incident to such a journey as will follow a trip to the Yukon country, are clamoring for passage and straining every nerve to secure funds necessary on which to make the trip. Many are making sacrifices in order to visit the land that promises so much. Every steamship office in this city is literally overrun with people seeking information concerning the Klondyke country. Those who have the money do not hesitate to pay for the passage, trusting in many instances to good luck to give them food on which to subsist during the coming winter.

Taking Any Risk to Get There.

The Excelsior which leaves on Wednesday next has a full passenger list, but big bonuses are being offered every day for a berth on the vessel. The steamer Umatilla left yesterday morning for the north with 250 passengers and a full cargo of provisions. She goes to Port Townsend, where she connects with the City of Topeka, sailing direct to Juneau. The owners of the Umatilla have applied for permission to of hulls and boilers for permission to carry all the passengers that the vessels owned by the company will hold. The Topeka, which is scheduled to leave Seattle early next week, has already more passengers than is permitted by law. The same is true of the George W. Elder, which is scheduled to leave July 30. The people at Seattle are begging the steamship officers to provide them with transportation.

Will Be Full to the Limit.

The steamer Cleveland, chartered as an extra vessel by the Northwestern Trading company, sailed late Saturday night for Seattle, where she will discharge part of her cargo and take supplies and passengers for Alaska. About half of her passengers' list from this city is booked for Alaska, and she will be full to the limit leaving Seattle for the north. It is probable that she will carry 500 passengers. More people are anxious to go to Alaska and the Yukon country than can possibly be accommodated at the present time. It is believed by many that the vessels now fitting at San Francisco and destined for Dawson City by way of St. Michaels will never reach the former place. The river begins to freeze about Sept. 10, and it is not possible for vessels leaving San Francisco after August to reach Dawson City for at least five or six days after the extreme cold has set in.

PROSPECTS OF A FEW FACTS.

Government Will Send an Expert to the Arctic Gold Fields.

Washington, July 26.—Recognizing the importance of the recent gold discoveries in Alaska and adjoining territory, and in obedience to the widespread demand for authentic information in regard thereto, the commissioner of labor has detailed from his regular force an expert, thoroughly familiar with all the features of gold mining, to proceed immediately to the Klondyke for the purpose of making a careful and exhaustive study of the conditions as they exist there. It is the intention of the commissioner to embody the facts in a special report or bulletin of the department, which will appear at as early a date as possible.

This is a subject of absorbing interest to all classes, and in making this investigation the commissioner feels that he is working in the interest of the unemployed. Such a report as that contemplated giving the unbiased facts as to the opportunities for the investment of capital and the employment of labor, wages, cost of living, etc., he believes will be of great value to the people of this country.

Great Privations for Gold Hunters.

Springfield, Ills., July 26.—A letter has been received here from William Fielding, of this city, who is now at Juneau, Alaska, in which he states that stories told of privations and sufferings in the upper Yukon gold fields are something terrible. The thermometer registered 40 to 80 degrees below zero in April and zero weather was considered fine.

Shot into a Crowd of Boys.

Chicago, July 26.—James O'Donnell shot into a crowd of small boys who were playing ball near his home yesterday. Thomas Good, aged 12, and Frank Spears, aged 8, colored, were badly wounded. Spears will probably die. As soon as the shooting became known an angry mob of neighbors surrounded O'Donnell's home, where he had hidden. The timely arrival of a patrol wagon saved his life.

Powderly Denounced.

New York, July 26.—District Assembly No. 49, of the Knights of Labor, yesterday passed strong resolutions condemning the nomination of T. V. Powderly as United States commissioner of immigration. Powderly was denounced as a renegade and traitor for turning to gold after speaking for years in favor of free silver.

Suicide of 14-Year-Old Boy.

New York, July 26.—Benjamin Simon, a 14-year-old school boy, who at that early age aspired to be a labor agitator, drowned himself in the Hudson Saturday night because he failed to pass the examination at the College of the City of New York, being deficient in drawing. His body was recovered.

Ex-Senator Doolitte Is Dying.

Providence, R. I., July 26.—Senator Jones Rood Doolittle, of Wisconsin, who is lying dangerously ill at the home of Dr. Burge, his son-in-law, at Pawtucket, is sinking rapidly, and is not expected to survive twenty-four hours.

Third Year! Reliability!

SPECIALISTS HAVE COME and GONE; others will come and go the same as those before them, leaving their patients uncured, but

DR. PRETTYMAN,

will continue his regular monthly visits and CURE those he treats.

Dixon, Illinois, Thursday August 12th, 1897;

PARLORS AT NACHUSA HOTEL, FROM 9 A. M. TO 8 P. M.

Returning Every Four Weeks.

QUICK POSITIVE CURES!



GET WELL NOW!

READ CAREFULLY EVERY WORD OF THE FOLLOWING:

DR. PRETTYMAN is a graduate of College of Physicians and Surgeon, New York City, the greatest and best college in the U. S. He has had years of training in the great hospital and, as has been demonstrated, his work has surprised the expectations of everybody. He treats CHRONIC DISEASES.

EYE AND EAR DISEASES!

Dimness of sight, growth, oversight, granulated lids, inflammation of eyeball, weak watery eyes, etc., treated and cured after the common every day treatment has failed. No burning, no suffering from this new treatment.

Ear diseases, such as ringing, roaring noises, discharges, catarrhal deafness, treated by his new germicidal treatment. It is indeed a medical revolution. The greatest, grandest and best discovery of the age.

CATARRH, ACUTE OR CHRONIC!

Enlarged tonsils, weak voice, ulcerated throat, bronchial catarrh, pain in chest asthma, bronchitis, treated in a manner that insures success to the doctor and return to health for the patient.

Stomach, liver, heart disease, the cause of suffering, loss of appetite, bloating, belching, misery, can be cured. We insure to cure all cases undertaken.

Hemorrhoids (piles) cured in one treatment. No Pain and no detention from work. A positive cure guaranteed.

NERVOUS DISEASES!

Epilepsy, nervous prostration, rheumatism, etc., treated. Diseases of women, such as bearing down pains, weak backs, bloating, swelling of the limbs, painful or suppressed menses, leucorrhoea (whites), ulcerations, sterility, cured by our treatment; saves the patient the unpleasant features of local treatment. All chronic diseases treated. No uncurable cases taken.

DOES THIS INTEREST YOU?

Diseases of Men.

Nervousness, weakness, etc., quickly cured All diseases of kidney, bladder and genito urinary system treated by new methods. Prompt and efficient cures.

STRICTURE.—This is a trouble found in hundreds of cases and often neglected, because the old way of cutting was severe and would not insure positive results. Dr. Prettyman cures these cases in short time, without knife or pain.

VARIOCOCELE.—A well known trouble and a source of much annoyance. The evil effects of this trouble are well known. Besides producing weakness, pain, etc., it causes losses, shrinkage and irritation. Our methods, after five years' trial, have proven effective and not a failure has been noted.

Hyprocc Orchitis, Epididymitis, cured in short notice.

Spermatorrhoea, seminal weakness, loss of power, impotency, the cause of so much suffering in mind and body, the bane of life, the disease that wrecks thousands of lives every year, blasts future hopes, renders existence miserable, make young and old men unfit for business or pleasure, are curable A speedy and permanent cure guaranteed in all cases treated.

Weak, nervous men who have drins, sediments, weak memory, confusion of ideas embarrassments, unpleasant dreams, etc., should consult this eminent doctor.

Syphillis, blood and skin diseases cured. No injurious drugs, such as mercury, potash, etc., used.

Married or single men, or those contemplating matrimony, should not let this opportunity pass.

Consultation and Examination Free and Strictly Private

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Don't delay ordering your hard coal it may be dangerous, because when everybody wants it at once, which they will if delayed too long, somebody is sure to get left, and you might have to pay more money for it too.

I have the celebrated W. Va. Splint, the best high-grade soft coal in the market. Don't fail to give it a trial. I also have wood that cannot be excelled.

Respectfully Yours,

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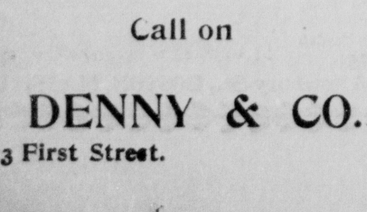
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DIXON, ILL., JULY 26, 1897.

Vice is a monster of such horrid mien,
That to be hated needs but to be seen.
Yet seen too oft, familiar with its face.
We first endure, then pity, then embrace.

At first your advertisement may be seen and hated;
A few times seen, it is more kindly rated;
Forever seen, it every purse unlocks.
Persistent advertising is "what knocks."
—Advertiser in Kansas City Star.

NOTES ON THE SUNDAY-SCHOOL LESSON.

PREPARED BY IRA W. LEWIS, DIXON.

LESSON 5, AUG. 1, 1897. ACTS 18: 1-11.

PAUL AT CORINTH.

V. 1. Paul's work at Athens was, humanly speaking, a failure. Although Athens was the only place Paul had visited in Macedonia where he was not persecuted and driven out, yet the outlook for a church was so unpromising that he left the city and came to Corinth, situated on the narrow isthmus connecting Achaia and Macedonia. Corinth was 46 miles east of Athens, 342 miles southwest of Constantinople, and was noted for its wealth and merchandise, the Isthmian games and its unparallelled vice and licentiousness. The city was founded about 1000 years B. C., was destroyed by the Romans 146 B. C., but about 100 years later was rebuilt by Julius Cæsar and contained at the time of Paul's visit about 400,000 inhabitants. Among the many names given the city by different writers, "the Vanity Fair of the Roman Empire" seems most appropriate. Venus was the tutelar divinity of the city and to that goddess a magnificent temple was erected. Seven stone columns 21 feet high and six feet in diameter are all that now remains of the ancient city. Tradition has it that Paul came from Athens to Corinth by sea and that one of his three shipwrecks occurred on this voyage.

V. 2 Aquilla and Priscilla, Jews, it appears, to whom Roman names had been given, became very devoted friends of Paul (v 18) persons of culture and ability (v 26). We hear of them again at Ephesus (I. Cor. 16: 19) later at Rome, risking their lives for Paul's sake, (Rom. 16: 3-5) and mentioned by Paul in his last letter, just before his martyrdom (II. Tim. 4: 19). They are mentioned five times and always together, and from the fact that her name usually appears first, we infer that she was the more able and prominent in christian work. Banished from Rome by a cruel decree their lot seemed hard indeed, but their misfortune was overruled by the Lord for their good.

V. 3. Among the Jews a person without an occupation was a dangerous person in the community; every Jew was required to teach his sons a trade: and Paul himself said, "if any would not work, neither should he eat." (II Thess. 3:10

V 4. "Reasoned and persuaded," appealing to both the intellect and heart; the two parts of a minister's or teacher's work. How he reasoned can be gathered from I Cor. 2:4

V. 5. When Silas and Timothy came to Paul at Corinth they brought things from Thessalonica which moved Paul to write the first epistle to the Thessalonians. They brought cheering news as well as a contribution to Paul's necessities; their coming was timely for Paul was not only sick and poor but depressed, (I Cor. 2:3 and I Thes. 3:7.

Vs. 6-7. The gospel had been by Paul freely offered, its claims fairly presented, and by the Corinthian Jews deliberately rejected; so Paul "shook his raiment," and from that time labored with and for the Jews in Corinth no more. (For a parallel act and it meaning see Neh. 5:13.) How may a minister or teacher say truthfully, "I am clean, pure from the blood of all men?" See acts 20: 26-27.

V. 8 Singularly enough the first convert was the chief ruler of the Synagogue where Paul was not allowed to preach, and this appears to be the first recorded instance of the conversion of an entire Jewish family.

Vs. 9-11. Paul might doubt if his call from Macedonia was really from the Lord. He had been opposed, and mobbed, and driven out of every city and town he had visited, Athens excepted: opportune was this vision, but note the promise, not that no one would 'set upon him," but that he should not be harmed. We find in V. 12, that he was "set upon," arrested and brought before the judgement seat but his accusers were themselves beaten and mal-treated.

"I am with thee," was God's promise to Abraham, Isaac, Moses, Joshua, Gideon, and others, and in every instance the promise was a comfort and support. "I have many people in this city." For a glimpse of the material out of which the church there was to be built see I Cor. 6-9-11.

There is nothing like "The Word." Teachers should teach it, preachers should preach it: thirty-three times in the book of acts is "The Word" mentioned in connection with preaching and teaching.

Declining Values.

There is an estimated reduction of $10,000,000 in the assessed property valuation of the state of Illinois this year. Every man with real estate or chattles to sell realizes that this nominal reduction involves a great truth. There is an actual reduction of vastly more than that. There will be still greater reductions in years to come. This is one of the legitimate and inevitable results of gold monometallic "confidence." The price of everything is reduced but money. The selling value of land, labor, and the products of both land and labor is sinking. The value of that in which prices are computed, which is gold, is enhanceing alone. —Peoria Journal.

The above is the usual stereotyped argument of the free silver advocate. The assessors of Illinois are in the habit, so to speak, of reducing the assessments, occasionally. each assessor hoping to reduce his assessment to the lowest possible notch in order to please the tax payers who elect him. The conclusions drawn by the editor of the Journal from a reduction in assessments in our state are too absurd for notice, but as such arguments are constantly in use by the free silver advocates, it is well to notice their fallacy. That the price of everything is reduced but money" can be proven false by very simple propositions. There is no possible standard by which it can be demonstrated that gold has increased in value for the simple reason that the yellow metal itself is the standard of measure of values. However the simple fact that gold can be borrowed now for less interest than was paid ten, twenty, thirty or forty years ago is proof positive that it has not increased in value.

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When the rental of a house, real estate or personal property of any sort increases, one can well judge that the price of such commodity has increased. Why not apply this test to money?

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Labor would be the most honest standard, if it could be called such, by which we may judge of the value of gold, and as labor is higher today than it was when that imaginary crime of 1873 was committed that is an incontrovertable argument that gold has not appreciated: so when the Journal states that everything including labor, except money is reduced in price, he has nothing to substantiate the bold assertion. That gold is depreciating in value is admitted by intelligent, reasonable, honest men. The simple fact, as we have stated, that a workingman receives nearly twice as many grains of gold (or its equivalent) for an hour's labor as he did a score of years ago shows that gold is losing in value as measured by human labor, the only true standard. Increase in the value of gold is the basis of every free silver argument and the proposition is as ridiculous as the idea that more silver is needed in the business of this country.

From the Rock Falls News.

Henry Potts an enterprising farmer just east of Deer Grove, has finished a large granary and also made some improvements about his residence. Mr. Potts is an old soldier of the 75th Illinois.

Monday morning a five year old son of R. H. Sheldon Jr., fell from the top of the sprinkling wagon on May street, striking his head on a wheel and cutting it. His injuries are not dangerous.

Two rattle snakes were killed inside the Rock Falls city limits this week. The party who killed them thinks they were a pair, and does not wish it known where they were killed for fear of alarming his family.

J. M. Bickford and family, Mrs. Fay Rouch and Harry Batcheller left Tuesday and are camped on Rock river somewhere beween Grand Detour and Oregon. Later they expect to have added to the party A. J. McNeil and family and Ed Brown and family of Dixon.

Four devoted married men of Rock Falls planned to spend last Thursday together in Chicago, and after discussing the "terrible jam" they expected to be in, broached the subject to their wives, and in a half hearted way asked them if they would like to go along. When the ladies (who are all mind readers to some extent) decided not to be caught in such a jam, the sigh of relief uttered by the gentlemen could be heard on the outskirts of the town.

From the Sterling Gazette:

Mrs. Hiram E. Page is home from a visit with Dixon relatives.

Master Johnny Woodyatt returned home last evening from a long visit with his grandparents in Dixon.

Mrs. Charles E. Huber is here for a visit with the home folks. Her husbend, formerly of the Keystone shops, is now in the milk factory at Dixon.

BRAKIE GOT HIS TICKETS.

Sterling Ladies Have Troublesome Times on the Odd Fellow's Excursion.

The conductor had gone through the train and punched the tickets, returnthem to their owners, who stowed the precious pasteboard cards away in various places for safe keeping. A few minutes later the brakeman passed throug the car and removed the coupons. Of course this necessitated a second "digging up" of tickets. Four ladies, busy in conversation, did not notice his approach until he stood by the seat drawling in true railroad style, "tickets," with a heavy accent on the last half of the word. The ladies looked at the "brakie," then at each other and blushed.

"We will get them for you if you will come back in a few minutes," said one.

"I ain't got time: I want 'em now," said the man.

The ladies blushed again and the official stood waiting for the tickets to be produced.

The situation was rapidly assuming alarming features.

The brakeman wore an impatient expression, while the ladies looked embarrassed. The day was saved by the tactical man sitting in the next seat, who whispered a few words in the ear of the waiting trainmen. That gentleman's face expanded into a broad grin and he passed up the aisle. A subdued rustling was heard in the ladies seat and as they stooped forward with their heads together, and straighted up with the tickets in their hands. The incident took place yesterday on the excursion train to Burlington Park.—Standard.

TWO THOUSAND GRAVES.

Dug in an Alaskan Tract Thirteen Miles Long and Ten Wide in a Year.

George J. Mills of Clinton, Iowa, held down an easy chair last evening in front of the Galt House. The talk turned on the newly discovered Alaskan gold field.

"I had a friend visiting me this morning," he said, "who had come directly from Klondyke. He had a big certified bank check in his pocket, representing three months' winnings, that he was taking home to the old father and mother in Ohio.

"What he had to say about the amount of easy gold to be found out there was the same as all the rest are telling, but he said, further, that not all the holes that were being dug out there were for the yellow stuff. In the one tract where had been prospecting, only thirteen miles long by ten miles wide, there had been 2000 graves dug within the past twelve months."—Sterling Standard.

Rockefeller's Income.

The wealth and incomes of millionaires are generally overestimated, but there may be exceptions. Here is the estimate of a statistician of the increase of Rockefeller's, not deducting his losses, we may presume. He has found that Rockefeller sleeps eight and one-half hours each night, retiring at 7:30 and rising at 7. Every morning when he gets up he is $17,705 richer than when he went to bed. He sits down to breakfast at 8 o'clock and leaves the table at 8:30. and in that short half hour his wealth has grown $1,041.50. On Sunday he goes to church, and in the two hours that he is away from home his riches have grown $4,166. His nightly amusement is playing the violin Every time he picks up the instrument he is $50,000 richer than he was when he laid it down the previous night.

Our Solar Eclipse.

The eclipse of the sun which parades into Dixon on the Grand Detour road Thursday morning at half past seven o'clock has not been properly advertised, we fear, and many people will not have partaken of breakfast in time to enjoy the affair. It is free, and the last chance of the present century. To be more exact, the affair will transpire in this city eleven minutes before eight and end two hours later. Have your smoked-glass ready, as there will be no postponement on account of weather and no money refunded on any account. We anticipate a large delegation of amatuer astronomers up from Sterling to witness the affair.

FATHER BYRNE DEAD.

Former Sterling Priest Takes an Oevr Dose of Morphine.

Father M. J. Byrne, dean of St. Patrick's diocease, of Danville, Ills., died Friday from the effects of an over dose of morphine. The drug was taken at 2:30 in the morning, but medical help was not summoned until 7 o'clock. It is believed that Rev. Byrne mistook the morphine for quinine. The gentleman was at one time in charge of St. Patrick's parish in Sterling.

GOING OUT OF BUSINESS.....

Great Closing Out Sale of Dry Goods, Shoes and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Our lease expires August 25th, and all goods must be sold quickly. We will make our store the most STUPENDOUS BARGAIN CENTER ever known to the citizens of Dixon and surrounding country.

Every dollars worth of our new, large and elegant stock, must and will be sold.

Buy your Fall and Winter Dress Goods, Underwear and Blankets now, and

SAVE FIFTY PER CENT.

No old shelf-worn goods but everything new and up-to-date. Remember we close our doors August 25th; sale commences Tuesday, July 27th.

THOMPSON BROS.,

Cor. First and Hennepin Ave.

All parties owing us will please call and settle by August 15th, as all accounts will be put in the hands of attorney for collection after that date.

Bargain ! Bargain !

For Ten Days Only....

Homestead of the late D. B. McKenney on Madison avenue. Will sell buildings and lots separately. The buildings to be removed within 30 days.

A. S. Hyde & Co.

Our Summer Shoe Sales Makes Prudent People Purchase....

We don't want a pair of summer footwear left in our store on August 1st We want to clean them out now.

We don't wait until the summer is past to offer you a good thing.

All our regular $1.25 Oxfords go at 98c: our $2.00 lines at $1.50, and our $3.00 grades at $2.25.

This last lot is the best that good stock and skilled workmen can make, and are the equal of any $3.00 Oxford in town.

Come today before the assortment is broken.

The "GOLDEN RULE" Shoe Store,

McCleary & Long's Old Stand. FORD BROS., Managers.

DIXON STEAM

DYE WORKS!

The Best of Work Guaranteed. Ladies' and Gents' Clothing Cleaned, Dyed and Repaired.

155 Hennepin Avenue, Near First Street.

When You Buy Soft Coal.....

Go to DANIEL CURRAN and ask for the Ohio River Fancy Lump, the best coal in the city for the money; we except none. Also the best quality of Cord Wood, Kindling, Lime, Cement, Stucco and Hair.

Hard Mortar ! The best and cheapest. To the advantage of all masons to give it a fair trial and be convinced of its merits.

Daniel Curran

408 Depot Ave. Telephone No. 164.

THE NEW TARIFF.

The Dingley Law Compared With the Wilson Act.

ALL THE SCHEDULES COMPLETE.

A Detailed and Exact Statement of the New Rates of Duty, Showing Wherein They Differ From the Old Tariff—Many Important Changes.

SCHEDULE A.—Chemicals, Oils and Paints

	Dingley law.	Wilson law.
Acids—		
Acetic, not exceeding specific gravity 1.047	¾c lb	20 p c
Exceeding that	2c	20 p c
Boracic	5c	3c
Chromic	5c	4c
Lactic	5c	20 p c
Citric	7c	25 p c
Salicylic	10c	20 p c
Sulphuric	⅛c	Free
Tannic	50c	60c
Gallic	10c	20 p c
Tartaric	7c	20 p c
All other acids	25 p c	—
All alcoholic perfumery and toilet preparations containing alcohol, and alcoholic compounds not provided for	60c & 45 p c	$2 gal &50 pc
Alkalis, alkaloids, distilled, essential, expressed and rendered oils and combinations of them, and chemical compounds not otherwise provided for	25 p c	20 p c
Alumina	6-10c	4-10c
Alum, alum cake, etc	½c	4-10c
Ammonia, carbonate of	1½c	20 p c
Muriate of	¾c	10 p c
Sulphate of	3-10c	20 p c
Argols containing not more than 40 p c bitartrate of potash	1c	Free
Containing more than 40 p c	1½c	Free
Partly refined, containing not more than 90 p c	4c	20 p c
Rochelle salts	4c	2c
Cream of tartar	5c	20 p c
Blacking	25 p c	20 p c
Bleaching powder	1-5c	—
Blue vitriol	½c	Free
Bone char, suitable for decolorizing sugars	20 p c	20 p c
Borax	5c	5c
Borales of lime containing more than 36 p c of anhydrous boracic acid	4c	1½c
Not more than 36 p c	3c	1½c
Camphor, refined	6c	10 p c
Chalk (not medicinal or toilet), precipitated or prepared in cubes, blocks or sticks, including tailors', billiard, red or French	1c	—
Other chalk	25 p c	—
Chloroform	20c	25c
Coal tar dyes not provided for	20 p c	25 p c
Other products of coal tar	20 p c	Free
Cobalt, oxide of	25 p c	25 p c
Collodion	50c	40c
Rolled in sheets	60c	50c
Manufactured	65c & 25 p c	45 p c
Coloring for brandy, etc	50 p c	50 p c
Copperas	¼c	Free
Drugs, such as barks, beans, buds, dried insects, gum, nuts, etc., advanced in value, not provided for	¼c & 10 p c	10 p c
Ethers—		
Sulphuric, per lb	40c	40c
Spirits of nitrous	25c	25c
Fruit ethers, oils or essences	$2	$2
Ethers not provided for	$1	$1
None shall pay less than 25 p c.		
Extracts and decoctions of logwood, etc., not provided for	⅞c	10 p c
Extracts of quebracho and hemlock bark	½c	10 p c
Extracts of sumac and of woods other than dye woods not provided for	⅝c	10 p c
Gelatin, glue, etc., valued not above 10c lb	2½c	25 p c
Valued above 10c and not above 35c lb	25 p c	25 p c
Valued above 35c lb	15c & 20 p c	25 p c
Glycerin, crude	1c	1c
Glycerin, refined	3c	3c
Indigo, extracts or paste	¾c	Free
Indigo, carmined	10c	Free
Ink and ink powders	25 p c	25 p c
Iodine, resublimed	20c	Free
Iodoform	$1	$1
Licorice	4½c	5c
Chicle	10c	Free
Magnesia, carbonate of, medicinal	3c	3c
Calcined, medicinal	7c	7c
Sulphate, epsom salts	1-5c	1-5c
Oils—Alizarin, etc., liquid or solid, where 50 per cent castor oil is used	30c gal	30 p c
Less than 50 per cent castor oil used	15c	30 p c
All other alizarin not provided for	30 p c	30 p c
Castor oil	35c	35c
Cod liver oil	15c	20 p c
Cottonseed oil	4c	Free
Croton oil	20c lb	Free
Flaxseed	20c gal	20c
Fusel oil	¼c lb	10 p c
Hempseed and rapeseed oil	10c gal	10c
Olive oil not provided for	40c	35c
Packed in bottles, jars, etc	50c	35c
Peppermint oil	50c	25 p c
Seal, herring and other fish oil	8c	25 p c
Opium, crude, containing 9 per cent of morphia	$1 lb	Free
Morphine and all salts of opium	$1 oz	5c
Aqueous extracts of opium not provided for	40 p c	20 p c
Opium containing less than 9 per cent of morphia, and opium prepaid for smoking	$6 lb	$6
Paints, Colors and Varnishes—		
Baryta, sulphate of, including barytes earth, unmanufactured	75c ton	$1.12
Manufactured	$5.75	$3
Blues, such as berlin, etc., containing ferrocyanide of iron, in pulp, dry or ground in oil	8c lb	6c
Blanc-fixe	½c	25 p c
Black, from bone, ivory or vegetable, dry or ground in oil or water	25 p c	20 p c
Chrome yellow, green, etc., dry or mixed with oil or water	4½c	3c
Ocher, sienna, umber, crude, not powdered or washed	⅛c	Free
Powdered or washed	⅜c	Free
Ground in oil or water	1½c	1¼c
Orange mineral	3⅜c	1⅜c
Red lead	2⅞c	1½c
Ultramarine blue and wash blue containing ultramarine	3¾c	3c
Varnishes, including gold size	35 p c	25 p c
Spirit varnishes	$1 32 gal & 35 p c	$1 32 & add for alcohol
Vermilion red and other colors containing quicksilver	10c lb	20 p c
Not containing quicksilver	5c	6c
White lead and other pigment containing lead	2⅛c	1½c
Whiting and paris white, dry	¼c	¼c
Ground in oil or putty	1c	½c
Zinc oxide of, or pigment, containing zinc, but not lead, dry	1c	1c
Ground in oil	1¾c	1c
Sulphide of, or white sulphide of zinc	1¼c	25 p c
Chloride and sulphate of	1c	25 p c
All paints and pigments, lakes, crayons, smalts, frostings or crude, dry or mixed, ground with water, oil or other solutions not provided for; artists' paints in tubes, pans or cakes	30 p c	⅜c
Venetian red	15 p c	12½ p c
Lead—		
Acetate of, white	3¼c lb	2⅜c lb
Brown, gray or yellow	2¼c	1¾c
Nitrate of	2½c	1½c
Litharge	2⅜c	1½c
Phosphorus	18c	15c
Potash—		
Bichromate and chromate of	3c	25 p c
Caustic of, refined, in sticks or rolls	1c	Free
Chlorate of	2½c	20 p c
Hydriodate, iodide and iodate of	25c	25 p c
Nitrate of, refined	½c	¼c
Prussiate of, red	8c	25 p c
Yellow	4c	25 p c
Cyanide of potassium	12½ p c	20 p c
Preparations—		
Medicinal preparations containing alcohol or in the preparation of which alcohol is used	55c lb	50c
In no case to pay less than 25 p c		
Medicinal preparations not containing alcohol, and alcohol not used in preparation	25 p c	25 p c
Calomel and other mercurial preparations	35 p c	25 p c
Plasters, healing or curative	25 p c	25 p c
If not ornamented or decorated	55 p c	30 p c
Articles wholly or in part of mineral substances, not decorated	35 p c	30 p c
If decorated	45 p c	40 p c
Rockingham earthenware, not decorated	40 p c	30 p c
Gas retorts	$3 each	20 p c
Lava tips	10c gross & 15 p c	30 p c
Carbons for electric lighting	90c per 100	20 p c
Glass and Glassware—		
Plain green or colored, molded or pressed flint, lime or lead glass bottles, vials, jars, demijohns, carboys, filled or unfilled; holding more than one pint	1c lb	¾c
Holding not more than one pint and not less than ¼ pint	1½c	¾c
Holding less than ¼ pint	50c gross	40c
None to pay less than	40 p c	—
Glass bottles, or other vessels of glass, in any way ornamented or decorated, and porcelain and opal glassware	60 p c	40 p c
Unpolished, cylinder, crown and common window glass, not exceeding 10 by 15 inches square	1⅜c lb	1c
Above that and not exceeding 16 by 24 inches square	1⅞c	—
Above that and not exceeding 24 by 30 inches square	2⅜c	1⅜c
Above that and not exceeding 24 by 36 inches square	2⅞c	2c
Not exceeding 30 by 40 inches square	3⅜c	2⅛c
Above that, not exceeding 40 by 60	3⅞c	2⅛c
Above that	4⅜c	2⅜c
Filter tubes	45 p c	20 p c
Porous carbon pots for electric batteries, without metallic connections	20 p c	20 p c
Cylinder and crown glass, polished, not exceeding 16 by 24 inches square	4c s f	2½c
Above that and not exceeding 24 by 30 inches	6c	4c
Above that and not exceeding 24 by 60 inches	15c	15c
Above that	20c	20c
Fluted, rolled or rough plate glass, or the same containing wire netting witin itself, not including crown, cylinder or common window glass, not exceeding 10 by 15 inches square	¾c	¾c
Above that and not exceeding 16 by 24 inches	1c	1⅛c
Above that and not exceeding 24 by 30 inches	1¼c	1⅛c
All above that	2¾c	1½c
All fluted, rolled, rough plate glass weighing over 100 pounds per 100 square feet shall pay an additional duty on the excess at the same herein imposed		
Cast polished plate glass, unsilvered, not exceeding 16 by 24 inches square	8c	5c
Above that and not exceeding 24 by 30 inches square	10c	8c
Above that and not exceeding 24 by 60 inches square	22½c	22½c
All above that	35c	35c
Cast polished plate glass, silvered, and looking glass plates, exceeding in size 144 square inches and not exceeding 16 by 24 inches square	11c sq ft	6c
Above that and not exceeding 24 by 30 inches square	13c	8c
Above that and not exceeding 24 by 60 inches square	25c	22½c
All above that	38c	35c
No looking glass framed to pay less duty than when unframed and shall pay additional duty applicable to frames		
Cast polished plate glass or common window glass, bent, obscured, beveled, etched or otherwise ornamented or decorated	10 p c additional	10 p c
Preparations for hair, mouth or skin, cosmetics, etc., in which alcohol is not used	50 p c	40 p c
Santonin and salts thereof containing 80 per cent of santonin	$1 lb	$1 lb
Soap—		
Castile	1¼c	20 p c
Fancy toilet and medicinal	15c	35 p c
All other soaps	20 p c	10 p c
Soda—		
Bicarbonate of and alkalis containing 50 p c of bicarbonate	¾c	1⅛c
Bichromate and chromate of soda	2c	25 p c
Crystal carbonate of soda	3-10c	25 p c
Chlorate of	2c	25 p c
Hydrate of soda	¾c	⅛c
Nitrate of	2⅛c	35 p c
Sal soda, not concentrated	2-10c	⅛c
Soda ash	⅜c	¼c
Arseniate of soda	1¼c	25 p c
Silicate of soda	½c	⅜c
Sulphate of soda	$1.25 ton	Free
Sea moss	10 p c	
Sponges	20 p c	10 p c
Manufactures of sponges	40 p c	10 p c
Strichnia and all salts thereof	30c oz	30c
Sulphur, refined, or flowers of	$8 ton	20 p c
Sumac, ground	3-10c lb	3-10c lb
Vanillin	80c oz	25 p c

SCHEDULE B.—Earths, Earthenware and Glassware.

	Dingley law.	Wilson law.
Brick and Tile—		
Firebrick weighing not more than 10 lbs each, not glazed or decorated	$1.25 ton	25 p c
Glazed or ornamented	45 p c	30 p c
Brick, other than firebrick, not glazed or ornamented	25 p c	25 p c
If glazed or ornamented	45 p c	30 p c
Tiles, plain, one color, exceeding 2 square inches in size	4c s f	25 p c
Glazed, ceramic, mosaic, ornamented, and all earthenware tiles for floors or walls, valued at not more than 40c square foot	8c s f	25 p c
Exceeding 40c square foot	10c s f & 25 p c	40 p c
Cement, Lime and Plaster—		
Roman, portland and other hydraulic, in barrels, sacks or packages	8c cwt	8c
In bulk	7c	7c
Other cement	20 p c	10 p c
Lime	5c cwt	5c
Plaster, rock or gypsum, crude	50c ton	$1.25
Ground or calcined	$2.25	$1.25
Pearl hardening	20 p c	$1.50
Pumice stone, wholly or partially manufactured	$6 ton	Free
Unmanufactured	15 p c	Free
Clays or Earths—		
Clays or earths unwrought or unmanufactured	$1 ton	$1
Wrought or manufactured	$2	$2
China clay or kaolin	$2.50	$2
Limestone rock, asphalt, containing not more than 15 p c bitumen	50c ton	Free
Asphaltum and bitumen, not provided for, crude, if not dried or advanced in manufacture	$1.50	Free
Dried or advanced in any manner	$3 ton	Free
Beauxite, crude	$1	Free
Fuller's earth, unwrought	$1.50	$2
Wrought	$3	$2
Earthenware and China—		
Common yellow and brown, plain, embossed or glazed, not decorated	25 p c	20 p c
China porcelain, crockeryware, ornaments and toys, decorated or ornamented, including clock cases, with or without movements	60 p c	60 p c
Plain white, without ornament	55 p c	35 p c
All other china, porcelain, crockeryware, etc., in any way decorated or ornamented	60 p c	40 p c
Spectacles, eyeglasses, goggles and their frames, or parts, valued at not over 40c per doz	20c doz & 15 p c	40 p c
Valued at over 40c per doz and not over $1.50 per doz	40c & 15 p c	40 p c
Valued at over $1.50 per doz	50 p c	40 p c
Lenses of glass or pebble, ground and polished to a spherical, cylindrical or prismatic form, and ground and polished piano or coquill glasses, wholly or partly manufactured, with the edges unground	45 p c	35 p c
If with edges ground or beveled	10 c & 45 p c	35 p c
Strips of glass not more than 3 inches wide, ground or polished on one side or both sides, to a cylindrical or prismatic form, and glass slides for magic lanterns	45 p c	25 p c
Opera and field glasses, telescopes, microscopes, photographic and projecting lenses, other optical instruments and frames or mountings for the same, not specially provided for	45 p c	40 p c
Stained or painted glass windows, mirrors, not exceeding in size 144 square inches, with or without frames or cases, and all glass (except broken glass) or manufactures of which glass or paste is the component material of chief value, not specially provided for	45 p c	35 p c
Fusible enamel	25 p c	25 p c
Marble and Stone and Manufactures Of—		
Marble in block, rough or squared only	65c c f	50c
Onyx in block, rough or squared	$1.50 c f	50c
Marble or onyx sawed or dressed, over 2 inches in thickness	$1.10 c f	85c
Slabs or paving tiles of marble or onyx, containing not less than 4 superficial inches, if not more than 1 inch in thickness	12c sq f	85c c f
If more than 1 inch and not more than 1½ inches in thickness	15c	85c c f
If more than 1½ inches and not more than 2 inches in thickness	18c	85c c f
If rubbed, in whole or part	3c additional	—
Mosaic cubes of marble, onyx or stone not exceeding 2 cubic inches in size, if loose	1c lb & 20 p c	85c c f
If attached to paper or other material	20c sq f & 35 p c	85c c f
Manufactures of agate, alabaster, coral, marble, rock crystal, etc., not provided for, including clock cases, with or without movements	50 p c	45 p c
Stone—		
Bur stones, manufactured or bound up into millstones	15 p c	45 p c
Freestone, granite, sandstone, limestone and other building or monumental stone, except marble and onyx, unmanfactured or undressed, not specially provided for	12c c f	7c
Freestone, granite, sandstone, limestone and other building or monumental stone, except marble and onyx, not specially provided for, hewn, dressed or polished	50 p c	30 p c
Grindstones, finished or unfinished	$1.75 ton	10 p c
Slates, slate chimneypieces, mantels, slabs for tables, roofing slates and all other manfacturers of slate not specially provided for	20 p c	20 p c

SCHEDULE C.—Metals and Manufactures Of.

	Dingley law.	Wilson law.
Iron ore, including manganiferous iron ore; also dross from burned pyrites	40c ton	40c ton
Basic slag, ground or unground	$1 ton	40c
Iron in pigs, iron Kentledge, Spiegeleisen, ferro manganese, ferro silicon, wrought and cast scrap iron and scrap steel	$4	$4
Bar iron, square iron, rolled or hammered, comprising flats, not less than 1 inch wide nor less than ⅜ in thickness, round iron, not less than 7-16 in diameter	6-10c lb	6-10c
Round iron, in coils or rods, less than 7-16 of an inch in diameter, and bars or shapes of rolled or hammered iron, not specially provided for	8-10c	8-10c
Provided that all iron in slabs, blooms, loops or other forms less finished than iron in bars and more advanced than pig iron, except castings, shall be subject to a duty of	5-10c	5-10c
Provided, further, that all iron bars, blooms, billets or sizes or shapes of any kind in the manufacture of which charcoal is used as a fuel shall be subject to a duty of	$12 ton	$12
Beams, girders, joists, angles, channels, car truck channels, tees, columns and posts or parts or sections of columns and posts, deck and bulb beams and building forms, together with all other structural shapes of iron or steel, whether plain or punched or fitted for use	5-10c lb	6-10c
Boiler or other plate iron or steel, except crucible plate steel and saw plates, hereinafter provided for, not thinner than No. 10 wire gauge, sheared or unsheared, and skelp iron or steel, sheared or rolled in grooves, valued at 1c per lb or less	5-10c	5-10c
Valued above 1c and not above 2c lb	6-10c	6-10c
Valued above 2c and not above 4c lb	1c	30 p c
Valued at over 4c	25 p c	25 p c
Iron or steel anchors or parts thereof	1½c lb	1½c
Forgings of iron and steel, of whatever shape or stage of manufacture	35 p c	35 p c
Ball bearings of iron or steel	45 p c	—
Hoop, band or scroll iron or steel, valued at 3c per pound or less, 8 inches or less in width, and less than ⅜ of 1 inch thick, and not thinner than No. 10 wire gauge	5-10c	30 p c
Thinner than No. 10 wire gauge and not thinner than No. 20 wire gauge	6-10c	30 p c
Thinner than No. 20 wire gauge	8-10c	30 p c
Provided that barrel hoops of iron or steel and hoop or band iron, splayed or punched, shall pay more duty than that imposed on the hoop or band from which they are made	1-10c	—
Steel bands or strips, untempered, suitable for band saws	3c lb & 20 p c	—
If tempered	6c & 2 p c	—
Hoop iron or steel, wholly or partly manufactured into hoops, painted or not, with or without fastenings for baling	5-10c lb	—
Railway bars made of iron or steel, and railway bars made in part of steel, T rails and punched iron or steel flat rails	7-10c	30 p c
Railway fish plates or splice bars, made of iron or steel	4-10c	7-20c
Sheets of iron or steel, common or black, of whatever dimensions, and skelp iron or steel, valued at 3c per lb or less, thinner than No. 10 and not thinner than No. 20 wire gauge	7-10c	7 10c
Thinner than No. 20 wire gauge and not thinner than No. 25 wire gauge	8-10c	8-10c
Thinner than No. 25 wire gauge and not thinner than No. 32 wire gauge	1 1-10c	1 1-10c
Thinner than No. 32 wire gauge	1 2-10c	1 1-10c
Corrugated or crimped	1 2-10c	1 1-10c
Steel sheets or plates and hoop or scroll iron or steel, not tin plates and taggers tin, galvanized or coated with metal, more than galvanized	2-10c	—
All iron or steel sheets or plates and all hoop, band or scroll iron or steel, excepting what are known commonly as tin plates, tern plates and taggers tin, when galvanized or coated with zinc, spelter or lead or any alloy of these metals, shall pay more duty than if the same was not so galvanized or coated	2-10c	¼c
Sheets of iron or sheet steel, polished, planished or glanced, by whatever name designated	2c	1⅜c
Provided that plates or sheets of iron or steel, by whatever name designated, other than the polished, planished or glanced herein provided for, which have been pickled or cleaned by acid or by any other materal or process, or which are cold rolled, smoothed only, not polished, shall pay more duty than the corresponding gauges of common or black sheet iron or steel	2-10c	⅜c
Sheets or plates or iron or steel or taggers iron or steel, coated with tin or lead, or with a mixture of which these metals, or either of them, is a component part, by the dipping or any other process, and commercially known as tin plates, tern plates and taggers tin	1½c	1 1-5c
Steel ingots, cogged ingots, blooms and slabs, by whatever process made; die blocks or blanks; billets and bars and tapers or beveled bars, mill shafting; pressed, sheared or stamped shapes; saw plates wholly or partially manufactured; hammer molds or swaged steel; gun barrel molds not in bars; alloys used as substitutes for steel in the manufacture of tools; all descriptions and shapes of dry sand, loam or iron molded steel castings; sheets and plates, and steel in all forms and shapes not specially provided for; all of the above valued at 1 cent per pound or less	3-10c	3-10c
Valued above 1c and not above 1 4-10c lb	4-10c	4-10c
Valued above 1 4-10c and not above 1 8-10c lb	6-10c	6-10c
Valued above 1 8-10c and not above 2 2-10c lb	7-10c	7-10c
Valued above 2 2-10c and not above 3c lb	9-10c	9-10c
Valued above 3c lb and not above 4c	1 2-10c	1 2-10c
Valued above 4c and not above 7c	1 3-10c	1 3-10c
Valued above 7c and not above 10c lb	2c	1 9-10c
Valued above 10c and not above 13c lb	2 4-10c	2 4-10c
Valued above 13c and not above 16c lb	2 8-10c	2 8-10c
Valued above 16c per lb	4 7-10c	4 7-10c
Wire—		
Wire, rods, rivet, screw, fence and other iron or steel wire rods, whether round, oval, flat or square or in any other shape, and nail rods, in coils or otherwise, valued at 4c or less per lb	4-10c	4-10c
Valued at over 4c	¾c	¾c
If tempered, treated or partially manufactured, an additional duty of	½c	—
Round iron or steel wire, not smaller than No. 13 wire gauge	1¼c	1¼c
Smaller than No. 13 and not smaller than No. 16	1½c	1½c
Smaller than No. 16	2c	2c
Valued at more than 4 cents lb	40 p c	—
Iron or steel or other wire not provided for, including such as is known as hat, bonnet, crinoline, corset, needle, piano, clock and watch wire, flat or otherwise, and corset clasps, steels and dress steels, and sheet steel in strips .0025 of an inch thick or thinner, whether uncovered or covered with cotton, silk, metal or other material, valued at more than 4c per lb	40 p c	40 p c
Provided that articles manufactured from iron, steel, brass or copper wire shall pay the rate of duty which would be imposed on the wire used, and in addition	1¼c lb	—
And on iron or steel wire coated with zinc, tin or other metal, in addition to duty on the wire	2-10c	—
All metal produced from iron or its ores which is cast and malleable shall be classed as steel		
No article wholly or partly of tin plate shall pay less duty than tin plate		
All iron or steel, cold rolled, drawn or hammered or polishished, in addition	¼c	—
On strips, plates or sheets of iron or steel other than polished or planished, treated in like manner, in addition	4c	—
On steel circular saw plates, in addition to rates for steel saw plates	½c	—
Manufactures of Iron and Steel—		
Anvils of iron or steel or of iron and steel combined, by whatever process made or in whatever stage of manufacture	1⅞c lb	1⅜c
Axles or parts thereof, axle bars, axle blanks or forgings for axles, whether of iron or steel, without reference to the stage or state of manufacture, valued at not more than 6c lb	1c lb	1½c
Blacksmiths' hammers and sledges, track tools, wedges and crowbars, whether of iron or steel	1½c	1½c
Bolts, with or without threads or nuts, or bolt blanks and finished hinges or hinge blanks, whether of iron or steel	1½c	1½c
Card clothing manufactured from tempered steel wire	45c s f	40c
All other	20c s f	40c
Cast iron pipe of every description	4-10c lb	6-10c
Cast iron vessels, plates, stove plates, andirons, sadirons, tailors' irons, hatters' irons and castings of iron not specially provided for	8-10c	8-10c
Castings of malleable iron not specially provided for	9-10c	9-10c
Cast hollow ware, coated, glazed or tinned	2c	2c
Chain or chains of all kinds, made of iron or steel, not less than ¾ of an inch in diameter	1⅛c	30 p c
Less than ¾ of an inch and not less than ⅜ inch in diameter	1⅜c	30 p c
Less than ⅜ inch and not less than 5-16	1⅞c	30 p c
Less than 5-16	3c	30 p c
Provided no chain or chains of any description shall pay a lower rate of duty than	45 p c	30 p c
Lap welded, butt welded, seamed or jointed, iron or steel boiler tubes, pipes, flues or stays not thinner than No. 16 wire gauge	2c	25 p c
Welded cylindrical furnaces, made from plate or metal	2½c	25 p c
All other iron or steel tubes, finished or unfinished, not provided for	35 p c	—
Cutlery—		
Penknives, pocketknives, claspknives, pruning knives and budding knives of all kinds, erasers or parts thereof, wholly or partly manufactured, valued at not more than 40c per doz	40 p c	25 p c
Valued at more than 40c and not exceeding 50c per doz	1c each & 40 p c	25 p c
Valued at more than 50c and not exceeding $1.25 per doz	5c & 40 p c	25 p c
Valued at more than $1.25 and not exceeding $3 per doz	10c & 40 p c	7½c doz
Valued at more than $3 per doz.	20c & 40 p c	$1.50 doz
Razors and razor blades, finished or unfinished, valued at less than $1.50 doz	50c doz & 15 p c	40 p c
At $1.50 and less than $3 per doz	$1 & 15 p c	40 p c
Valued at $3 per doz or more	$1.75 doz & 20 p c	40 p c
Scissors and shears and blades of the same, finished or unfinished, valued at not more than 50c doz	15c & 15 p c	40 p c
Valued at more than 50c and not more than $1.75 per doz	50c & 15 p c	45 p c
Valued at more than $1.75 per doz	75c & 35 p c	35 p c
Swords, sword blades and side arms	35 p c	35 p c
Table, butchers', carving, cooks', hunting, kitchen, bread, butter, vegetable, fruit, cheese, plumbers', painters', palette, artists' and shoe knives, forks and steels, finished or unfinished, with handles of mother of pearl, shell or ivory	16c each & 15 p c	35 p c
With handles of deer horn	12c & 15 p c	—
With handles of hard rubber, solid horn, celluloid or any pyroxyline material	15 p c	—
With handles of other material	1½c & 15 p c	—
Files, file blanks, rasps and floats of all cuts and kinds, 2½ inches in length and under	30c doz	35c
Over 2½ and under 4½ inches in length	50c doz	60c
Over 4½ and under 7 inches	75c	60c
Seven inches in length and over	$1	$1
Firearms—		
Muskets, muzzle loading shotguns, rifles and parts thereof	25 p c	25 p c
Double barreled, sporting breechloading shotguns, combination shotguns and rifles valued at not more than $5	$1.50 & 15 p c	30 p c
Valued at more than $5 and not more than $10	$4 & 15 p c	30 p c
Valued at more than $10	$6	30 p c
Double barrels for sporting breechloading shotguns and rifles, further advanced in manufacture than rough bored only	$3 each 35 p c	30 p c
Stocks for double barreled sporting breechloading guns and rifles, wholly or partially manufactured	$3	30 p c
On all other parts of such guns or rifles, and fittings for such stocks or barrels, finished or unfinished	50 p c	30 p c
Provided that all double barreled sporting breechloading shotguns and rifles imported without a lock or locks or other fittings shall be subject to a duty of	$6 & 35 p c	30 p c
Single barrel breechloading shotguns or parts thereof, excepting as otherwise specially provided for	$1 & 35 p c	30 p c
Revolving pistols or parts thereof	75c & 25 p c	30 p c
Sheets and plates, ware or articles of iron, steel or other metal, enameled or glazed with vitreous glasses	40 p c	35 p c
Nails, Spikes, Tacks and Needles—		
Cut nails and cut spikes of iron or steel	6-10c lb	2⅛ p c
Horseshoe nails, hob nails and all other wrought iron or steel nails not specially provided for	2¼c	30 p c
Wire nails made of wrought iron or steel not less than 1 inch in length and not lighter than No. 16 wire gauge	½c	25 p c
Shorter than 1 inch and lighter than No. 16 wire gauge	1c	25 p c
Spikes, nuts and washers, and horse, mule or ox shoes, of wrought iron or steel	1c	25 p c
Cut tacks, brads or sprigs, not exceeding 16 ounces to the 1,000	1¼c	25 p c
Exceeding 16 ounces to the 1,000	1½c	25 p c
Needles for knitting or sewing machines, including latch needles	$1 M & 25 p c	25 p c
Crochet needles and tape needles, knitting and all other needles not specially provided for, and bodkins of metal	25 p c	25 p c
Steel engraved, stereotype plates, electrotype plates and plates of other materials, engraved or lithographed for printing	25 p c	35 p c
Rivets of iron or steel	2c lb	25 p c
Saws—		
Crosscut saws, per linear foot	6c	6c
Mill saws, per linear foot	10c	10c
Pit and drag saws, per linear foot	8c	8c
Circular saws	25 p c	25 p c
Steel band saws, finished or unfinished	10c lb & 20 p c	—
Hand, buck and all other saws not specially provided for	30 p c	25 p c
Screws, commonly called wood screws, made of iron or steel, more than 2 inches in length	4c lb	3c
Over 1 inch and not more than 2 inches in length	6c	5c
Over ½ inch and not more than 1 inch	8½c	7c
One-half inch and less in length	12c	10c
Umbrella and parasol ribs and stretchers, composed in chief value of iron, steel or other metal	50 p c	50 p c
Wheels, or parts thereof, made of iron or steel, and steel tired wheels for railroad purposes, whether wholly or partly finished, and iron or steel locomotive, car or other railway tires or parts thereof, wholly or partly manufactured	1½c lb	1¼c
Ingots—		
Cogged ingots, blooms, or blanks for the same, without regard to the degree of manufacture	1¼c lb	1¼c
Provided that when wheels or parts thereof of iron or steel are imported, with iron or steel axles fitted in them, the wheels and axles together shall be dutiable at the same rate as is provided for the wheels when imported separately		
Miscellaneous Metals and Manufactures Of—		
Aluminium and alloys of any kind in which aluminium is the component material of chief value in crude form	8c lb	10c
Plates, sheets, bars and rods	13c	10c
Antimony as regulus or metal	¾c	Free
Argentine, albata or German silver, unmanufactured	25 p c	15 p c
Bronze powder	12c lb	40 p c
Bronze or Dutch metal of aluminium in leaf	6c 100 leaves	40 p c
Copper in rolled plates, sheets, rods, pipes and copper bottoms	2½c lb	20 p c
Sheathing or yellow metal, of which copper is the component material of chief value, and not composed wholly or in part of iron ungalvanized	2c	20 p c
Gold and Silver—		
Gold leaf, 500 leaves	$1.75	30 p c
Silver leaf, 500 leaves	75c	30 p c
Tinsel wire, lame or lahn, made wholly or in chief value of gold, silver or other metal	5c lb	25 p c
Bullion and metal thread, with chief value in tinsel wire, lame or lahn	5c & 35 p c	Free
Laces, embroideries, braids, trimmings or other articles with chief value in tinsel wire, lame or lahn, bullions or metal threads	60 p c	Free
Hooks and eyes, metallic, whether loose carded or otherwise	5½c lb & 15 p c	35 p c
Lead—		
Lead bearing ore of all kinds, on the lead contained therein	1½c lb	¾c
Lead dross, lead bullion or base bullion, lead in pigs and bars, and old refuse; lead run into blocks and bars, and old scrap lead fit only to be remanufactured	2⅛c	1c
Lead in the sheets, pipe, shot, glaziers' lead and lead wire	2½c	1¼c
Metallic mineral substances in crude state and metals unwrought not specially provided for	20 p c	—
Nonazite sand and thorite	6c lb	—
Mica, unmanufactured	6c lb & 20 p c	20 p c
Cut or trimmed	12c & 20 p c	20 p c
Nickel ore, on the nickel	3c lb	6c
Nickel matte, on the nickel	4c	6c
Nickel oxide, alloy, in which nickel is of chief value, in pigs, ingots, bars or sheets	6c	6c
Pens, metallic, except gold pens	12c grs	8c
Penholder tips, penholders and parts and gold pens	25 p c	25 p c
Pins with solid heads without ornamentation, including hair, safety, hat and shawl pins, wholly of brass, copper, iron, steel or other base metal not plated and not commonly known as jewelry	35 p c	25 p c
Quicksilver	7c lb	7c
Type metal, for lead contained therein	1½c	¾c
New types	25 p c	15 p c
Watch movements having not more than 7 jewels	35c each & 25 p c	
If having more than 7 jewels and not more than 11 jewels	50c & 25 p c	—
If having more than 11 jewels and not more than 15 jewels	75c & 25 p c	—
If having more than 15 jewels and not more than 17 jewels	$1.25 & 25 p c	—
If having more than 17 jewels	$3 & 25 p c	—
Watch cases and parts of watches, including watch dials, chronometers, box or ship, and parts thereof, clocks and parts thereof, not otherwise provided for, whether separately packed or otherwise, not wholly or in chief value of china, porcelain or earthenware	40 p c	25 p c
All jewels for watches or clocks	15 p c	25 p c
Zinc in blocks or pigs	1½c lb	1c
In sheet	2c	1¼c
Old and wornout, fit only to be remanufactured	1c	¾c
Articles or wares not specially provided for composed wholly or in part of iron, steel, lead, copper, nickel, pewter, zinc, gold, silver, platinum, aluminium or other metal, whether partly or wholly manufactured	45 p c	35 p c

SCHEDULE D.—Wood and Manufactures Of.

	Dingley law.	Wilson law.
Timber, hewn, sided or squared (not less than 8 inches square) and round timber used for spars or in building wharfs	1c c f	Free
Sawed boards, planks, deals and other lumber, of whitewood, sycamore and basswood	$1 M	Free
Sawed lumber, not provided for	$2	Free
When lumber of any sort is planed or finished, in addition to the rates herein provided there shall be paid for each side so planed or finished, per thousand feet, board measure	50c	Free
If planed on one side and tongued and grooved, per thousand feet	$1	Free
If planed on two sides and tongued and grooved, per thousand feet	$1.50	Free
Paving posts, railroad ties, telephone, trolley, electric light and telegraph poles of cedar	20 p c	Free
Above articles of other woods	20 p c	Free
Kindling wood in bundles not exceeding one-quarter of a cubic foot each, per bundle	3-10c	Free
Larger bundles, for each additional quarter of a cubic foot or fraction thereof	3-10c	Free
Sawed boards, planks, deals, etc., not further manufactured than sawed	15 p c	Free
Veneers of wood, unmanufactured, not specially provided for	20 p c	Free
Spruce clapboards, per thousand	$1.50	Free
Pine clapboards, per thousand	$1.50	Free
Hubs for wheels, posts, last blocks, wagon blocks, heading bolts, stave bolts, oar blocks, heading blocks and all like blocks or sticks, rough hewn, sawed or bored	20 p c	Free
Fenceposts	10 p c	Free
Lath, per thousand	25 c	Free
Pickets and palings and staves of wood of all kinds	10 p c	Free
White pine shingles, per thousand	30 c	Free
All other shingles, per thousand	30 c	Free
Casks and barrels and hogsheads (empty), sugar box shooks, packing boxes and packing box shooks of wood, not specially provided for	30 p c	20 p c
Boxes, barrels or other articles containing oranges, lemons, fruit, etc	30 p c	—
Chair cane or reeds, wrought or manufactured from rattans or reeds	10 p c	10 p c
Osier or willow, prepared for basket makers' use	20 p c	20 p c
Manufactures of osier or willow	40 p c	25 p c
Toothpicks or vegetable substances, per thousand	2c & 15 p c	35 p c
Butchers' and packers' skewers	40c M	—
House or cabinet furniture, manufactured or partially manufactured, and manufactures of wood or of which wood is the material of chief value, not specially provided for	35 p c	25 p c

SCHEDULE E.—Sugar, Molasses and Manufactures Of.

	Dingley law.	Wilson law.
Sugars, not above No. 16 Dutch standard in color, tank bottoms, sirups of cane juice, maleda, concrete and concentrated molasses, testing by the polariscope not above 75 degrees	95-100c lb	40 p c
For additional degree and fraction of degree in proportion	35-1,000c	—
Sugar above No. 16 Dutch standard in color and on all sugar which has gone through a process of refining	1 95-100c	⅛c & 40 p c
Molasses testing above 40 degrees and not above 56 degrees	3c gal	—
Testing 56 degrees and above	6c gal	—
Sugar drainings and sweepings shall pay duty according to polariscopic test		
Maple sugar and maple sirup	4c lb	40 p c
Glucose and grape sugar	1½c lb	15 p c
Sugar cane, natural state	20 p c	10 p c

Saccharine	$1.50 & 10 p c	25 p c
Sugar candy and all confectionery valued at 15 cents per lb, or less, and on sugar after being refined when tinctured, colored or adulterated	4c & 15 p c	35 p c
Valued at more than 15 cents lb.	50 p c	35 p c

SCHEDULE F.—Tobacco and Manufactures Of.

Wrapper tobacco and filler tobacco, when mixed or packed with more than 15 per cent of wrapper tobacco, and all leaf tobacco the product of two or more countries, when mixed or packed together, if unstemmed	$1.85 lb	35c
If stemmed	$2.50	50c
Filler tobacco not provided for, if unstemmed	35c	35c
If stemmed	50c	50c
All other tobacco, manufactured or unmanufactured, not provided for	55c	40c
Snuff and snuff flour, manufactured of tobacco, of all descriptions	55c	50c
Cigars, cigarettes and cheroots, including paper cigars and cigarettes	$4.50 lb & 25 p c	$4 & 25 p c

SCHEDULE G.—Agricultural Products and Provisions.

Animals, Live—		
Cattle, if less than 1 year old	$2 head	20 p c
All other cattle, if valued at not more than $14 a head	$3.75	—
Valued at more than $14	27½ p c	—
Swine	$1.50	20 p c
Horses and mules valued at $150 or less per head	$30 head	20 p c
Valued at over $150	25 p c	20 p c
Sheep 1 year old or over	$1.50	20 p c
Less than 1 year old	75c	20 p c
Other live animals not provided for	20 p c	20 p c
Breadstuffs and Farinaceous Substances—		
Barley	30c bu	40 p c
Barley malt	45c	40 p c
Barley, pearled, patent or hulled	2c lb	40 p c
Buckwheat	15c bu	15 p c
Corn	15c	15 p c
Cornmeal	20c	15 p c
Macaroni, vermicelli and similar preparations	1½c lb	20 p c
Oats	15c bu	15 p c
Oatmeal and rolled oats	1c lb	15 p c
Oat hulls, per 100 lb	10c	20 p c
Rice, cleaned	2c lb	1¼c
Uncleaned, or free from outer hull, with inner cuticle on	1¼c	8-10c
Rice flour, meal and rice broken which will pass through a sieve known as No. 12 wire sieve	¼c	¼c
Paddy, or rice with outer hull on	¾c	¾c
Rye	10c bu	15 p c
Rye flour	½c lb	15 p c
Wheat	25c bu	15 p c
Wheat flour	25 p c	25 p c
Dairy Products—		
Butter and substitutes therefor	6c lb	4c
Cheese and substitutes therefor	6c	4c
Milk, fresh	2c gal	Free
Milk, preserved or condensed or sterilized	2c lb	2c
Sugar of milk	5c	5c
Farm and Field Products—		
Beans	45c bu	20 p c
Beans, peas and mushrooms, preserved in tins, jars or similar packages	2½c lb	—
All vegetables, prepared or preserved, including pickles and sauces of all kinds not provided for and fish paste or sauce	40 p c	30 p c
Cabbages	3c each	Free
Cider	5c gal	Free
Eggs, not provided for	5c doz	3c
Eggs, yolks of	25 p c	Free
Albumen, egg or blood	3c lb	Free
Dried blood, soluble	1½c	Free
Hay	$4 ton	$2
Honey	20c gal	10c
Hops	12c lb	8c
Hop extract	50 p c	—
Onions	40c bu	20c
Garlic	1c lb	7 p c
Peas, green, in bulk, barrels, sacks or similar packages	40c bu	Free
Peas, dried	30c bu	20c
Peas, split	40c bu	50c
Peas, in cartons, papers, etc	1c lb	1c
Orchids, palms, dracænas, crotons and azaleas	25 p c	Free
Tulips, hyacinths, narcissuses, jonquils, lilies and all other bulbs and bulbous roots cultivated for their flowers	25 p c	Free
Natural flowers of all kinds suitable for decorative purposes	25 p c	Free
Stocks, cuttings or seedlings of Myrabolan plum, Mahaleb cherry, 3 years old or less, per 1,000	50c & 15 p c	Free
Stocks of pear, apple, quince and St. Julien plum, 3 years old or less, and evergreen seedlings, per 1,000	$1 & 15 p c	Free
Rose plants, budded, grafted or grown on their own roots	2½c each	Free
Stocks, cuttings and seedlings of all fruit and ornamental trees, deciduous and evergreen shrubs and vines, and all trees, shrubs, plants and vines known as nursery stock, not provided for	25 p c	Free
Potatoes	25c bu	15c
Castor beans or seeds	25c	25c
Flaxseed or linseed and other oil seeds not specially provided for	25c	25c
Seeds of all kinds not specially provided for	30 p c	10 p c
Straw	$1.50 ton	15 p c
Teazles	30 p c	15 p c
Vegetables in natural state not specially provided for	30 p c	10 p c
Fish—		
Anchovies, sardines, sprats, brislings or sardels, packed in oil or otherwise, in bottles, jars, tin boxes or cans containing 7½ cubic inches or less, per bottle, jar or can	1½c	—
Containing more than 7½ and not more than 21 cubic inches	2½c	—
Containing more than 21 and not more than 33 cubic inches	5c	—
Containing more than 33 and not more than 70 cubic inches	10c	—
If in other packages	40 p c	40 p c
All other fish in tin packages except shellfish	30 p c	20 p c
Fish in packages containing less than ½ barrel not provided for	30 p c	20 p c
Fresh water fish not specially provided for	¼c lb	Free
Herrings, pickled or salted	½c lb	½c
Herrings, fresh	¼c	½c
Fish, fresh, smoked, dried, salted, pickled, frozen, packed in ice or otherwise for preservation, not provided for	¾c lb	—
Fish, skinned or boned	1¼c	¾c
Mackerel, halibut or salmon, fresh, pickled or salted	1c	¾c
Fruits and Nuts—		
Apples, peaches, quinces, cherries, plums and pears, green or ripe	25c bu	20 p c
Apples, peaches, pears and other edible fruits, including berries when dried or prepared in any manner not provided for	2c lb	20 p c
Berries, edible in their natural condition	1c qt	—
Cranberries	25 p c	Free
Comfits, sweetmeats and fruits preserved in sugar, molasses, spirits, or in their own juices, not provided for	1c lb & 35 p c	30 p c
If containing over 10 p c alcohol, not provided for	35 p c	26 p c
On alcohol containing over 18 p c	$2.50 gal	Spirit duty
Jellies of all kinds	35 p c	30 p c
Pineapples in their own juice	25 p c	20 p c
Figs, plums, prunes and prunelles	2c lb	1½c
Raisins and other dried grapes	2½c	1½c
Dates	½c	30 p c
Currants	2c	1½c
Olives, in bottles, jars, etc	25c. gal	20 p c
In casks, or other than in bottles, etc	15c	20 p c
Grapes, in barrels or other packages	20c c f	20 p c
Oranges, lemons, limes, grape fruit, shaddocks or pomelos	1c lb	8c c f
Orange peel or lemon peel, preserved, candied or dried, and cocoanut meat, desiccated, shredded or cut	2c lb	30 p c
Citron or citron peel, preserved, candied or dried	4c	20 p c
Pineapples, in barrels or other packages	7c c f	20 p c
In bulk, per 1,000	$7	20 p c
Almonds, not shelled	4c lb	3c
Clear almonds, shelled	6c	5c
Filberts and walnuts of all kinds, not shelled	3c	2c
Shelled	5c	4c
Peanuts, unshelled	½c	20 p c
Shelled	1c	20 p c
Nuts of all kinds, shelled or unshelled, not provided for	1c	20 p c
Meat Products—		
Bacon and hams	5c lb	20 p c
Fresh beef, veal, mutton and pork	2c	20 p c
Meats of all kinds, prepared or preserved, not provided for	25 p c	20 p c
Extract of meat, not provided for	35c	20 p c
Fluid extract of meat	15c	20 p c
Lard	2c	20 p c
Poultry, live	3c	2c
Dressed	5c	3c
Tallow	¾c	Free
Wool grease	½c	Free
Miscellaneous Products—		
Chicory root, unground	1c lb	Free
Burned, ground or unground, in rolls or otherwise, not provided for	2½c	2c
Chocolate and cocoa prepared, not provided for, valued at not over 15c lb	2½c	2c
Valued over 15c, not above 24c lb	2½c & 10 p c	25c
Valued above 24c and not above 35c lb	5c & 10 p c	2c
Valued above 35c lb	50 p c	35 p c
Powdered cocoa, unsweetened	5c lb	2c
Cocoa butter and cocoanut oil	3½c	3½c
Dandelion root and acorns prepared and articles used as coffee not provided for	2½c	1½c
Salt in bags, sacks, barrels or other packages per 100 lb	12c	Free
In bulk	8c	Free

The provisions of the McKinley law remitting the duty paid on salt used in curing fish on vessels or on the shores of navigable waters of the United States and in packing meats is re-enacted

Starch and all preparations used as starch	1½c lb	1½c
Dextrin, burnt starch, gum substitute or British gum	2c	1½c
Spices—		
Mustard, prepared in bottles or otherwise	10c	25 p c
Capsicum, or red pepper	2½c	2½c
Sage	1c	1c
Spices not provided for	3c	3c
Vinegar	7½c proof gal	7½c gal

SCHEDULE H.—Spirits, Wines and Other Beverages.

Spirits—		
Brandy and other spirits manufactured or distilled from grain or other materials, and not specially provided for, per proof gallon	$2 25 gal	$1 80
Cordials, liqueurs, arrack, absinth, kirschwasser, ratafia and other spirituous beverages or bitters of all kinds containing spirits, and not specially provided for	$2 25 gal	$1 80
Imitations of brandy or spirits or wines, imported by any names whatever, shall be subject to the highest rate of duty provided for the genuine articles respectively intended to be represented, and in no case less than	$1 50 gal	$1
Bay rum or bay water, whether distilled or compounded, of first proof, and in proportion for any greater strength than first proof	$1 50 gal	$1
Wines—		
Champagne and all other sparkling wines, in bottles, containing each not more than one quart and more than one pint, per doz	$8	$8
Containing not more than one pint each and more than one-half pint, per doz	$4	$4
Containing one-half pint each or less, per doz	$2	$2
In bottles or other vessels containing more than one pint each in addition to $8 per doz. bottles, on the quantity in excess of one quart, per gal	$2 50	$2 50
Still wines, including ginger wine and vermouth, in casks or packages other than bottles or jugs, containing 14 p c or less of absolute alcohol	40c gal	30 to 50c
Containing more than 14 p c alcohol	50c	50 to 50c
In bottles or jugs, per case of 1 doz., containing each not more than one quart and less than one pint, or 24 bottles or jugs, containing each not more than one pint, per case	$1 60	$1 60
Excess of these quantities is subject to a duty per pint or fractional part thereof of	5c	5c
Ale, porter and beer, in bottles or jugs, per gallon	40c	30c
But no separate or additional duty shall be assessed on the bottles or jugs		
Otherwise than in bottles or jugs, per gallon	20c	15c
Malt extract, fluid, in casks, per gallon	20c	15c
In bottles or jugs	40c	30c
Solid or condensed	40 p c	30 p c
Cherry juice and prune juice, or prune wines and other fruit juice not specially provided for, containing no alcohol, or not more than 18 p c of alcohol, per gallon	60c	50c
If containing more than 18 p c of alcohol	60c gal & $2 07 gal on spirits	$1 80 gal
Ginger ale, ginger beer, lemonade, soda water and other similar waters, in plain, green or colored, molded or pressed glass bottles, containing each not more than ¾ of a pint, per doz	18c	20 p c
Containing more than ¾ of a pint each and not more than 1½ pints, per doz	28c	20 p c
If imported otherwise than in plain green or colored, molded or pressed glass bottles, or in such bottles containing more than 1½ pints each, duty shall be collected on the bottles or other colorings at the rate charged thereon if imported empty	50c gal	—
All mineral waters and all imitations of natural mineral waters and all artificial mineral waters not specially provided for, in green or colored glass bottles, containing not more than one pint, per dozen	20c	20 p c
If containing more than one pint and not more than one quart, per doz	30c	20 p c
If imported otherwise than in plain, green or colored glass bottles, or if imported in such bottles containing more than one quart, per gal	24c	20 p c

SCHEDULE I.—Cotton Manufactures.

Cotton thread and carded yarn, warps or warp yarn, except spool thread or cotton, not colored, bleached, dyed, etc., up to and including No. 15	3c lb	3c lb
On all numbers exceeding No. 15 and up to No. 30	1-5c	1-5c
Exceeding No. 30	¼c	¼c
Colored, bleached, dyed, etc., all numbers up to 20	6c	6c
Exceeding No. 20, and up to No. 80, per number per lb	¼c	—
No. 80 and above, per number per lb	3-10c	—
Cotton card laps, roping, in silver or roving	45 p c	—
Spool thread of cotton, including crochet, etc., on spools or reels; spools 100 yards each, per doz	6c	5½c
For each additional 100 yards, per doz	6c	5½c
If otherwise than on spools or reels, for each 100 yards, or fraction	½c	—
Cotton cloth, not exceeding 50 threads to the square inch, not bleached, per yard	1c	1c
Bleached, per yard	1¼c	1¼c
Dyed, colored or printed, per yard	2c	2c
Exceeding 50 threads, and not exceeding 100 threads to square inch; not bleached; not exceeding 6 yards to lb, per yard	1¼c	1¼c
Over 6 and not over 9 yards to lb, per yard	1½c	1½c
Over 9 yards to lb	1¾c	1¾c
Bleached, not over 6 yards to lb, per yard	1½c	1½c
Over 6 and not over 9 yards	1¾c	1¾c
Over 9 yards to lb	2¼c	2¼c
Dyed, colored or printed; not over 6 yards to pound, per yard	2¾c	2¾c
Over 6 and not over 9	3¼c	3¼c
Over 9 yards to lb	3½c	3½c
Not over 100 threads, not bleached, valued at over 7c per yard	25 p c	25 p c
Over 100 and not over 150 threads to square inch, not bleached, not over 4 square yards to lb, per yard	1½c	1½c
Over 4 and not over 6	2c	2c
Over 6 and not over 8	2½c	2½c
Over 8	2¾c	2¾c
If bleached and not exceeding 4 square yards to the lb per square yard	2½c	2½c
Over 4 and not over 6 square yards per lb	3c	3c
Over 6 and not over 8	3½c	3½c
Over 8	3¾c	3¾c
Dyed, not over 4 yards to lb	3½c	3½c
Over 4 and not over 6	3¾c	3¾c
Over 6 and not over 8	4¼c	4¼c
Over 8	4½c	4½c
Over 100 and not over 150 threads to the square inch, not bleached, etc., valued at over 9c square yard	30 p c	—
Bleached, valued at over 11c	35 p c	—
Dyed, colored, etc., valued at over 12½c	35 p c	—
Exceeding 150 and not over 200 threads to square inch, not bleached, not over 3½ yards to lb, per yard	2c	2c
Over 3½ and not over 4½	2¾c	2¾c
Over 4½ and not over 6	3c	3c
Over 6	3½c	3½c
Bleached, not over 3½ yards to lb	2¾c	2¾c
Over 3½ and not over 4½	3¾c	3½c
Over 4½ and not over 6	4c	4c
Over 6	4¼c	4¼c
Dyed, not over 3½ yards to lb	4¼c	4¼c
Over 3½ and not over 4½	4½c	4½c
Over 4½ and not over 6	4¾c	4¾c
Over 6	5c	5c
Exceeding 150 and not over 200 threads to the square inch, not bleached, etc.; valued over 10c per square yard	35 p c	—
Bleached, valued at over 12c square yard	35 p c	—
Dyed, etc., valued at over 12½c square yard	40 p c	—
Exceeding 200 and not exceeding 300 threads to square inch, not bleached, not over 2½ yards to lb, per yard	3½c	3c
Over 2½ and not over 3½	4c	3½c
Over 3½ and not over 5	4½c	4c
Over 5	5c	4½c
Bleached, not over 2½ yards to lb	4½c	4c
Over 2½ and not over 3½	5c	4½c
Over 3½ and not over 5	5½c	5c
Over 5	6c	5½c
Dyed, not over 3½ yards to lb, per yard	6¼c	5¾c
Exceeding 3½ square yards to lb	7c	—
Not bleached, dyed, etc., valued at over 12½c per square yard; bleached, valued at over 15c square yard, and dyed, valued at over 17½c square yard	40 p c	—
Exceeding 300 threads to the square inch, not bleached and not over 2 yards to the lb, per yard	4c	—
Over 2 and not over 3 yards, per lb	4½c	—
Over 3 and not over 4	5c	—
Over 4	5½c	—
Bleached, not over 2 yards to the lb	5c	—
Over 2 and not over 3	5½c	—
Over 3 and not over 4	6c	—
Over 4	6½c	—
Dyed, not over 3 yards to the lb, per yard	6½c	—
Over 3	8c	—
Not bleached, dyed, etc., valued at over 14c per square yard; bleached, valued at over 16c per square yard, and dyed, valued at over 20c per square yard	40 p c	—
Cloth composed of cotton or other vegetable fiber and silk, of which cotton is the chief value, per square yard	8c and 30 p c	—
None such to pay less than	50 p c	—
Cotton cloth filled or coated, per square yard	3c & 20 p c	—
Handkerchiefs and mufflers to pay same duty as on cotton cloth in them, not less than	45 p c	—
If hemstitched, additional	10 p c	—
If embroidered, additional	60 p c	—
Cotton cloth known as lappets shall pay in addition to duty on cotton cloth valued at less than 7c per yard	1c	—
At more than 7c	2c	—
Clothing, ready made, and wearing apparel	50 p c	40 p c
Articles having india rubber as a component material	15c lb & 50 p c	50 p c
Plushes, velvets, velveteens, corduroys and all pile fabrics, cut or uncut, any composed of cotton or other vegetable fiber not bleached or dyed	9c s y & 25 p c	40 p c
Bleached or dyed	12c & 25 p c	47½ p c
Bias dress facings from plushes, velvets or other pile fabrics, the foregoing rates of duty and additional	10 p c	—
None of such fabrics to pay less than	47½ p c	—
Curtains, table covers and articles manufactured of cotton chenille	50 p c	40 p c
Hosiery made on knitting machines	30 p c	30 p c
Stockings, hose and half hose, fashioned or shaped wholly or in part by knitting machines, of cotton or other vegetable fiber, finished or unfinished, valued at not more than $1 per doz. per doz. pairs	50c & 15 p c	50 p c
Valued at more than $1 and not more than $1.50	60c & 15 p c	50 p c
Valued at more than $1.50 and not more than $2	75c & 15 p c	50 p c
Valued at more than $2 and not more than $3	$1.20 & 15 p c	50 p c
Valued at more than $3 and not more than $5	$2 & 15 p c	50 p c
Valued at more than $5	55 p c	50 p c
Shirts, drawers, pants, vests, etc., valued at not more than $1.50 per doz	60c & 15 p c	50 p c
Valued at more than $1.50 and not more than $3	$1.10 & 15 p c	50 p c
Valued at more than $3 and not more than $5	$1.50 & 25 p c	50 p c
Valued at more than $5 and not more than $7	$1.75 & 35 p c	50 p c
Valued at more than $7 and not more than $15	$2.25 & 35 p c	50 p c
Valued above $15	50 p c	50 p c
Bandings, beltings, bindings, bone casings, braids, cords, garters, suspenders and braces, gorings, lining for bicycle tires, ribbons, tapes, tubing, webs or webbing	45 p c	45 p c
Spindle banding, woven, braided or twisted lamp, stove or candle wicking	10c lb & 15 p c	45 p c
Lead harness or healds	50c lb & 25 p c	35 p c
Boot, shoe and corset lacings	25c lb & 15 p c	—
Labels for garments	20c lb & 30 p c	35 p c
Cotton damask	40 p c	35 p c
Cotton duck	35 p c	35 p c
All other manufactures of cotton not specially provided for	45 p c	35 p c

SCHEDULE J.—Flax, Hemp and Jute, and Manufactures.

Flax straw	$5 ton	Free
Flax, not hackled or dressed	1c lb	Free
Flax, hackled	3c	Free
Tow of flax	$20 ton	Free
Hemp and tow of hemp	$20 ton	Free
Hemp, hackled	$40 ton	Free
Single yarns, made of jute, not finer than 5 lea	1c lb & 10 p c	30 p c
Finer than 5 lea	35 p c	30 p c
Cables and cordage of istle, Tampico fiber, manila, sisal grass or mixture	1c lb	35 p c
Cable and cordage made of hemp	2c	35 p c
Threads, twines or cords made from yarn not finer than 5 lea or number of flax, hemp or ramie, or of which either of these substances is a material of chief value	13c lb	35 p c
From yarn finer than 5 lea, for each lea in excess of 5 additional	¾c	—
Single yarns, in the gray, of flax, hemp or ramie, not finer than 8 lea	7c lb	35 p c
Finer than 8 lea and not finer than 80 lea	40 p c	35 p c
Finer than 80 lea	15 p c	35 p c
Flax gill netting, nets, coils and seines, same duty as on material of which they are made	25 p c add'n'l	40 p c
Floor mattings, plain or fancy, from straw, ground or split, or other vegetable substance not provided for, including Chinese straw mats, etc., not exceeding 10c square yard	3c s yd	Free
Exceeding 10c	7c yd & 25 p c	Free
Carpets, carpetings, mats and rugs of flax, hemp, jute or other vegetable fiber, valued at not more than 15c per square yard	5c s yd & 35 p c	20 p c
Valued above 15c square yard	10c & 35 p c	20 p c
Hydraulic hose, made in whole or in part of flax, hemp, ramie or jute	20c lb	40 p c
Tapes, composed wholly or in part of flax, with or without metal threads, etc	40 p c	25 p c
Oilcloth for floors, stamped, painted or printed, including linoleum, corticene, figured or plain, and all other oilcloth (except silk oilcloth) not specially provided for	8c s yd & 15 p c	25 p c or 40 p c
Oilcloths for floors, and linoleum, 12 feet and over in width, inlaid and cork carpets	20c s yd & 20 p c	25 p c or 40 p c
Shirt collars and cuffs composed of cotton	45c doz pieces & 15 p c	40 p c
Whole or in part of linen	40c doz & 20 p c	20c doz & 30 p c
Plain woven fabrics of single jute yarns not exceeding 50 inches wide, weighing not less than 6 ounces per square yard, not exceeding 30 threads per square inch	⅝c lb & 15 p c	Free
Exceeding 30 and not exceeding 55 threads	⅞c lb & 15 p c	Free
Bags or sack, plain woven fabrics, single jute yarn, not dyed, stained or bleached, not exceeding 30 threads to square inch	⅞c lb & 15 p c	Free
Bagging for cotton, gunny cloth, single fabrics, for covering cotton, of single yarns of jute, etc., not bleached, colored or stained, not exceeding 16 threads to the square inch, weighing not less than 15 ounces per square yard	6-10c lb	—
Laces, lace window curtains, tidies, bed sets, flouncings and other lace articles, handkerchiefs, napkins and other articles wholly or part of lace or in imitation, nets, veils, ruchings, tuckings, fleshings and quillings, embroideries and all trimmings, including braids, edgings, insertings, flouncings, galons, gorings and bands, wearing apparel, handkerchiefs and other fabrics embroidered in any manner, tamboured articles or wearing apparel, hemstitched or tucked flouncings or skirtings, articles wholly or in part of rufflings, tuckings or ruchings; all foregoing of flax, cotton or other vegetable fiber, not provided for, in part india rubber or otherwise	60 p c	50 p c
Lace window curtains, pillowshams, bed sets, finished or unfinished, made on the Nottingham lace curtain machines or on the Nottingham warp machines, composed of cotton or other vegetable fiber, when counting five points or spaces between the warp threads to the inch	1c s yd & 20 p c	50 p c
Counting more than five points or spaces to the inch, in addition for each point to the inch in excess of five	½c & 20 p c	50 p c
None of the above to pay less than	50 p c	—
Pile fabrics in which flax is of chief value	60 p c	35 p c
Handkerchiefs composed of flax, hemp, ramie or other vegetable fiber, in the piece or otherwise, wholly or partly finished, not hemmed, or hemmed only	50 p c	40 p c
If hemstitched, or imitation hemstitched, or reversed, or with drawn threads, but not embroidered or initialed	55 p c	50 p c
Woven fabrics, not provided for, of flax, hemp or ramie in chief value, weighing 4½ ounces or more per square yard, when containing not more than 60 threads to square inch	1¾ s yd & 30 p c	35 p c
Containing more than 60 and not more than 129 threads to square inch	2¾c & 30 p c	35 p c
Containing more than 120 and not more than 180 threads to square inch	6c & 30 p c	35 p c
Containing more than 180 threads to square inch	9c & 30 p c	—
None of the foregoing woven fabrics less than	50 p c	—
Woven fabrics of flax, hemp or ramie, or in which they are chief value, including such as is known as shirting cloth, weighing less than 4½ ounces per square yard and containing more than 100 threads to square inch	35 p c	35 p c
All such manufactures of flax, hemp, ramie or other vegetable fiber, or in which they are chief value, not provided for	45 p c	35 p c

SCHEDULE K.—Wool and Manufactures of Wool.

All wools, hair of the camel, goat, alpaca and other like animals shall be divided, for the purpose of fixing the duties to be charged thereon, into the three following classes:

Class 1—that is to say, merino, mestiza, metz or metis wools, or other wools of merino blood, immediate or remote, down clothing wools and wools of like character with any of the preceding, including Bagdad wool, China lamb's wool, Castle Branca, Adrianople skin wool or butcher's wool, and such as have been heretofore usually imported into the United States from Buenos Ayres, New Zealand, Australia, Cape of Good Hope, Russia, Great Britain, Canada, Egypt, Marocco and elsewhere, and also including all wools not hereinafter described or designated in classes 2 and 3.

Class 2—that is to say, Leicester, Cotswold, Lincolnshire, down combing wools, Canada long wools, or other like combing wools of English blood, and usually known by the terms herein used, and also hair of the camel, Angora goat, alpaca and other like animals.

Class 3—that is to say, Donskoi, native South American, Cordova, Valparaiso, native Smyrna, Russian camel's hair, and all such wools of like character as have been heretofore usually imported into the United States from Turkey, Greece, Syria and elsewhere, excepting improved wools hereinafter provided for.

The standard samples of all wools which are now or may be hereafter deposited in the principal custom houses of the United States, under the authority of the secretary of the treasury, shall be the standards for the classification of wools under this act, and the secretary of the treasury is authorized to renew these standards and to make such additions to them from time to time as may be required, and he shall cause to be deposited like standards in other custom houses of the United States when they may be needed.

Whenever wools of class 3 shall have been improved by the admixture of merino or English blood from their present character, as represented by the standard samples now or hereafter to be deposited in the principal custom houses of the United States, such improved wools shall be classified for duty either as class 1 or as class 2, as the case may be.

The duty on wools of the first class which shall be imported washed shall be twice the amount of the duty to which they would be subjected if imported unwashed, and the duty on wools of the first and second classes which shall be imported scoured shall be three times the duty to which they would be subjected if imported unwashed. The duty on wools of the third class if imported in condition for use in carding or spinning into yarns, or which shall not contain more than 8 per cent of dirt or other foreign substance, shall be three times the duty to which they would otherwise be subjected.

Unwashed wools shall be considered such as shall have been shorn from the sheep without any cleansing—that is, in their natural condition. Washed wools shall be considered such as have been washed with water only on the sheep's back or on the skin. Wools of the first and second classes washed in any other manner than on the sheep's back or on the skin shall be considered as scoured wool.

The duty upon wool of the sheep or hair of the camel, Angora goat, alpaca, or other like animals, of class 1 and class 2, which shall be imported in any other than ordinary condition, or which has been sorted or increased in value by the rejection of any part of the original fleece, shall be twice the duty to which it would be otherwise subject, provided that skirted wools, as imported in 1890 and prior thereto, are hereby excepted.

The duty upon wool of the sheep or hair of the camel, Angora goat, alpaca and other like animals of any class which shall be changed in its character or condition for the purpose of evading the duty, or which shall be reduced in value by the admixture of dirt or any other foreign substances, shall be twice the duty to which it would be otherwise subject.

When the duty assessed upon any wool equals three times or more that which would be assessed if said wool was imported unwashed, the duty shall not be doubled on account of the wool being sorted.

If any bale or package of wool or hair specified in this act, imported as of any specified class or claimed by the importer to be dutiable as of any specified class, shall contain any wool or hair subject to a higher rate of duty than the class so specified, the whole bale or package shall be subject to the highest rate of duty chargeable on wool of the class subject to such higher rate of duty, and if any bale or package be claimed by the importer to be shoddy, mungo flocks, wool, hair or other material of any class specified in this act, and such bale contain any admixture of any one or more of said materials or of any other material, the whole bale or package shall be subject to duty at the highest rate imposed upon any article in said bale or package.

Wools and hair of the first class	11c lb	Free
Wools and hair of the second class	12c	Free
Wools of the third class and camel's hair of the class valued at 12c or less	4c	Free
Wools of the third class and camel's hair of the third class valued above 12c	7c	Free

(The duty on wools on the skin shall be 1c less per lb than is imposed on other wools of the same class)

Top waste, stubbing waste, roving waste, ring waste and garneted waste	30c lb	Free
Shoddy	25c	15c
Noils, wool extract, yarn waste, thread waste and all waste wholly or part of wool not provided for	20c	Free
Woolen rags, mungo and flocks	10c	Free

(Wool and hair, advanced beyond washed or scoured condition, not provided for, shall be subject to same duties as imposed on manufactures of wool not specially provided for)

Yarns wholly and in part of wool valued at not more than 30c per lb	27½c & 40 p c	30 p c
Valued at more than 35c	38½c & 40 p c	30 or 40 p c
Cloths, knit fabrics and all manufactures wholly or part of wool, not provided for, valued at not more than 40c per lb	33c & 50 p c	40c
Valued above 40c and not above 70c per lb	44c & 50 p c	40c or 50 p c
Valued over 70c	44c & 55 p c	Free

The McKinley law provided on woolen or worsted cloths, shawls, knit fabrics and all fabrics made on knitting machines and frames, and all manufactures of every description made wholly or in part of wool, worsted, hair of the camel, goat, alpaca or other animal, not specially provided for, valued at not more than 30c lb, the duty shall be three times the duty imposed on a pound of unwashed wool of the first class, and in addition 45 per cent; valued at more than 30c and not more than 40c lb, the duty shall be three and one-half times that on unwashed wool of the first class, and in addition 40 per cent; valued above 40c lb, the duty shall be four times that on unwashed wool of the first class, and in addition thereto 50 per cent.

Blankets and flannels for underwear composed wholly or in part of wool valued at not more than 40c lb	22c lb & 30 p c	25 or 30 p c
Valued at more than 40c and not more than 50c lb	33c & 35 p c	35 p c
Valued at more than 50c lb	33c & 40 p c	35 p c

Flannels valued above 50c lb shall pay the same as women's and children's dress goods, etc.

Blankets over 3 yards in length pay same duty as on cloths.

The McKinley law provided on blankets, hats of wool and flannels for underwear, composed wholly or in part of wool, etc., valued at not more than 30c lb, the duty per pound shall be the same as that imposed on one and one-half pounds of unwashed wool of the first class, and in addition 30 per cent; valued at more than 30c and not more than 40c per pound, twice the duty on unwashed wool of the first class; valued at more than 40c and not more than 50c lb, three times the duty on unwashed wool of the first class, and in addition, on all the above named, 35 per cent; on blankets and hats of wool, etc., valued at more than 50c lb, three and one-half times the duty on unwashed wool of the first class and 40 per cent. Flannels composed wholly or in part of wool, etc., valued above 50c lb, shall be classed and pay the same duty as women's and children's dress goods, coat linings, Italian cloths and goods of similar character and description.

Women's and children's dress goods, coat linings, Italian cloths and goods similar of which warp is wholly of cotton or other vegetable material, with remainder wholly or partly of wool, valued at not exceeding 15c square yard	7c s yd & 50 p c	40 p c
Valued at more than 15c square yard	8c & 50 p c	40 or 50 p c
Valued above 70c per lb	55 p c	40 or 50 p c
Provided that on foregoing weighing over 4 ounces per square yard the duty shall be the same as imposed in schedule on cloths		
Women's and children's dress goods, coat linings, Italian cloths, bunting and similar goods, wholly or in part of wool, not provided for	11c s yd & 50 p c	40 or 50 p c
Valued not above 70c per lb	50 p c	40 or 50 p c
Valued above 70c per lb	55 p c	40 or 50 p c
The foregoing weighing over 4 ounces per square yard the duty shall be the same as imposed in schedule on cloths		
Clothing, ready made, and articles of wearing apparel of every description, including shawls, knitted or woven, and knitted articles of every description, made up of manufactured, wholly or in part, felts not woven and not specially provided for, wholly or in part of wool	44c & 60 p c	45 or 50 p c
Webbings, gorings, suspenders, braces, beltings, bindings, braids, galloons, fringes, gimps, cords, cords and tassels, dress trimmings, laces and embroideries, head nets, buttons or barrel buttons, or buttons of other forms, for tassels or ornaments and manufactures of wool ornaments with beads or spangles, made of wool, etc., or of which wool, etc., is a component material, in part india rubber or otherwise	60c lb & 60 p c	50 p c
Aubusson, axminster, moquette and chenille carpets, figured or plain, and all carpets of like character or description	60c s yd & 40 p c	40 p c
Saxony, wilton and tournay velvet carpets, figured or plain, and all carpets and carpetings of like character and description	60c & 40 p c	40 p c
Brussels carpets, figured or plain, and all carpets and carpeting of like description	44c s yd & 40 p c	40 p c
Velvet and tapestry carpets, figured or plain, printed on the warp or otherwise, and all carpets or carpeting of like character or description	40c & 40 p c	40 p c
Tapestry brussels, figured or plain, and all carpets or carpeting of like description, printed on the warp or otherwise	28c & 40 p c	42½ p c
Treble ingrain, three ply, and all chain Venetian carpets	22c & 40 p c	32½ p c
Wool, Dutch, and two ply ingrain carpets	18c & 40 p c	30 p c
Carpets woven whole for rooms and oriental, Berlin, etc., and similar rugs	10c s ft & 40 p c	40 p c
Druggets and bockings, printed, colored or otherwise	22c s yd & 40 p c	30 p c
Carpets and carpeting of wool, flax or cotton, or composed in parts of either, not specially provided for	50 p c	30 p c

Mats, rugs, screens, covers, hassocks, bed sides, art squares and other portions of carpets or carpeting, made wholly or in part of wool and not specially provided for, shall be subject to the rate of duty imposed on carpets or carpeting of like description.

Whenever in any schedule of this act a duty is provided for or imposed on any goods, wares or merchandise composed wholly or in part of wool, the word "wool" shall be held to include wool or hair of the sheep, camel, goat, alpaca or other animal prepared by the woolen, worsted, felt or any other process of manufacture.

SCHEDULE L.—Silks and Silk Goods.

Silk partially manufactured from cocoons or from waste silk and not further advanced or manufactured than carded or combed silk	40c lb	20 p c
Thrown silk, not more advanced than singles, tram, organzine, sewing silk, twist, floss and silk threads or yarns of every description, except spun silk	30 p c	30 p c
Spun silk in skeins, cops, warps or on beams, valued at not exceeding $1 per pound	20c lb & 15 p c	30 p c
Valued at over $1 per lb and not exceeding $1.50 per lb	30c & 10 p c	30 p c
Valued at over $1.50 per lb and not exceeding $2 per lb	40c & 15 p c	30 p c
Valued at over $2 per lb and not exceeding $2.50 per lb	50c & 15 p c	30 p c
Valued at over $2.50 per lb	60c & 15 p c	30 p c
But in no case shall the foregoing articles pay a less rate of duty than 35 p c		
Velvets, velvet or plush ribbons, chenilles or other pile fabrics composed of silk or of which silk is the component material of chief value, cut or uncut, not provided for	$1.50 lb & 15 p c	$1.50
Plushes composed of silk or of which silk is the component material of chief value	$1 & 15 p c	$1
In no case shall foregoing pay less than 50 p c		
Woven fabrics, in the piece, not provided for, weighing not less than 1⅓ ounces per square yard and not more than 8 ounces per square yard, and containing not more than 20 p c in weight of silk, if in the gum	50c lb	45 p c
If dyed in the piece	60c lb	45 p c
If containing more than 20 p c and not more than 30 p c in weight of silk, if in the gum	65c	45 p c
If dyed in the piece	80c	45 p c
If containing more than 30 and not more than 45 p c in weight of silk, if in the gum	90c	45 p c
If dyed in the piece	$1.10	45 p c

(Continued on page 6)

Special Sale!

3 lots in North Dixon, 100x140.....$225
2 lots in North Dixon, 100x200.....$225
3 lots in West Dixon, near 3d St...$265
$500 buys a lot on 3d St., worth $650
Cottage for $690 on 6th St., worth $800
New 6 room cottage and acre of ground, Loveland place, very cheap at.....$975
7 room house opposite Hennepin Av., school house, only.....$2100

LOVELAND & STITELEY,

Cor. First St. and Hennepin Av.

Insurance Agency of

A. S. Hyde & Co.

Insuring Fire, Accident, Employers, Liability, Workmen's Collective and Steam Boiler Policies.

Abstract of Title and Conveyancing.....

Rooms 2 and 3 Opera Block.



Making a Man of You.

That is what E. J. Cahill & Co., can do. A rough diamond can be polished by us so that he looks like a man whose refinement had begun three generations back. The Clothing fitted and made in our establishment are marvels of good taste, and in style—the perfection of the tailors art. Call and examine our large stock of woolens.

E. J. CAHILL & CO.,

No. 10 First Street

Up Stairs.

W. C. JONES, 405 Depot Av.

Telephone No. 127.

CHAS. A. TODD, Agency.

Removed to 161 Galena avenue. Call and look at New Samples of Custom-made Clothing.

Pants $3.50.
Suits $12.00.

Enquire rate to Chicago and return.

CHAS. A. TODD, Agent.

New Home Sewing Machines.

For Pure

Ice Cream!

Whoesale or Retail, or a delicious drink of

Soda Water,

Go to....

C. E. GROVE,

55 First St. **The Baker.**

Now is The Time

to buy your

Summer Suits,,,,

We make Suits to order

from $18.00 and upwards.

Our workmanship and fits are excelled by no tailor in Dixon. Give us a call.

LONERGAN & WALGREN,

High Art Tailors.

14 First St., over S. Rosenthal & Son.

—Wesley Steward is here from Steward.

—There is diphtheria at Mt. Carroll.

—H. B. Anning of Sterling is here today.

—Wm. S. Frost is down from Lee Center.

—Thomas Barry is home from his mail route.

—A great change in the weather conditions.

—Mrs. Wallace of West First street is very ill.

—Band concert tonight at Court House park.

—Mrs. Fred Stahl came home from Chicago last night.

—Albert Maxwell left for Beatrice Neb., this morning.

—Charles Dement returned from Chicago yesterday.

—Master Frank Brown is home from a week's visit at Ashton.

—Lincoln Hartzell and family of Nachusa were here Saturday.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Arnold are home from a visit in Chicago.

—Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Smith of Amboy were Saturday visitors.

—The Page Fence Giants beat the Mt. Carroll team 13 to 2 Friday.

—Albert Ankeny is back at work in Tillson's after a week's vacation.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Hyde came home from Chicago Saturday night.

—Martin Wasley came home from Chicago Saturday for a Sunday visit.

—Mrs. John K. Hayden and son, Barlow, are home from a visit in Chicago.

—J. H. Marteeny came home from Freeport to spend Sunday with his family.

—L. Whitmore of Lincoln, Neb., is here visiting his sister, Mrs. J. F. Palmer.

—Miss Estella Osborne returned Saturday from a visit with friends in Chicago.

—Joseph McCleary and family and Mrs John Ripley spent yesterday in Sterling.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Myers and Miss Edith Strickler were up from Amboy Saturday.

—Mrs. W. G. Hartshorn and children have gone to Rock Falls to spend the week.

—Liveryman T. A. Stinson was down from Oregon Saturday and enjoyed the ball game.

—Mrs. Carrie Judd is visiting her mother, Mrs. Bailey, at Argo, Mt. Carroll county.

—Wm. Packard has returned from a two months' visit with his mother at Sac City, Ia.

—There will be an important business meeting of the Epworth League this evening,

—F. M. Millisa, a wealthy resident of Springfield, Ill., has been here looking for real estate.

—Mrs. Thomas Burns, living near Harmon, is recovering from a several weeks sickness.

—J. C. Warner of Morrison is here today on a visit. He expects to camp at the Assembly.

—Mrs. Richards left Saturday for her home in Moline after a visit with friends in Dixon.

—Miss Margaret Thompson, teacher in the Dixon public schools, is visiting O. H. Brown and family.

—Mrs. Allie Sneed is taking a month's vacation from he duties at J. R. Carpenter's store.

—Clyde Chronister and Harry Keith came down from Franklin Grove yesterday on their wheels,

—Mr. and Mrs. Miles Barr and Mr. and Mrs. Lee Read rode to Woodlawn yesterday to spend the day.

—The Chicago Record will have a special illustrated write-up of the Assembly in its issue tomorrow.

—Mrs. L. A. Heile of Chicago came out to spend a couple of weeks with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. Wynn.

—William Andrus came out from Chicago Saturday to join his wife in a visit with friends and relatives.

—Mrs. J. J. Cropsey of Ogden, Utah, is visiting with her sister, Mrs. E. L. Edwards, at 473 Peoria avenue.

—Advertisements changed today are: John E. Moyer, Loveland & Stiteley, Thompson Bros., Joseph Stern.

—Mrs. Ebinger and Miss Geisenheimer moved over to the Assembly today to camp during the session.

—Mrs. Fred Davis is up from Sterling to camp with her mother, Mrs. Carrie Swigart, at the Assembly.

—Mr. and Mrs. I. C. Smith were down from Polo to spend Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. J. A. Yates.

—A. J. Brubaker and wife drove to Sterling this morning to attend the funeral of Miss Mabel McFarrand.

—Campers are beginning to come in from all sections to attend the Assembly. Some of the talent will arrive today.

—Be careful and dress according to this change in the weather. Such a change makes a harvest for the doctors.

—General Secretary Everly of the Y. M. C. A. is in Princeton today packing up his goods ready for shipment to Dixon.

—George H. Squires of Bluff Park is entertaining his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Squires of Burlington, Iowa.

—Misses Johnson, McCleary, Eastwood and Russell are making preparations to camp on First street at the Assembly.

—Mrs. Andy O'Kane, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. J. A. Yates, returned to her home in Sterling yesterday.

—Mrs. J. A Selcover and son Charles returned Saturday evening from a visit with her sister, Mrs. C. D. Flanders, of Englewood, Ill.

—J. H. Anderson has the contract for the erection of a new home for Henry Raffensberger, on his present lot in North Dixon.

—Prof. William Jenkins, secretary of the Public Library board, calls for the annual meeting of the board at 8 o'clock this evening.

—Arthur Phelps goes back to Chicago tonight, having finished the work at the Fargo factory and closed up the establishment again.

—John Williamson who has been spending his vacation with his parents, Prof. and Mrs. W. H. Williamson, returned to Chicago this morning.

—Rockford Register-Gazette: John Thomas of Dixon, one of the best known special insurance men on the road, was in the city on business today.

—A tack hammer probably lost by some of the campers going to the Assembly was found on East Chamberlin street. The owner can enquire at this office.

—Mr. and Mrs. Edward Van Arnam of Walnut have been visiting at the Milton Bryan home in North Dixon. Mrs. Bryan and Mrs. Van Arnam are sisters.

—The running team of the Dixon Hook and Ladder company went to Monmouth this morning to attend the three days' races. The boys will race tomorrow.

—Thomas Bryson was brought before the county court this afternoon for a hearing upon his sanity. As we go to press the jury brings in a verdict of not insane.

—Misses Alice and Anna Mead of Decatur, and couisin, Fred Mead of New York, are here visiting their grandmother, and also to attend the Assembly.

—Miss Ethel Roat came out from Chicago this morning to camp with her aunt, Mrs. J. W. Watts and family at the Assembly. She will give lessons in embroidery.

—Clinton has a ladies' band of 22 pieces, which has been furnishing much of the music for celebrations, picnics and excursions at that place, and in Fulton.

—Frank Miller, who is with Ringling Bros. circus in Wisconsin, writes to the Sterling Gazette that the big show has changed its route card and will visit Sterling in about five weeks.

—The Anamosa ball club beat the Morrison team 19 to 6 Friday. It defeated the Des Moines league team several weeks ago, and is considered the best club in Iowa. Yet we beat them fairly Saturday.

—New hitching posts have been put in on the Assemly grounds this year for the accommodation of visitors. Hitching facilities are now provided for 300 teams, and no one need despair of finding room for their horses.

—Rock Falls News: We know two fools who drove two and a half miles and back last Saturday and saw a horse race, which was all over in 28 seconds. This is written by one of them and the only excuse he has to offer is that he was born in Kentucky. There were others.

—John R. Sheeon, second baseman for the Anamosa, Ia., base ball team, dined with Ed and Lloyd Davies on Saturday evening. Mr. Sheeon was pitcher and center fielder for the University of Michigan base ball team during the past college season. He is a graduate from the literary department of that university.

—A party of Chicago people, namely: W. F. Cobbon, J. W. Lee and wife, and W. L. Kline with his son and nephew arrived here Saturday for a two weeks' camp at the Truman farm. They drove out from the city in buggies, bringing their camping equipage in a wagon. They say that they enjoyed the ride immensely. They are delighted with our river and its scenery and are enjoying the fishing and boating.

A New Politician.

From the New York Tribune we learn that the chief feature of the Fourth of July celebration at Los Angeles, Cal., was an address by Mr. William J. Bryan, which differed from salvation in many important particulars, one of them being that it was not free, but cost everybody who heard it 50 cents. It had been advertised that as a concession to the prevailing sentiment of the day, and in order that no attending goldbug should become exasperated and wish that he had kept his money, the orator would confine himself to non-political and patriotic utterances. This he did for fifteen or twenty minutes, but the strain was too great, and at the end of that time he cut loose and launched himself upon the tide of "pulsating and throbbing issues which confront the American people." This expeditious violation of the agreement offended a great many of those present, but we do not see why it should have surprised them, inasmuch as a universal breaking of contracts on high moral and practical grounds is the first and foremost article of the creed which Bryan proclaimed all last summer and fall, and still proclaims as often as he has the chance. Moreover, they should have consoled themselves with the reflection that the orator's disregard of the condition upon which the tidy sum of 50 cents apiece was extracted from several thousands of patriotic citizens was entirely in keeping with the substance of his political harangue. It is quite natural that, having imposed upthe audience in that way at the start, he should keep on trying to bamboozle them by asserting that the times were growing harder, that debts were accumulating, and that the death rate from starvation was increasing.

Lincoln's story of the steamboat on Sangamon river in early days which had a four-foot boiler and a seven-foot whistle, and which consequently had to stop whenever it tooted, lacking capacity to make both noise and progress at the same time, may fit Bryan as accurately as it fitted the speaker to whom it was originally applied. It is possible that he can't think and talk simultaneously, and that when he has once turned his mouth on nothing more ought to be expected. However that may be, the fact is that the times are not growing worse but better; that debts are not accumulating but being paid off, and that the number of persons who are compelled to go hungry is constantly diminishing. Aside from his initial breach of faith and these rank perversions of the truth, Bryan's Fourth of July speech at Los Angeles may have been a good one for aught we know to the contrary.

Mrs. Burnham's Class.

The class drill and recitations given in the pretty new Christian church last Friday evening by the pupils of Mrs. A. G. Burnham was well attended in spite of the excessive heat.

The children rendered the numbers in a way that gave evidence of unusual talent, and careful training. A very noticeable feature was the absence of old hackneyed pieces, in which the ordinary "elocutionist seems to delight. Most of the numbers were new to the audience, and were listed to with eager interest, in spite of several impromptu numbers not down on the bills by a youthful member of the audience in the rear of the room, who insisted on playing a leading part, which entirely drowned the first part of the program to the disgust of the audience.

One of the very best numbers was by Miss Catherine Lafferty, "Entertaining His Sister's Beau," and received well merited applause, while Miss Dena Reynolds' "Molly" was given with a grace and spirit which evinced great ability and careful drill.

"Our Baby," by fanny Woodyatt was witty and bright, and closely contested the claim of first favorite with Miss Lucia Morris' "Constancy."

"The Flower Girl's Song," rendered in a clear, sweet voice, and with fine expression by Grace Burright was one of the best things of the evening.

Perhaps one of the most entertaining elocutionary numbers was" The Spelling Lesson," by Lester Campbell, while "The Dead Doll," "The Speckled Hen," and "Ready for a Kiss," received hearty and well merited applause. The attitudes by the class were finelly given.

The work of Master Denman and Miss Winifred Clarke proved that historic genius is sometimes hereditary in spite of tradition to the contrary, and let quite a professional touch of skill to the amateur performance.

Their posing in both class and single numbers elicited the heartiest applause and gave them the only encore of the evening.

Mrs. Burnham's methods as shown by her class work are of the best. Her work is careful and conscientious, and united with a most refine and graceful personality, render her an ideal teacher, whose services the people of Dixon are indeed fortunate in securing for the artistic training and development of their children.

Oats are nearly ripe and PITCHER sells good Twine cheap. 29t1&211t6

CAMERAS! CAMERAS! CAMERAS!

From $2.50 to $25.00; including Kodet Special, Kartridge Kodak, Pocket Kokak, Cyclone, Gem, Vive, Ray, Falcon, Eureka, Ray jr.

Dry Plates

From 2½x2½ to 8x10. A full stock of SUNDRIES and CHEMICALS.

Free Dark Room!

We also handle The Premo, Poco, and in fact any Camera you may wish, AND SAVE YOU MONEY.

D. S. Horton,

Prescription Druggist, Dixon, Ill.

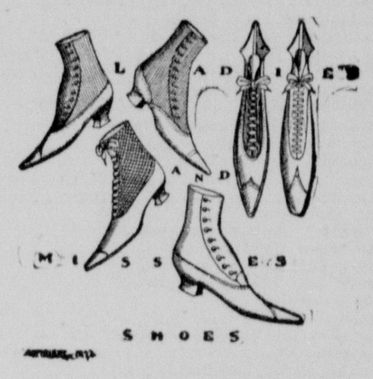
GET A NEW BUGGY.....

Over 30 different styles now on our floor. Absolutely the largest and finest display of Cariage Work ever in Dixon. Prices from $28.00 up. Come and examine whether you wish to buy or not.

The Famous Henney is Our Leader!

C. J. Rosbrook,

65 and 67 First Street, New Stone Front.



Your First Shoe

purchase from us will convince you that you have received better value than you would expect for the price. Your experience with our shoes will bear out the claim that you get more for your money and a greater amount of satisfaction here than you could obtain at any other store.

YATES & SMITH,

NO. 3 EAST FIRST STREET.

DIXON MUSIC CO

MUSIC ORGANS PIANOS SEWING MACHINES BICYCLES

14 East First St.

The PLYMOUTH CLOTHING HOUSE.

No. 12, First Street, Dixon, Illinois.

A July Clearing Sale.....

in connection with our great Great Rebuilding Sale, is playing havoc with our stock. Hundreds of pleased customers; is evidence that our goods are unmatchable in price and quality. Our stock is still complete in all departments even if it is getting late in season, which accounts for good business with us in mid-summer. We are not just out of this and that when called for, but always have on hand that which we advertise and plenty of it at the advertised prices.

$1.00 and 75c Children's Wash Suits at	49c	$4.50 and $4.00 Serge Coat and Vest, at	$2.89
50c French Balbriggan Underwear, all sizes, shirts and drawers, at	39c	6.00 Drap'd, etc., Coat and Vest at	$3.95
Balbriggan Underwear, extra good quality, all sizes, shirts and drawers	20c	$1.50 Black Alpaca Coats, at	$1.00
Percale Soft Shirts, with yoke, all sizes, at	25c	$2.00 Black Alpaca Coats at	$1.50
The best line of Men's Shirts in the city, value $1.25, $1.00 and 75c, at 98c, 69c, 45c and	39c	$2.50 Black Alpaca Coats, at	$2.00
Men's Leather Suspenders at	25c	$5.00 and $4.00 Crash Suits, at	$2.98
Boy's Brownie Overalls at	25c	$7.50 Bicycle Suits at	$4.98
Children's Knee Pants at	19c	$6.50 Bicycle Suits, at	$3.98
Black and Tan Socks, seamless, 4 pair for	25c	$10.00 Fancy Cheviot Suits at	$5.00
Boy's Black, fast colors Bicycle Stockings, all sizes, value 25c, at	14c	$12.00 Black Clay Worsted, at	$7.50
Leather Belts, 2 inches wide, at	25c	$12.50 Fancy Cheviot Suits at	$7.50
Hot Weather Ties, Jap silk, at 3 for	25c	$13.50 and $15.00 Suits, Fancy Cheviots and Cassimere, at	$9.00
Bathing Trunks, value 25c, at	19c	300 Pair Men's Pants, value $1.50 at	75c

The Plymouth Clothing House.

If dyed in the thread or yarn and containing not more than 30 p c in weight of silk, if black (except selvages) .... 75c 45 p c

If other than black .... 90c 45 p c

If containing more than 30 and not more than 45 p c in weight of silk, if black (except selvages) .... $1.10 45 p c

If other than black .... $1.30 45 p c

If containing more than 45 p c in weight of silk or if composed wholly of silk, if dyed in the thread or yarn and weighted in the dyeing so as to exceed the original weight of the raw silk, if black (except selvages) .... $1.50 45 p c

If other than black .... $2.50 45 p c

If dyed in the thread or yarn and the weight is not increased by dyeing beyond the original weight of raw silk .... $3 45 p c

If in the gum .... $2.50 45 p c

If boiled off or dyed in the piece or printed .... $3 45 p c

If weighing less than 1⅓ ounces and more than ⅓ ounce per square yard, if in the gum, or if dyed in the thread or yarn .... $2.50 45 p c

If weighing less than 1⅓ ounces, and more than ⅓ ounce per square yard, if boiled off .... $3 45 p c

If dyed or printed in the piece .... $3.25 45 p c

If weighing not more than ⅓ ounce per square yard .... $4.50 45 p c

In no case shall any of such fabrics pay less duty than 50 per cent.

Handkerchiefs or mufflers composed wholly or in part of silk, whether in the piece or otherwise, finished, if not hemmed or hemmed only, shall pay the same rate of duty as is imposed on goods in the piece, of the same description, weight and condition as provided for in this schedule, but such handkerchiefs or mufflers shall not pay a less rate of duty than 50 per cent ad valorem. If such handkerchiefs or mufflers are hemstitched or imitation hemstitched, or reversed, or have drawn threads, or are embroidered in any manner, whether with an initial letter, monogram or otherwise, by hand or machinery, or are tamboured, appliqued, or are made of trimmed wholly or in part with lace or with tucking or insertion, they shall pay a duty of 10 per cent ad valorem in addition to the duty hereinbefore prescribed, and in no case less than 60 per cent ad valorem.

Bandings, braids, fringes, bindings, beltings, bone casings, laces, cords, cords and tassels, garters, gorings, suspenders, tubings and webbings, composed wholly or in part of [silk], whether composed in part of india rubber or otherwise, if not embroidered by hand or machinery .... 50 p c 45 p c

Laces and articles made wholly or in part of lace edgings, insertings, galloons, chiffon or other flouncings, nets or nettings and veilings, neck ruflings, ruchings, braids, fringes, trimmings, embroideries and articles embroidered by hand or machinery, tamboured or appliqued articles, clothing ready made and articles of wearing apparel of every description, including knit goods made up or manufactured, in whole or in part, by the tailor, seamstress, manufacturer; all the above named articles made of silk or of which silk is the chief component material of value not specially provided for, and silk goods ornamented with beads or spangles, of whatever material composed .... 60 p c 50 p c

Proviso—that any wearing apparel or wearing articles provided for in this paragraph (except gloves), when composed in part of india rubber, shall be subject to a duty of .... 60 p c 50 p c

All manufactures of silk or of which silk is the component material of chief value, including such as have india rubber as a component material, not specially provided for, and all jacquard figured goods in the piece, made on looms, of which silk is of chief value, dyed in the yarn and containing two or more colors in the filling .... 50 p c 45 p c

SCHEDULE M.—Pulp, Papers and Books.

Mechanically ground wood pulp, dry weight .... 1-12c lb 10 p c

Chemical wood pulp, unbleached, dry weight .... 1-6c lb 10 p c

Bleached, dry weight .... ¼c 10 p c

If export duty is imposed by any country, it shall be added to imports from that country

Sheathing paper and roofing felt .... 10 p c 10 p c

Filter masse, wholly or in part wood, wood flour or other vegetable fiber .... 1½c & 15 p c 35 p c

Printing paper, unsized, sized or glazed, suitable only for books and newspapers, valued not above 2c per lb .... 3-10c lb 15 p c

Valued above 2c and not above 2½c .... 4-10c lb 15 p c

Valued above 2½c and not above 3c .... 3-10c lb 15 p c

Valued above 3c and not above 4c .... 6-10c lb 15 p c

Valued above 4c and not above 5c .... 8-10c lb 15 p c

Valued above 5c per lb .... 15 p c 15 p c

From countries imposing export duty on pulp wood, for each $1 of export duty per cord so imposed and proportionately for fractions additional .... 1-10c lb —

Papers commonly known as copying paper, stereotype, fiberless tissue, pottery paper and all similar papers, white, colored or printed, weighing not over 6 lbs to the ream of 480 sheets, on a basis of 20 by 30 inches in ream or other form .... 6c lb & 15 p c 35 p c

Weighing over 6 lb and not over 10 lb to ream, and letter copying books, whether wholly or partly manufactured .... 5c & 15 p c 35 p c

Crape paper and filtering paper .... 5c & 15 p c 35 p c

Surface coated papers not provided for .... 2½c lb & 15 p c 30 p c

If printed, wholly or partly covered with metal or its solutions or with gelatin or flock .... 30c & 20 p c 30 p c

Parchment papers .... 2c & 10 p c 30 p c

Plain, basic, photographic papers for albumenizing, sensitive or baryta coating .... 3c & 10 p c 30 p c

Albumenized or sensitized or paper otherwise surface coated for photographic purposes .... 30 p c 30 p c

Lithographic prints from stones, zinc, aluminium or other material, bound or unbound (except cigar labels and bands, lettered or blank; music and illustrations, when forming a part of a periodical or newspaper and accompanying the same, or if bound in or forming part of printed books), on paper or other material not exceeding 8-1,000 of an inch in thickness .... 20c lb 20c

On paper or other material exceeding 8-1,000 of an inch and not exceeding 20-1,000 of an inch in thickness and exceeding 35 square inches, but not exceeding 400 square inches, cutting size and dimensions 8c 8c

Exceeding 400 square inches, cutting size and dimensions .... 35 p c 8c

Prints exceeding 8-1,000 of an inch and not exceeding 20-1,000 of an inch in thickness and not exceeding 35 square inches, cutting size and dimensions 5c 5c

Lithographic prints from stone, zinc, aluminium or other material on cardboard or other material exceeding 20 1,000th of an inch in thickness 6c 3c

Lithographic cigar labels and bands, lettered or blank, printed from stone, zinc, aluminium or other material, if printed in less than eight colors (bronze printing to be counted as two colors), but not including labels printed in whole or in part in bronze or metal leaf 20c 20c

If printed in whole in bronze 15c 30c

If printed in eight or more colors, but not including printed in whole or part in metal leaf 30c 30c

If printed in whole or in part in metal leaf 50c 40c

Books for children's use, with illuminated lithographic prints, not exceeding 24 ounces, and periodicals printed in whole or part by lithographic process or decorated by hand .... 8c lb Free

Writing, note, letter, handmade, drawing, ledger, bond, record, tablet and typewriter paper weighing not less than 10 lb and no more than 15 lb to the ream .... 2c lb & 10 p c 20 p c

Weighing more than 15 lb to the ream .... 3½c & 15 p c 20 p c

But if any such paper is ruled, bordered, embossed, printed or decorated in any manner it shall pay in addition to the foregoing rates .... 10 p c 20 p c

Paper hangings and paper for screens and all other paper not provided for .... 25 p c 20 p c

Jacquard, designs of one line paper or designs cut on jacquard cards or parts, finished or unfinished .... 35 p c 20 p c

Books of all kinds, including blankbooks and pamphlets, and engravings bound and unbound, photographs, etchings, maps, charts, music in books or sheets and printed matter, all such not provided for .... 25 p c 25 p c

Photograph, autograph and scrap albums, wholly or partly manufactured .... 35 p c 30 p c

All fancy boxes of paper, or in which paper is chief value, or if covered with surface coated paper .... 45 p c 30 p c

Playing cards in packs not exceeding 54 cards and at a like rate for any number in excess .... 10c pk & 20 p c 10c & 50 p c

Manufactures of paper or in which paper is chief value, not provided for .... 35 p c 20 p c

SCHEDULE N.—Sundries.

Beads of all kinds not threaded or strung .... 35 p c 20 p c

Fabrics, nets or nettings, laces, galloons, wearing apparel and articles not provided for wholly or in part of beads or spangles made of glass or paste, gelatin, metal or other material, but not composed in part of wool .... 60 p c 35 p c

Braids, plaits, laces and willow sheets or squares composed wholly of straw, chip, glass, palm leaf, willow, osier or rattan suitable for making or ornamenting hats, bonnets or hoods, not bleached, dyed or stained .... 15 p c Free

If bleached, dyed or stained .... 20 p c Free

Hats, bonnets and hoods composed of straw, chip, grass, palm leaf, willow, osier or rattan, whether wholly or partly manufactured, but not trimmed .... 35 p c Free

If trimmed .... 50 p c Free

But the terms "grass" and "straw" shall be understood to mean these substances in their natural form and structure and not the separated fiber thereof

Brushes, brooms and feather dusters, hair pencils, in quills or otherwise .... 40 p c 35 p c

Bristles, sorted, bunched or prepared .... 7½c lb 7½c lb

Trousers buckles, wholly or partly of iron or steel, or parts, valued at more than 15c per 100 .... 5c 100 & 15 p c 35 p c

Valued at more than 15c and not more than 50c 100 .... 15c & 15 p c 35 p c

Buttons and Button Forms—

Button forms, lastings, mohair, cloth, silk or other manufactures of cloth, woven or made in patterns of such sizes, shape or form or cut in such manner as to be fit for buttons exclusively .... 10 p c 10 p c

Buttons, or parts, and molds, finished or unfinished, the line, button measure being ¼ inch, viz—

Buttons known as agate, metal trousers buttons, except steel and nickel bar, per line, per gross .... 1-12c & 15 p c 25 p c

Of bone, and steel trousers buttons, per line, per gross .... ¼c & 15 p c 25 p c

Pearl or shell .... 1½c & 15 p c 1c & 15 p c

Horn, vegetable ivory, glass or metal not provided for .... ¾c & 15 p c 35 p c

Shoe buttons, of paper, pulp or similar material, not provided for, valued not exceeding 3c gross .... 1c gross 25 p c

Buttons, not provided for, and collar and cuff buttons and studs .... 50 p c 35 p c

Coal, bituminous, and all coals containing less than 92 p c fixed carbon, and shale .... 67c ton 40c

Slack, such as will pass through ½ inch screen 15c 15c

Coke .... 20 p c 15 p c

Cork bark, cut into squares or cubes .... 8c lb Free

Manufactured cork, over ¾ inch in diameter at larger end 15c 10c

Measuring ¾ inch and less in diameter 25c 10c

Artificial or cork substitutes, from cork waste, not provided for 8c 10c

Dice, drafts, chessmen, chess balls and billiard, pool and bagatelle balls, of ivory, bone or other materials .... 50c 50 p c

Dolls, doll heads, toy marbles, of whatever materials composed, and all other toys not composed of rubber, china, porcelain, parian, bisque, earthen or stone ware and not specially provided for .... 35 p c 25 p c

Emery grains and emery manufactures, ground, pulverized or refined .... 1c lb 8-10c

Emery wheels and emery files and manufactures in which emery is chief value .... 25 p c 8-10c

Explosive Substances—

Firecrackers of all kinds, the weight to include all wrapping and packing materials .... 8c lb 50 p c

Fulminates, fulminating powders and like articles not provided for .... 30 p c 30 p c

Gunpowder and all explosive substances used for mining, blasting, artillery or sporting purposes, when valued at 20c or less per lb .... 4c lb 5c

Valued above 20c 6c 8c

Matches, friction or lucifer, of all descriptions, per gross of 144 boxes, containing not more than 100 matches per box, per gross .... 8c 20 p c

When imported otherwise than in boxes containing not more than 100 matches each, per 1,000 .... ¾c 20 p c

Percussion caps .... 35 p c 30 p c

Cartridges .... 35 p c 30 p c

Blasting caps, per 1,000 .... $2 36 $2 07

Feathers and downs of all kinds, including birdskins or parts thereof, with the feathers on, crude or not dressed, colored or otherwise advanced or manufactured in any manner not provided for .... 15 p c 35 p c

When dressed, colored or otherwise advanced or manufactured in any manner, including quilts of down, and other manufactures of down and also dressed and finished birds suitable for millinery ornaments and artificial or ornamental feathers, fruits, grains, leaves, flowers and stems or parts thereof, of whatever material composed, not provided for .... 50 p c 35 p c

Furs, dressed on the skins, but not made up into articles, and furs not on the skin, prepared for hatters' use, including fur skins carroted .... 20 p c 20 p c

Fans of all kinds, except common palm leaf fans .... 50 p c 40 p c

Gun wads of all descriptions .... 20 p c 10 p c

Hair, human, if clean or drawn, but not manufactured .... 20 p c 20 p c

Hair, curled, suitable for beds or mattresses, and hair .... 10 p c 10 p c

Haircloth, or crinoline cloth .... 10c s yd 6c

Haircloth, known as "hair setting," and hair press cloth .... 20c s yd 20c

Hats, bonnets or hoods for men's, women's, boys' or children's wear, trimmed or untrimmed, including bodies, hoods, plateaux forms or shapes for hats or bonnets, composed wholly or in chief value of fur of the rabbit, beaver or other animals, valued at not more than $5 per doz .... $2 doz & 20 p c 40 p c

Valued at more than $5 per doz. and not more than $10 per doz .... $3 & 20 p c 40 p c

Valued at more than $10 and not more than $20 per doz .... $5 & 20 p c 40 p c

Valued at more than $20 per doz .... $7 & 20 p c 40 p c

Indurated fiber ware and manufactures of wood or other pulp, and not provided for .... 35 p c 20 p c

Jewelry and Precious Stones—

Articles known as jewelry, and parts, finished or unfinished, not provided for, including precious stones set, pearls set and cameos in frames .... 50 p c 35 p c

Diamonds and other precious stones advanced in condition of value from a natural state of cleaving, splitting, cutting or other process and not set .... 10 p c 25 p c

Imitations of diamonds and other precious stones, composed of glass or paste, not exceeding an inch in dimensions, not engraved, painted or otherwise ornamented or decorated and not mounted or set .... 20 p c 10 p c

Pearls in their natural state, not strung or set .... 10 p c 10 p c

Leather and Manufactures of—

Hides of cattle, raw or uncut, dry, salted or pickled .... 20 p c Free

Band or belting leather, sole leather, dressed upper and all other leather, calfskins, tanned or dressed, kangaroo, sheep and goat skins (including lamb and kid skins), dressed and finished, chamois and other skins and bookbinders' calfskin, all not provided for .... 20 p c 20 p c

Skins for morocco, tanned, but unfinished .... 10 p c 10 p c

Skins dressed as suede or with exterior grain surface removed, known as mocha, or otherwise, per doz. skins .... $2.50 20 p c

Patent, japanned, varnished or enameled leather, weighing not over 10 lb per doz. hides .... 30c lb & 20 p c 20 p c

Weighing over 10 and not over 25 lb per doz .... 30c & 10 p c 20 p c

Weighing over 25 lb per doz .... 20c & 20 p c 20 p c

Pianoforte leather and action leather .... 35 p c 20 p c

Leather shoe laces, finished or unfinished .... 50c grs prs & 20 p c 30 p c

Boots and shoes made of leather .... 25 p c 20 p c

Leather cut in forms for manufactured articles classed as manufactures of leather .... — —

Gloves, wholly or in part of leather, the length being measure when stretched to full extent

Women's or children's "glace" finish, schmaschen (of sheep origin), not over 14 inches in length, per doz. pairs $1.75 $1

Over 14 inches and not over 17 inches $2.25 $1.50

Over 17 inches $2.75 $2

Men's glace finish, schmaschen (sheep) $3 $3

Women's or children's glace finish, lamb or sheep, not over 14 inches in length $2.50 $1.75

Over 14 and not over 17 inches $3.50 $2.75

Over 17 inches $4.50 $3.75

Men's glace finish, lamb or sheep $4 $4

Women's or children's glace finish, goat, kid or other leather than of sheep origin, not over 14 inches in length $3 $2.25

Over 14 and not over 17 inches in length $3.75 $3

Over 17 inches $4.75 $4

Men's glace finished, kid, goat, or other leather than of sheep origin $4 $4

Women's or children's, of sheep origin, with exterior grain surface removed, by whatever name known, not over 17 inches in length $2.50 $1.75

Over 17 inches $3.50 $2.75

Men's of sheep origin, with exterior surface removed $4 $4

Women's or children's kid, goat or other leather than of sheep origin, with exterior grain surface removed, not over 14 inches in length $3 $2.25

Over 14 and not over 17 inches $3.75 $3

Over 17 inches $4.75 $4

Men's goat, kid or other leather than of sheep origin, with exterior surface removed $4 $4

In addition to foregoing, on leather gloves, when lined, per doz. pairs $1 $1

On all pique or prix seam gloves .... 40c —

Gloves, stretched, with more than 3 single strands .... 40c —

On all with wrist openings, without fasteners, a reduction of 25c doz.

Glove trunks, with or without the usual accompanying pieces, shall pay 75 per cent of the duty provided for the gloves in the fabrication of which they are suitable

Harness, saddles and saddlery, or parts of either in sets or in parts, finished or unfinished .... 45 p c 20 p c

Manufactures of amber, asbestus, bladders, cork, catgut or whipgut or wormgut, spar, wax, or of which these substances, or either of them, is a component material of chief value, not provided for .... 25 p c 25 p c

Manufactures of bone, chip, grass, horn, india rubber, palm leaf, straw, weeds or whalebone, not provided for .... 30 p c 25 p c

Manufactures of leather, finished or unfinished, manufactures of fur, gelatin, gutta percha, human hair, ivory, vegetable ivory, mother of pearl and shell, papier mache and vulcanized india rubber, known as hard rubber, not specially provided for, and shells, engraved, cut, ornamented or otherwise manufactured .... 35 p c 30 p c

Masks composed of paper or pulp .... 35 p c 25 p c

Matting made of cocoa fiber or rattan, per square yard .... 6c 20 p c

Mats made of cocoa fiber or rattan, per square foot .... 4c 20 p c

Musical instruments, or parts thereof, pianoforte actions and parts thereof, strings for musical instruments not otherwise enumerated, cases for musical instruments, pitch pipes, tuning forks, tuning hammers and metronomes, strings for musical instruments, wholly or partly of steel or other metal .... 45 p c 25 p c

Paintings in oil, water, pastel, pen drawings, statuary, not provided for .... 20 p c Free

Statuary includes such as is cut or otherwise wrought by hand from a solid mass or from metal and is the professional production of a statuary or sculptor only

Peat moss .... $1 ton Free

Pencils, paper or wood, filled with lead or other material, and pencils of lead .... 45c grs & 25 p c 50 p c

Slate pencils, covered with wood .... 35 p c 30 p c

Other slate pencils .... 3c 100 30 p c

Pencil leads, not in wood .... 10 p c 10 p c

Photographic dry plates and films .... 25 p c 25 p c

Common tobacco pipes and pipe bowls of clay, valued at not more than 40c per gross .... 15c grs 10 p c

Other tobacco pipes and pipe bowls of clay .... 50c & 25 p c 10 p c

Other pipes and pipe bowls of whatever composed, and all smokers' articles not provided for, including cigarette books and covers, pouches for tobacco and cigarette paper in all forms .... 60 p c 50 p c

Plows, tooth and disk harrows, harvesters, reapers, agricultural drills and planters, mowers, horse rakes, cultivators, thrashing machines and cotton gin .... 20 p c Various

Plush, black, known as hatters', of silk, or silk and cotton, as is used for men's hats .... 10 p c Free

Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades covered with material other than paper .... 50 p c 45 p c

Sticks for umbrellas, etc., and walking canes, finished or unfinished .... 40 p c 30 p c

Waste not provided for .... 10 p c 10 p c

FREE LIST.

Acids.—Arsenic or arsenious, benzoic, carbolic, fluoric, hydrochloric or muriatic; nitric, oxalic, phosphoric, phthalic, picric or nitro picric; prussic, silicic and valerianic.

Aconite; acorns, raw, dried or undried, but unground; agates, unmanufactured; albumen not specially provided for; alizaren, natural or artificial, and dyes derived from alizarin or from anthracen; amber and amberoid, unmanufactured or crude gum; ambergris, and analine salts.

Any animal imported specially for breeding purposes shall be admitted free, provided that no such animal shall be admitted free unless pure bred of a recognized breed, and duly registered in the book of record established for that breed. Domestic animals strayed, or driven into a foreign country for temporary pasturage, may, with their increase, be returned within six months, free.

Animals brought into the United States temporarily for a period not exceeding six months for the purpose of exhibition or competition for prizes offered by any agricultural or racing association; teams of animals, including their harness and tackle and the wagons or other vehicles actually owned by persons emigrating from foreign countries to the United States with their families, and in actual use for the purpose of such emigration, and wild animals intended for exhibition in zoological collections for scientific and educational purposes and not for sale or profit.

Annotto, roucou, rocoa or orleans and all extracts of; antimony ore, crude sulphite of; apatite; arrow root in its natural state and not manufactured; arsenic and sulphide of, or orpiment; arseniate of aniline; art educational stops, composed of glass and metal and valued at not more than 6 cents per gross.

Articles in a crude state used in dyeing or tanning not specially provided for in this act.

Articles the growth, produce and manufacture of the United States, when returned after having been exported without having been advanced in value or improved in condition by any process of manufacture or other means; casks, barrels, carboys, bags and other vessels of American manufacture exported filled with American products, or exported empty and returned filled with foreign products, including shooks and staves when returned as barrels or boxes; also quicksilver flasks or bottles, of either domestic or foreign manufacture, which shall have been actually exported from the United States, but the exemption of bags from duty shall apply only to such domestic bags as may be imported by the exporter thereof, and if any such articles are subject to internal tax at the time of exportation, such tax shall be proved to have been paid before exportation and not refunded. And provided that when manufactured tobacco which has been exported without payment of internal revenue tax shall be reimported it shall be retained in the custody of the collector of customs until internal revenue stamps in payment of the legal duties shall be placed thereon. Asbestus unmanufactured; ashes, wood and lye of and beet root ashes; asafetida.

Balm of Gilead; barks, cinchona or other from which quinine may be extracted; baryta, carbonate of, or witherill and beeswax.

All binding twine manufactured from New Zealand hemp, istle or Tampico fiber, sisal grass, or sunn, or a mixture of any two or more of them, of single ply and measuring not exceeding 600 feet to the pound. Provided that articles mentioned in this paragraph if imported from a country which lays an import duty on like articles imported from the United States shall be subject to a duty of one-half of 1 cent per pound.

Bells, broken and bell metal, broken and fit only to be manufactured; birds, stuffed, not suitable for millinery ornaments; birds and land and water fowls; bismuth; bladders and all integuments and intestines of animals and fish sounds, crude or salted for preservation only, and unmanufactured, not specially provided for; blood, dried, not provided for; bolting cloth composed of silk, imported expressly for milling purposes, and so permanently marked as not to be suitable for any other use; bones, crude, or not burned, calcined, ground, steamed or otherwise manufactured, and bone dust or animal carbon, and bone ash, fit only for fertilizing purposes; books, engravings, maps, charts, etc., imported for the use of the United States or of the library of congress; books, maps, music, engravings, photographs, etchings, bound or unbound, and charts which shall have been printed more than 20 years at the date of importation, and all hydrographic charts and publications issued for their subscribers or exchanges by scientific and literary associations or academies, or publications of individuals for gratuitous private circulation, and public documents issued by foreign governments; books and pamphlets printed exclusively in languages other than English; also books and music in raised print used exclusively by the blind; books, maps, music, photographs, etchings, lithographic prints, and charts specially imported, not more than two copies in any one invoice, in good faith, for the use or by order of any society or institution incorporated or established solely for religious, philosophical, educational, scientific, or literary purposes, or for the encouragement of the fine arts, or for the use or by order of any college, academy, school or seminary of learning in the United States, or any state or public library, and not for sale, subject to such regulations as the secretary of the treasury shall prescribe; books, libraries, usual and reasonable furniture, and similar household effects of persons or families from foreign countries, if actually used abroad by them not less than one year, and not intended for any other person or persons, nor for sale.

Brass, old brass, clippings from brass or Dutch metal, all the foregoing, fit only for remanufacture; Brazil paste; Brazilian pebble, unwrought or unmanufactured; breccia, in block or slabs; bristles, crude, not sorted, bunched or prepared; broom corn; bullion, gold or silver; Burgundy pitch; cadmium; calamine; camphor, crude; castor or castoreum; catgut, whipgut, or wormgut, unmanufactured; cerium, chalk, crude, not ground, precipitated or otherwise manufactured; chromate of iron or chromic ore; civet, crude; common blue clay in casks, suitable for the manufacture of crucibles.

Coal, anthracite, not provided for, and coal stores of American vessels, but none shall be unloaded; coal tar, crude; pitch of coal tar and products of coal tar known as dead or creosote oil, benzol, tolnol, naphthaline, xylol, phenol and cresol.

Cobalt and cobalt ore; cocculus indicus; cochineal; cocoa, or cacas, crude and fiber, leaves and shells of; coffee; coins, gold, silver and copper; coir and coir yarn; copper in plates, bars, ingots or pigs and other forms not manufactured or specially provided for; old copper, fit only for manufacture, clipping from new copper and all composition metal of which copper is a component material of chief value, not specially provided for in this act; copper, regulus of, and black or coarse copper and copper cement; coral, marine, uncut and unmanufactured; cork wood or cork bark, unmanufactured; cotton and cotton waste or flocks.

Cryolite or kryolith; cudbear; curling stones, or quoits, and curling stone handles; curry and curry powder; cutch; cuttlefish bone.

Dandelion roots, raw, dried, or undried, but unground.

Diamonds and other precious stones, rough or uncut, and not advanced in condition or value from their natural state by cleaving, splitting, cutting or other process, including miners', glaziers' and engravers' diamonds, not set, and diamond dust or bort; divi divi; dragon's blood.

Drugs, such as barks, beans, berries, balsams, buds, bulbs and bulbous roots, excrescences, such as nutgalls, fruits, flowers, dried fibers and dried insects, grains, gums and gum resin, herbs, leaves, lichens, mosses, nuts, roots and stems, spices, vegetables, seeds, aromatic and seeds of morbid growth, weeds and woods used expressly for dyeing—any of the foregoing which are not edible and are in a crude state, and not advanced in value or condition by refining or grinding or by other process, and not specially provided for.

Eggs of birds, fish and insects, not including eggs of game birds or eggs of birds not used for food, the importation of which is prohibited, except specimens for scientific collections; no fish roe preserved for food purposes; emery ore, ergot, fans; common palm leaf, plain and not ornamented, and palm leaf in its natural state, not colored, or otherwise advanced in manufacture; felt, adhesive, for sheathing vessels, and fibrin in all forms.

Fish, fresh, frozen or packed in ice, caught in the great lakes or other fresh waters by citizens of the United States; fishskins; flint, flints and flint stones, unground; fossils; fruits, or berries, green, ripe or dried, and fruits in brine, not provided for; fruit plants, tropical and semitropical, for the purpose of propagation or cultivation; furs, undressed; fur skins of all kinds, not dressed in any manner; gambier.

Glass enamel, white, for watch and clock dials; glass plates or disks, rough cut or unwrought, for use in the manufacture of optical instruments, spectacles and eyeglasses, and suitable only for such use; provided, however, that such disks exceeding eight inches in diameter may be polished sufficiently to enable the character of the glass to be determined.

Grasses and Fibers.—Istle or tampico fiber, jute, jute butts, manila, sisal grass, sunn and all other textile grasses or fibrous vegetable substances not manufactured or dressed in any manner and not specially provided for in this act.

Gold beaters' molds and gold beaters' skins; grease and oils (excepting fish oils) such as are commonly used in soapmaking or in wire drawing or for stuffing or dressing leather, and which are fit only for such uses, and not specially provided for in this act.

Guano, manures and all substances used only for manure; gutta percha, crude.

Hair of horse, cattle and other animals, cleaned or uncleaned, drawn or undrawn, but unmanufactured, not specially provided for in this act, and human hair, raw, uncleaned and not drawn; hide cuttings, raw, with or without hair, and all other glue stock; hide rope, bones and whetstones; hoofs, unmanufactured; hop roots for cultivation; horns and parts of, unmanufactured, including horn strips and tips.

Ice; india rubber, crude, and milk of, and old scrap or refuse india rubber which has been worn out by use and is fit only for remanufacture; indigo, iodine, crude; ipecac, iridium, ivory tusks in their natural state or cut vertically across the grain only with the bark left intact, and vegetable ivory in the natural state.

Jalap, jet, unmanufactured; joss stick or joss light; junk, old.

Kelp; kieserite, kyanite or cyanite and kainit.

Lac dye, crude, seed, button, stick and shell; lac spirits; lactarene; lava, unmanufactured; leeches, lemon juice, lime juice and sour orange juice; licorice root, unground; lifeboats and life saving apparatus specially imported by societies incorporated or established to encourage the saving of human life; lime, citrate of; lithographic stones, not engraved; litmus, prepared or not prepared; lodestones.

Madder and munjeet or Indian madder, ground or prepared, and all extracts of it; magnesite, crude or calcined, not purified; magnesium not made up in articles, manna, manuscripts.

Marrow, crude; marshmallow or althea root, leaves or flowers, natural or unmanufactured; medals of gold, silver or copper and other metallic articles actually bestowed as trophies or prizes and received and accepted as honorary distinctions; meerschaum, crude or unmanufactured.

Minerals, crude or not advanced in value or condition by refining or grinding or by other process of manufacture, not specially provided for in this act; mineral salts obtained by evaporation from mineral waters, when accompanied by a duly authenticated certificate and satisfactory proof showing that they are in no way artificially prepared and are only the product of a designated mineral spring.

Models of inventions and of other improvements in the arts, including patterns for machinery, but no article shall be deemed a model or pattern which can be fitted for use otherwise.

Moss, seaweeds and vegetable substances, crude or unmanufactured, not otherwise specially provided for in this act; musk, crude, in natural pods; myrobolans; needles, hand sewing and darning.

Newspapers and periodicals; but the term "periodicals" as herein used shall be understood to embrace only unbound or paper covered publications issued within six months of the time of entry, containing current literature of the day and issued regularly at stated periods, as weekly, monthly or quarterly.

Brazil nuts, cream nuts, palm nuts and palm nut kernels; cocoanuts in the shell and broken cocoanut meat or copra, not shredded, desiccated or prepared in any manner; nux vomica; oakum; oil cake.

Oils.—Almond, amber, crude and rectified ambergris, anise or anise seed, aniline, aspic or spike lavender, bergamot, cajeput, caraway, cassia, cinnamon, cedrat, chamomile, citronella or lemon grass, civet, cocoanut, fennel, ichthyol, jasmine or jasimine, juglandium, juniper, lavender, lemon, limes, mace, neroli or orange flower, enfleurage grease, nut oil or oil of nuts not otherwise specially provided for in this act, orange oil, olive oil for manufacturing or mechanical purposes fit only for such use and valued at not more than 60 cents per gallon, ottar of roses, palm, rosemary or anthoss, sesame or sesamum seed or bean, thyme, origanum, red or white; valerian, and also spermaceti, whale and other fish oils of American fisheries, and all fish and other products of such fisheries; petroleum, crude or refined, provided that if there be imported into the United States crude petroleum or the products of crude petroleum produced in any country which imposes a duty on petroleum or its products exported from the United States there shall in such cases be levied, paid and collected a duty upon said crude petroleum or its products so imported equal to the duty imposed by such country.

Orange and lemon peel, not preserved, candied or otherwise prepared; orchil or orchil liquid; ores of gold, silver or nickel and nickel matter; sweepings of gold and silver; osmium.

Palladium, paper stock, crude, of every description, including all grasses, fibers, rags (other than wool), waste, including jute waste, shavings, clippings, old paper, rope ends, waste rope and waste bagging, including old gunny cloth and old gunny bags, fit only to be converted into paper.

Paraffin; parchment and vellum; pearl, mother of, and shells, not sawed, cut, polished or otherwise manufactured or advanced in value from the natural state.

Personal effects, not merchandise, of citizens of the United States dying in foreign countries; pewter and britannia metal, old and fit only to be remanufactured.

Philosophical and scientific apparatus, utensils, instruments and preparations, including bottles and boxes containing the same, specially imported in good faith for the use or by the order of any society or institution incorporated or established solely for religious, philosophical, educational, scientific or literary purposes or for the encouragement of the fine arts or for the use or by the order of any college, academy, school or seminary of learning in the United States, or any state or public library, and not for sale.

Phosphates, crude; plants, trees, shrubs, roots, reed canes and seeds imported by the department of agriculture or the United States Botanic garden.

Platina in ingots, bars, sheets and wire; platinum, unmanufactured, and vases, retorts and other apparatus, vessels and parts thereof composed of platinum, for chemical uses; plumbago; potash, crude, or "black salts;" carbonate of potash, crude or refined; hydrate of or caustic potash, not including refined in sticks or rolls; nitrate of potash or saltpeter, crude; sulphate of potash, crude or refined, and muriate of potash.

Professional books, implements, instruments and tools of trade, occupation or employment in the actual possession at the time of persons emigrating to the United States, but this exemption shall not be construed to include machinery or other articles imported for use in any manufacturing establishment or for any other person or persons or for sale, nor shall it be construed to include theatrical scenery, properties or apparel, but such articles brought by proprietors or managers of theatrical exhibitions arriving from abroad for temporary use by them in such exhibitions, and not for any other person and not for sale, and which have been used by them abroad, shall be admitted free of duty.

Pula; quinia, sulphate of, and all alkaloids or salts of cinchona bark; rags not otherwise provided for.

Regalia and gems, statuary and specimens or casts of sculpture imported in good faith for use of scientific and literary societies and educational organizations.

Rennets, raw or prepared; saffron and safflower, and extracts of, and saffron cake; sago, crude; salacen; salep; sausages, bologna; seeds—anise, caraway, cardamom, cauliflower, coriander, cotton, cinnamon, fennel, fenugreek, hemp, horehound, mangel wurzel, mustard, rape, St. John's bread or bean, sugar beet, sorghum or sugar cane for seed; bulbs and bulbous roots, not edible and not otherwise provided for; all flowers and grass seeds; all the foregoing not specially provided for in this act.

Sheep dip, not including compounds or preparations that can be used for other purposes; shotgun barrels in single tubes, forged, rough bored; shrimps and other shellfish; silk, raw or as reeled from the cocoon, but not doubled, twisted or advanced in manufacture in any way; silk cocoons and silk waste; silkworms' eggs; skeletons and other preparations of anatomy; skins of all kinds, raw (except sheepskins with the wool on), and hides not specially provided for in this act; soda, nitrate of, or cubic nitrate.

Specimens of natural history, botany and mineralogy, when imported for scientific public collections and not for sale.

Spices.—Cassia, cassia vera and cassia buds; cinnamon and chips of; cloves and clove stems; mace; nutmegs; pepper, black or white, and pimento; all the foregoing when unground; ginger root, unground and not preserved or candied.

Spunk; spurs and stilts used in the manufacture of earthen, porcelain and stone ware; stamps; foreign postage or revenue stamps, canceled or uncanceled; stone and sand; burstone in blocks, rough or unmanufactured; cliff stone, unmanufactured; rotten stone, tripoli and sand, crude or manufactured, not otherwise provided for in this act; storax or styrax; strontia, oxide of, and protoxide of strontian, and strontianite or mineral carbonate of strontia; sulphur, lac or precipitated, and sulphur or brimstone crude in bulk; sulphur ore, as pyrites or sulphuret of iron in its natural state, containing in excess of 25 per cent of sulphur, and sulphur not otherwise provided for.

Sulphuric acid which at the temperature of 60 degrees Fahrenheit does not exceed the specific gravity of one and three hundred and eighty thousandths, for use in manufacturing superphosphate of lime or artificial manures of any kind, or for any agricultural purposes; provided that upon all sulphuric acid imported from any country, whether independent or a dependency, which imposes a duty upon sulphuric acid imported into such country from the United States there shall be levied and collected a duty of one-fourth of one cent per pound.

Tamarinds; tapioca, cassava or cassady; tar and pitch of woods; tea and tea plants; teeth, natural or unmanufactured; terra alba not made from gypsum or plaster rock; terra japonica; tin ore, cassiterite or black oxide of tin, and tin in bars, blocks, pigs or grain or granulated; tobacco stems; tumeric; turpentine, Venice; turpentine, spirits of; turtles; types, old and fit only to be remanufactured; vaccine virus, valonia, verdigris or subacetate of copper; wax, vegetable or mineral; wafers, unleavened or unedible, for ornamental use or for covering or holding pharmaceutical preparations.

Wearing apparel, articles of personal adornment, toilet articles and similar personal effects of persons arriving in the United States; but this exemption shall only include such articles as actually accompany and are in the use of and as are necessary and appropriate for the wear and use of such persons for the immediate purposes of the journey and present comfort and convenience, and shall not be held to apply to merchandise or articles intended for other persons or for sale; provided that in case of residents of the United States returning from abroad all wearing apparel and other personal effects taken by them out of the United States to foreign countries shall be admitted free of duty without regard to their value upon their identity being established, under appropriate rules and regulations to be prescribed by the secretary of the treasury, but no more than $100 in value of articles purchased abroad by such residents of the United States shall be admitted free of duty upon their return.

Whalebone, unmanufactured.

Wood.—Logs and round unmanufactured timber, including pulp wood, firewood, handle bolts, shingle bolts, gun blocks for gun stocks, rough hewn or sawed or planed on one side, hop poles, fenceposts, ship timber and ship planking; all the foregoing not specially provided for in this act.

Woods.—Cedar, lignum vitae, lancewood, ebony, box, granadilla, mahogany, rosewood, satinwood and all forms of cabinet woods in the log, rough or hewn only; brier root or brier wood and similar wood unmanufactured or not further advanced than cut into blocks suitable for the articles into which they are intended to be converted; bamboo, rattan, reeds, India malacca joints and sticks of partridge, hair wood, pimento, orange, myrtle and other woods not specially provided for in this act in the rough or not further advanced than cut into lengths suitable for sticks for umbrellas, parasols, sunshades, whips, fishing rods or walking canes.

Works of art, drawings, engravings, photographic pictures and philosophical and scientific apparatus brought by professional artists, lecturers or scientists arriving from abroad for use by them temporarily for exhibition and in illustration, promotion and encouragement of art, science or industry in the United States, and not for sale, shall be admitted free of duty.

Works of art, collections in illustration of the progress of the arts, sciences or manufactures, photographs, works in terra cotta, parian, pottery or porcelain, antiquities and artistic copies thereof in metal or other material, imported in good faith for permanent exhibition at a fixed place by any state or by any society or institution established for the encouragement of the arts, sciences or education or for a municipal corporation, and all like articles imported in good faith by any society or association or for a municipal corporation for the purpose of erecting a public monument and not intended for sale nor for any other purpose than herein expressed.

Works of art, the production of American artists residing temporarily abroad, or other works of art, including pictorial paintings on glass, imported expressly for presentation to a national institution or to any state or municipal corporation or incorporated religious society, college or other public institution, except stained or painted window glass or stained or painted glass windows.

Yarns, zaffer.

The administrative features of the bill remain substantially the same as in the Wilson law.

"FROM FROST TO FLOWERS."

PERHAPS YOU ARE GOING

To CALIFORNIA

To ARIZONA

To TEXAS

To MEXICO

If so, you will want to go the right way, which is the best way. By the best way we mean

The PLEASANTEST WAY

The MOST COMFORTABLE WAY

The SAFEST WAY.

Investigation will show you that this way is via

NEW ORLEANS

AND THE

SOUTHERN PACIFIC

Because its SUNSET LIMITED is The finest and the fastest train across the Continent.

Because its line is the only broad gauge road into Mexico.

Of course you will not see any snow storms if you go to California this way, but your way will lead through a country of wonderful interest and novelty.

Any Southern Pacific Agent will be glad to give you full information. Or, if you prefer to read about it, we have a 205 page book, beautifully illustrated, entitled "Through Storyland to Sunset Seas," which we will send you on receipt of 10 cents in stamps to pay postage. It tells all about the Southwest and the Pacific Coast. We have a delightful book on Mexico, entitled "Vamos A Mexico," which we will send to any applicant on receipt of 4 cents. Of course we have plenty of other literature on Louisiana, Texas, Arizona, California, dealing with the climate, health resorts, agriculture, etc.

S. F. B. MORSE,

General Passenger and Ticket Ag't.

NEW ORLEANS

128tf

TAKE THE OLD RELIABLE DIAMOND JO LINE STEAMERS FOR ALL POINTS ON THE UPPER MISSISSIPPI



For ST. PAUL, MINN., and all Points North....

Two new magnificent large steamers, the QUINCY and the DUBUQUE, added to our well known fleet. Marvels of Marine Architecture with all the comforts of a first-class hotel.

Only by This Route

Can the grand scenery of the Upper Mississippi River be seen to advantage.

For information and rates write

Smith & Oakes,
Agents, Clinton, Iowa.

or ISAAC P LUSK,
G. P A., St. Louis, Mo

Wanted RELIABLE MAN OR WOMAN. ASSURED Immediately INCOME TO RIGHT PERSON. THE BEST PAY EVER OFFERED FOR SIMILAR SERVICE.

The Cosmopolitan Magazine, edited by JOHN BRISBEN WALKER, wishes to add a quarter of a million to its clientèle, already the largest, of intelligent thinking readers possessed by any periodical in the world.

IT IS PREPARED TO PAY HANDSOMELY FOR ASSISTANCE RENDERED. It wishes the services of one reliable man or woman in every town, village, country district, or manufacturing establishment in every State. All that is required of any one is reliability, earnestness and work. No matter on what other work you are engaged, it will pay you to examine into this offer.

Apply, stating position, capability and references, to THE COSMOPOLITAN MAGAZINE, Irvington-on-the-Hudson, New York.

FENCING

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114, 116, 118 and 120 N. Market St., CHICAGO, ILL.

Webster's International Dictionary

The One Great Standard Authority,

So writes Hon. D. J. Brewer, Justice U. S. Supreme Court.

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Successor of the "Unabridged."



Standard of the U. S. Gov't Printing Office, the U. S. Supreme Court, all the State Supreme Courts, and of nearly all the Schoolbooks.

Warmly Commended by State Superintendents of Schools, and other Educators almost without number.

THE BEST FOR EVERYBODY BECAUSE

It is easy to find the word wanted.
It is easy to ascertain the pronunciation.
It is easy to trace the growth of a word.
It is easy to learn what a word means.

The Chicago Times-Herald says:—Webster's International Dictionary in its present form is absolute authority on everything pertaining to our language, its history, its phonology, orthography, etymology, and definition. From it there is no appeal. It is a perfect salesman of effort and scholarship can make it.—Dec. 14, 1895.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U.S.A.

Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone.

"On both walls thousands of pinnacles, towers, obelisks, and needles seem to be growing like the trees around them. On the south wall there are gigantic buttresses supporting smaller ones. The north wall flares widely and carries toboggan-slide areas, through which knife-like ridges and tongues of rusty rock are thrust.

Between our rocky perch and Inspiration Point, which stands well out into the canyon an absolute precipice almost aloof from the main wall, the forest pushes half way down to the river. Its dark green intensifies the vivid walls on each side of it.

It also shelters numbers of deer, that can be seen if one wishes to climb down into it.

The pinnacles of rock below us are used by the eagles for nesting purposes. Their nests can be seen, as can also the young eagles."

Send for "Wonderland 97," a new book issued by the Northern Pacific Railway and read a long description of this Canyon. Send six cents for it to CHAS. S. FEE, Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul Minn.

Monona Lake Assembly,

Madison, Wis., July 20 to 30.

The Illinois Central will sell excursion tickets July 19 to 30 to Madison and return at one and one-third fare for the round trip. Tickets good to return until and including July 31.

Black Sand Pool, Yellowstone Park.

"No person who visits the Upper Geyser Basin should fail to see Black Sand Pool. It lies to the south of the main Upper Basin, and is reached by a road leading past the beautiful Punch Bowl Spring. Black Sand Pool is an oval spring some 40 feet long by 20 or 25 feet wide. The water is of a light blue sapphire or turquoise color—it is not easy to name the precise tint in many instances—extremely beautiful, from whose surface steam constantly rises. The great peculiarity about it is that the encircling sides, which are in places fifteen feet high or more, are composed of black, probably decomposed obsidian, sand."

The above is taken from "Wonderland 97," a new book published by the Northern Pacific Railway. Send six cents to CHAS. S. FEE, Gen'l Pass Agent, St. Paul, Minn., for it.

Excursion Tickets to Madison,

Via the North-Western Line will be sold at reduced rates, July 19 to 30, inclusive, limited to July 31, on account of Monona Lake Assembly. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y

Half-Rates to Firemen's Tournament,

Monmouth, Ill., via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at one fare for round trip, from stations in Illinois, July 26 and 27, limited to July 30. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Reduced Rates to Dixon,

Via the North-Western Line, from stations within 200 miles radius, on account of the Rock River Assembly, to be held at Dixon, July 27 to August 13. For dates of sale, etc., apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Lake Bluff Camp Meeting.

The North-Western Line will sell excursion tickets from points in Illinois to Lake Bluff and return at low rates until September 1, tickets limited to 30 days from date of sale. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y. 28t4

Des Plaines Camp Meeting.

The North-Western Line will, from July 15 to August 9, inclusive, sell excursion tickets at low rates from points in Illinois to Des Plaines and return, limited to August 10. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y. 28t3

Annual Tournament Illinois Firemen's Association.

Monmouth, Ill., July 27 to 29.

For the above meeting the Illinois Central will sell excursion tickets on July 26 and 27 at one fare for the round trip. Tickets good to return until and including July 30.

Freeport Evangelical Camp Meeting.

For the Freeport District United Evangelical church camp meeting on Oakdale camp grounds, August 12 to 23, the Illinois Central will sell excursion tickets from Dixon to Oakdale, August 11 to 23 inclusive, at $1.25 for round trip; tickets limited to return until August 24.

Chautauqua Assembly.

Havana, Ill., August 6 to 16.

For the above occasion the Illinois Central will sell excursion tickets to Havana and return at one and one-third fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale August 5 to 16, good to return until and including August 17.

Note Heads, Letter Heads, Bill Heads, etc., neatly and promptly printed at this office.

FOUL MURDER IN MICHIGAN.

Young Woman Killed Under the Most Atrocious Circumstances.

Crystal Falls., Mich., July 26.—One of the most dastardly crimes ever committed in the upper peninsular of Michigan was done within a mile of this city Friday evening. Miss Pearl Morrison, one of the most highly esteemed young ladies in the town, was foully murdered and her body outraged. Miss Morrison had spent the afternoon visiting friends at the Great Western mine location, and left the residence of the Misses Brooks at about 5 o'clock to return home. The girl never reached there. Her father went in search of her Saturday morning, but could find no trace of her. Three large parties were organized after dinner, headed by Elie Massie, J. E. Bower and R. B. Webb, who started out to make a systematic search o fthe wodos on the east side of the river.

They had hardly entered upon their work when they were met by Miss Brooks, who reported that a tramp whom she had given supper to the evening before had returned to her house shortly after dinner Saturday and said he had found a dead girl in the woods, and guided her to the spot where the dead girl lay, and whom she found to be her friend and guest of the day before, Pearl Morrison. Miss Brooks shortly afterwards met one of the searching parties and took them to the place where the object of their search lay. The poor girl's face was badly battered and her throat showed the finger marks of the fiend who strangled her. Dr. A. M. Darling was one of the first to examine the corpse and he found plenty of evidence to show that the murderer had satisfied his hellish lust after killing the poor girl.

The spot where the murder took place is about a quarter of a mile from the main road leading to the mine, and about thirty feet from the Blaney Creek road. The brush was trampled down for esveral feet around where the girl lay, showing that she had made a desperate fight before she gave up her life. Several circumstances connected with the finding of the body by the tramp, who gave his name as Peter Bunce, and claims to hail from nowhere in particular, are very suspicious and point strongly to him as the murderer. Should this prove to be the case the county will be spared the expense of a trial, as the citizens are worked up to such a pitch that a rope and convenient tree will mark the ending of the life of Peter Bunce. Two other tramps have been arrested by Sheriff Waite, but there is no evidence that they were connected with the crime.

Was Probably a Double Crime.

Utica, N. Y., July 26.—John Phelps, aged 28 years, a clerk, and his wife, aged 17, were instantly killed by a train on the West Shore railroad about 6 o'clock last night. They were seen struggling before the train struck them, and it is thought the man intended to cause the death of his wife and himself. He had been heard to threaten her.

Had a Penchant for Vets.

Decatur, Mich., July 26.—Mrs. Kate L. Glasford, of Muskegon county, has the unique distinction of having had five husbands, each of whom was a war veteran. She is a well-perserved woman of 61 years and of exceedinly attractive appearance.

Reduced a Sprinting Record.

St. Paul, July 26.—A St. Cloud, Minn., special to The Pioneer Press says: Jas. H. Maybury, at the Great Northern shopmen's picnic, ran 150 yards in 14 2-5 seconds, reducing the world's record 1-5 second.

Pentecost Band Camp-Beating.

Indianapolis, July 26.—The Harvest Home camp meeting and conference of the Pentecost bands opened yesterday at the Broad Ripple park. About 150 delegates are on the ground.

Thanks from Queen Victoria.

New York, July 26. — Through the British consulate here Queen Victoria has sent her thanks to all her subjects in this country who contributed to her jubilee.

ABBREVIATED TELEGRAMS.

Americans have entered ten horses for the English Derby next year.

Next Thursday there will be a partial eclipse of the sun visible at Chicago at about 7 a. m.

Henry A. Rucker has been confirmed as collector of internal revenue for the district of Georgia. He is a negro.

The lower house of the Prussian diet has rejected the law of associations bill, which was a pet measure of Kaiser Wilhelm.

By the snapping of a cable four flour boats near Canton, China, were overturned late in June and 100 persons lost their lives.

The first minister ever acredited to the United States from Bolivia has arrived at New York. He is Louis Paz, a fine-looking man of 43.

Under electric light at Cincinnati Harry Sidwell, of Covington, Ky., broke the world's paced amateur two-mile bicycle record. His time was 3:52 1-5.

There were no fatalities resulting from the panic at the Casino theater, Paducah, Ky., nor any one seriously injured. About thirty-five were hurt.

Jim Sellers, a negro murderer, was taken from the county jail at Pittsboro, Calhoun county, Miss., and shot to death by a mob, Friday night.

The story coming from Paris to the effect that Germany has lodged a protest with our government against the annexation of the Hawaiian islands is denied at the state department.

The Springfield House at Richfield Springs, N. Y., caught fire and was damaged to the extent of about $200,000. Mayor Strong, of New York, who was ill in the house, had a narrow escape.

At an interesting sale of relics of "Bonnie Prince Charlie" last week at London the highest price paid for a single lot was £750 given by J. L. Johnson, of Chicago, for a bedstead used by the prince.

Figures just compiled in Iowa show that in the counties where there is diversified farming, causing the accumulation of other feed for swine besides corn that the rate of deaths from hog cholera is the lowest.

The Weather We May Expect.

Washington, July 26.—Following are the weather indications for twenty-four hours from 8 p. m. yesterday: For Indiana, Illinois and Lower Michigan—Local showers; light variable winds. For Upper Michigan—Local showers; light northeasterly winds. For Wisconsin—Local showers; light northerly winds. For Iowa—Generally fair, slightly warmer weather; northerly winds.

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison of Worthington, Ind., "Sun" writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and $1.00. Get a Bottle at A. H. Tillson's Drug Store. 6

Dr. King's New Discovery or Consumption.

This is the best medicine in the world for all forms of Coughs and Colds and for Consumption. Every bottle is guaranteed. It will cure and not disappoint. It has no equal for Whooping Cough, Asthma, Hay Fever, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, LaGrippe, Cold in the Head and Comsumption. It is safe for all ages, pleasant to take, and, above all, a sure cure. It is always best to take Dr. King's New Life Pills in connection with Dr. King's New Discovery, as they regulate and tone the stomach and bowels. We guarantee perfect satisfaction or return money. Free trial bottles at A. H. Tillson's Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. 6

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. H. Tillson, Druggists, Dixon, Illinois.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures and prevents swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. A2

Don't nauseate your stomach with teas and bitter herbs, but regulate your liver and sick headache by using those famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Rowland Bros.

Why Pay Rent?

Better own a farm! Start now! Send to W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago, Ill., for a free copy of the North-Western Home-Seeker, which gives practical information to those interested in the pursuits of agriculture, dairying and cattle raising. Correspondence solicited from intending settlers.

"I crave but One Minute," said the public speaker in a husky voice; and then he took a dose of One Minute Cough Cure, and proceeded with his oratory. One Minute Cough Cure is unequalled for throat and lung troubles. Rowland Bros.

Vim, vigor and victory:—these are the characteristics of DeWitt's Little Early Risers; the famous little pills for constipation, biliousness and all stomach and liver troubles. Rowland Bros.

Programs printed on short notice at this office.

FAC-SIMILE signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER is on the wrapper of every bottle of CASTORIA.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

It heals everything except a broken heart, may be said of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Piles and rectal diseases, cuts, burns, bruises, tetter, eczema and all skin troubles may be cured by it quickly and permanently. Rowland Bros.

First Class job printing done at this office.

"They don't make much fuss about it," We are speaking of DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation, biliousness, and all stomach and liver troubles. They never gripe. Rowland Bros.

Calling Cards for ladies and misses, in great variety, printed at this office.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that take the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over ¼ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15c and 25c per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O. B2

John Griffin of Zanesville, O., says: "I never lived a day for thirty years without suffering agony, until a box of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured my piles." For piles and rectal troubles, cuts, bruises, sprains, eczema and all skin troubles DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Rowland Bros.

AN OPEN LETTER

To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every bear the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper of CASTORIA.

0000000

If You...

Wish to rent your property.

If You

Wish to sell your property.

If You

Wish hired help, etc., etc.

A small "ad" in

The Evening Telegraph

will find you the desired party.

0000000

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper of CASTORIA.

CALIFORNIA in 3 days. $25.00 FROM DIXON.

Same rate returning!
Sleeping Cars without change!

COLORADO.....$12.50

Fast time and through cars to Denver, Colorado. Tickets sold June 29th to July 3d, 1897. For particulars inquire of ticket agent of Chicago & North-Western Ry.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper of CASTORIA.

THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

SHAW & SON, EDITORS.

PUBLISHED BY

S. F. SHAW PRINTING COMPANY.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Entered at Dixon P. O. as Second-class matter

TERMS:

Per Week.....10cts | Per Year.....$5.00

DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

C. H. STACKPOLE, MANAGER.

Telephone.....Number 5

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY

EAST BOUND		WEST BOUND.	
Atl'c Ex.	3:26 am..B	O'v Lm't.	8:32 pm..A
Chic'g Ex.	6:52 am..A	Belle P'l.	3:50 pm..C
O'v Lm't.	4:50 am..A	Clint. Ps.	11:54 am...C
Ster'l Ps.	7:17 am..C	Pac'f Ex.	1:25 am..A
Belle P'l.	11:05 am...C	Ster'l Ps.	7:14 pm..C
DsMn's Ps.	3:54 pm..C	Ia&DaEx.	2:20 am..A
Clint. Ps.	5:16 pm..D		

FREIGHT TRAINS CARRYING PASSENGERS.

Freight..7:30 pm....A | Clinton..6:35 a..m..A

A—Daily. B—Daily except Mon. C—Daily except Sun. D—Sunday only.

F. L. MURRY, Agent.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

SOUTH BOUND.		NORTH BOUND.	
Pana Ps.	3:25 a. m.	Dub. Pass.	5:43 a. m.
*Thr'gh Ps.	9:58 a. m.	*Thr'gh Ps.	5:00 p. m.
Bl'm'g. Ps.	4:55 p. m.	Local Ps.	11:47 p. m.
Freight.	9:05 a. m.	Freight.	12:49 a. m.

* Daily—Others daily except Sunday.

ANNA C. MEAD. Ticket Agent

WEATHER REPORT.

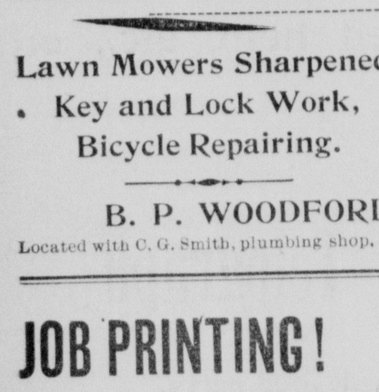
For the week commencing July 25, '97.

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.	Max	Min	Precp
Sun.	72	79	75	84	67	.04
Mon.	68	77	—	—	68	.11
Tues.	—	—	—	—	—	.—
Wed.	—	—	—	—	—	.—
Thurs.	—	—	—	—	—	.—
Fri.	—	—	—	—	—	.—
Sat.	—	—	—	—	—	—.

THE WEATHER.

The following is the weather forecast telegraphed us at 9:25 o'clock a. m. today from the government observatory at Chicago:

Fair tonight and Tuesday. Slightly colder tonight.



Do you know the Definition of Fair Prices?

In a great many places it means inferior quality, but not everywhere. Here it means careful thought, attention given to the smallest detail, right buying and right management. If we can save money in carrying on our business, can't we afford, and haven't we a right to make low prices? Good things don't always cost lots of money. For instance our tailoring.

MILLER, The Tailor,

118 Galena Avenue, 2nd Floor.

REPAIR SHOP....

Lawn Mowers Sharpened,
Key and Lock Work,
Bicycle Repairing.

B. P. WOODFORD,

Located with C. G. Smith, plumbing shop.

JOB PRINTING!

If you want a nice job of printing done, call at this office.

SPECIAL SALE

.....on.....

LADIES' FINE FOOTWEAR

This week at 15 1st St.

Ladies' fine Kid, Oxford, Lace, Tan, Black and Oxblood, sale price $1.00, $1.25, $1.75 and $2.25; former price $1.25, $2.00, $2.75 and $3.00.

Ladies' fine Kid, Lace, Tan and Oxblood Shoes, sale price $1.50, $2.50 and $2.85; former price $2.25, $3.00 and $3.75.

Ladies' fine Black, Vici Kid M. S. and Hand-turn, button and lace shoes, sale price $2.25 and $2.50; former price $3.00, $3.75 and $4.00.

You will find no misrepresentations in these goods and prices.

HALEY & DREW,

15 First St., Dixon.

—Rev. T. F. Dornblaser presided at the funeral services over the remains of the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Moses Cookson at their home on Peoria road yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

—Wm. Ehn, deputy factory inspector of Chicago visited in this city today and inspected the factories. From here Mr. Ehn goes to Dixon to look after the employment of children.—Fulton Journal.

He found the factories and children of Dixon all right.

—The denial by Bryan, Allen, et al., of the statement of Populist Committeeman Bateman that Bryan's contribution to the populist fund was made upon the understanding that no action with reference to fusion should be taken prior to the next campaign is met by a new statement from Mr. Bateman in which he insists that his original statement was accurate, and that he has proof of it.

—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sutton returned home Friday from Dixon, where they spent a few days with their friends, County Clerk James Thompson and his wife. While there Mr. Sutton supplied the table with excellent fish caught in the river. By the way, Mr. Sutton has a metal jointed fishpole that is a beauty. It cost him $11 and is the envy of all fishermen who see it.—Sterling Standard.

—Mendota Reporter: Surveyers of the C. B. & Q. were here again recently surveying the railroad property, and as a consequence, the owers of property on the west side of South Main street have once more been notified that they squat on railroad land and must vacate. The line established by the surveyors cuts off about half of Frank Weiler's house, Jack's coal office and the adjoining residence.

—The New York Journal of Commerce says that the silver coinage of the world has more than doubled since 1873, and the total now is more than four thousand million dollars, the addition since 1874 being $2,498,000,000. With this amount of silver, double the quantity that can be used as money and in the arts, is it strange that silver has fallen in price since the date given by the New York editor?

—A social event in Maytown is recorded in the Earlville Gazette, which says that Miss Matilde Becker gave a surprise party in honor of the event of her sister Maude's birthday at their pleasant home in Maytown. To the tune of sweet music furnished by Messrs. Doc Phillips, Ed Becker and Francis Mullen the many young people danced the evening away. A toothsome lunch was served at midnight, which ended the festivities. The guests very appropriately wished for the coming of another such a merry time.

—The calamity shriekers will have to hurry if they expect to get in their shrieks about farm mortgages. Dispatches to that Sterling Democratic paper, the New York Sun, say that farmers in all parts of the country are rapidly paying off their mortgaged indebtedness under the advances in prices of wool, grain, and farm prices generally, and that with the probability of good prices of the farm crops now being harvested the indebtedness of the farmers of the country will be greatly reduced during the coming year.

—Considerable interest is being taken by the wheelmen in the perfection of arrangements for celebrating "Good Roads" day at the Assembly on next Friday. Every wheelman and wheelwoman in the city is requested to join in the evening parade. Give the people of Dixon a chance to see how many bicycles there are in the city. Trim your wheels with flags and bunting. Purple is the club color of the L. A. W. and should have a good showing. The parade will be formed on East First street at 7:30 p. m.

—With the largest gold production in the history of the world promised for the present year, the discovery of the richest mines in the world in our own territory of Alaska, and the high prices promised abroad for our splendid grain product and the flow of gold in this direction which must ensue, the prospects are not cheerful for the people who have been insisting that the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio far from the commercial value of that article is the only path to prosperity in the United States.

—It is a mistake to suppose that cold drinks are necessary to relieve thirst, says a well known physician. Very cold drinks, as a rule, increase the feverish condition of the mouth and stomach and so create thirst. Experience shows it to be a fact that hot drinks relieve the thirst and cool off the body when it is in an abnormally heated condition better than ice cold drinks. It is far better and safer to avoid drinks below 60°. In fact a higher temperature is to be preferred, and those who are troubled with thirst will do well to try the advantages to be derived from hot drinks instead of cold fluids to which they have become accustomed. Hot drinks also have the advantage of aiding digestion instead of causing debility of the stomach and bowels.

—We give our subsribers a valuable document in this paper, one which should be filed for reference in the future. We refer to the tariff law as was passed through congress on Saturday. This is an enterprise the readers of THE TELEGRAPH will appreciate we believe.

—The Morrison Sentinel was forty years old last Friday. The paper is one of the best in Whiteside county. It is always clean and bright and gives the news to the satisfaction of everyone. We congratulate Brother Bent and wish him forty years more of the good luck that has followed him in the past.

—Why wouldn't it be a good scheme for the city authorities to put a scraper on North Galena avenue now that the work is done on the walk on the west side of the street, that would remove the gravel from the bicycle path and also a good many inches of mud from the street, to say nothing of the dust when dry.

—Those in a position to know say that undoubtedly we will experience the hardest time this fall that we have ever seen to get hard coal, from the fact that there is very little moving as yet, and soon grain will begin to move, necessitating the use of box cars and causing a car famine. Those using that article will be wise to govern themselves accordingly.

A Dark Car.

Going home from a picnic at Burlington Park Friday night, Sterling young people found a dark car on the train; one in which there was no oil in the lamps. The car was very popular. The joy of the occasion was marred now and then by some mean person walking down the aisle with a lighted match. The railroad company could undoubtedly increase the patronage of their excursions by advertising dark cars.

Program Rock River Chautauqua Assembly, July 27 to Aug. 13, 1897.

TUESDAY, JULY 27.

12:00 m. Gates closed. Admittance only by tickets.

7:00 p. m. Grand open air concert, Dixon's famous Military Band.

8:00 p. m. Tenth Inauguration Services.
Selection by Dixon Military Band.
Prayer.
Address of Welcome, Mayor F. A. Truman.
Response, Hon. A. A. Krape, President Rock River Assembly.
Violin Solo, Miss Grace Ensminger, Chicago.
Miss Blanche Ensminger, Chicago, Accompanist.
Reminescences, W. W. Davis, Rev. O. H. Cessna, O. Clymer.
Solo, Miss Forrest Horrill, Kewanee, Illinois.
Readings, Mrs. C. W. Boucher, Marion, Indiana.
Vocal Solo.
Assembly Announcements.
Character Delineations, Prof. W. W. Carnes, Chicago.
Song, "America." Band and Audience.

BUY AND SELL!

AND BUY AGAIN, AND PAY YOUR BILLS WHEN DUE.

But Don't Pass by These Local Ads. or You'll be Passed By Too.

Brown, photographer, at 124 First street, for photographs. 99t12

Dr. L. J. Pollock has moved his Dental office from the Opera block to Loveland block, corner First and Hennepin streets, over Thompson Bros.' store. 29t4-14m1

L. D. PITCHER has for sale the best and lowest priced Milk Wagons ever shown in Dixon. See them. 26&195tf

This is the season of the year for wearing linen and wool crash suitings. Visit A. S. Furguson's office, over Tillson's drug store, and see his samples. He sells best goods at the cheapest prices. 84tf

We have a house full of PURE UP RIVER ICE and will make delivery to our customers. We guarantee careful attention and services of experienced men. Newcomers in Dixon should at once arrange with us for their summer's supply. Telephone, write or call at office. Telephone 101.

DIXON ICE COMPANY.

This is the best season of the year in in which to construct the patent stone walks now so popular; J. W. Kelly is prepared to take contracts from private parties for walks to any extent. 143tf

A. I. Gage is now running hacks to all trains, or any part of the city. Day calls leave at Parker's Drug Store, telephone 45; night calls at Hotel Bishop, Telephone 135. 26tf

Hacks to trains or to any part of the city. Leave orders at L. E. Edwards store, Galena avenue: evenings or Sundays at the Nachusa House; or telephone to stable on third street at any time. Telephone No. 133.

14tf URIAH STROUP.

Excursion Tickets to Madison,

Via the North-Western Line will be sold at reduced rates, July 19 to 30, inclusive, limited to July 31, on account of Monona Lake Assembly. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y

THE HUB CIGAR

A fresh 10-cent cigar for 5 cents at J. R. Pollock's, 103 Galena Ave. 94tf

CLIP THIS OUT.

It Will Save You Many a Dollar and Prevent a Heap of Domestic Trouble.

Some men are very entertaining when first introduced but they soon become exhausted and run out. On a second or third interview they are flat and monotonous. Like a street organ, we soon hear all their tunes, but unlike that instrument they cannot be retuned so easily. Some remedies are very effective for one trial but they soon exhaust their virtues. Like nitre or buchu they do their work once but unlike Doan's Kidney Pills they are useless and positively hurtful when tried a second time. The secret of the success of Doan's Kidney Pills lies in their intrinsic merit. They do their work thoroughly and they can be appealed to again and again when trouble arises and they respond as effectively to that appeal as whan first employed. Unlike all remedies for the kidneys put upon the market they have been able to stay. Unlike all others they have never attempted spasmodic or eratic means to force a sale. They have kept on the "even tenor of their way," slowly but surely distancing all competitors until they are so thoroughly entrenched in the majority of states they cannot be dislodged. There isn't an important town or city anywhere in the union but publishes daily, statements from that town or city. Every town and city has its own people to deal with, has statements from people they know to affirm or disprove. No other kidney remedy or any other remedy does or can do this. There is only one legitimate conclusion to arrive at, the remedy that does it has more than elaborate advertising to sustain its representation. It has intrinsic merit, inherent qualities, possesses some marvellous potent power, in fine it does its work thoroughly and well.

Don's Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cts a box, by all dealers, or mailed on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

WANTED.

WORK—An experienced nurse would like employment; references given; terms moderate. Address, Mrs. Jennie L. Swarm. Ashton, Ill. 18t3*

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENTS, ladies or gentlemen; salary and expenses. Also local agents. Investigate at northeast corner Ottawa and Second streets. 18t1* J. W. YOWELL, Special Agent.

CAPABLE GIRL for general housework. 16tf MRS. B. F. SHAW.

PLACE to work for board and go to school, by girl. Call at 170 W. Second St. 16t2*

WORK at roof painting. I have a mixture that will keep roofs from leaking where all kinds of paint fail. THOMAS COLE, old Telegraph Block, East River street. 210tf

HELP—FEMALE—Lady with good reference to work at home in spare time can make $8 to $12 a week. No books or canvassing, work light and respectable; permanent position to right party; we furnish work and teach you free. Send 10c. for sample and instructions. THE CARTER CHEMICAL CO., 120 So. Second St., Phila. 188t74

FOR RENT.

A 6-ROOM COTTAGE at Loveland Place, near milk factory. 15t5 LOVELAND & STITELEY.

A NEW 8-ROOM HOUSE on West First street, with modern improvements and well located; $15 per month. 15t5 LOVELAND & STITELEY.

UNION HALL. Well Lighted and Ventilated. Easy of Access. Enquire of S. C. EELLS. 209tf

STORE, at No. 17 First street, occupied by Condon & Flannigan, grocers. Best location in the city. Enquire of E. C. Benjamin. 04tf

ROOMS in brick building on East River Street. Apply at this office. 162tf

A FINE Combination Tandem Bicycle, by the hour. 75 Cents the first hour, 25 cents per hour after. DIXON MUSIC COMPANY. 162tf

FOR SALE.

$1850 BUYS A NEW MODERN HOUSE on West Third street; its actual value being $2200. Long time; easy payments. 18t3 LOVELAND & STITELEY.

CHEAP! One Clinker Built, Keel Bottom, Cypress boat; complete with cushions, rudder, three pair oars, etc. Enquire of E. A. SICKELS. 217t3*

REFRIGERATOR CHEAP—Belding's No. 7, new perfection refrigerator, in perfect order. Very cheay. John R. Carpenter, 344 North Galena avenue, 217t11

TWO TENTS AND GOOD BOAT for sale cheap GEO. L. HOWELL, 255 East Fellows street or Alexander & Howell. 15t6*

MY HOMESTEAD PROPERTY on Hennepin avenue, at No. 307. Mrs. P. Farley, at Mrs. O'Nally's on Crawford avenue. 09tf

A Horse and Open Buggy for $50.00 Cash. Call at E. R. KENT'S, 101 Galena Avenue. 206tf

A RAMBLER COMBINATION TANDEM, for sale at $80.00. E. R. KENT'S, 101 Galena Avenue. 206tf

40 ACRE FARM—5 miles south-west of Dixon. 1½ miles north-east of Nelson. Terms made easy. Inquire of or address Frank Seibolts, Dixon, Ill. 86 wed&Stf

2 LOTS, fronting north, in Hines' Addition. Elegant shade trees. Apply to Fred Whipperman, stone mason and contractor. 71t48*

LOST

BLACK CASHMERE COAT—Lost near the Department store last Thursday. Finder please leave same at this office for owner. 181t3*

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

JOS. STERN, Opera House Block.

Successor to Stern Bros.

WATCH THIS SPACE...

Tomorrow will appear the names of the winners of our prize competition for "ads."

NOTE....

We will back up the winning advertisement with prices and give exceptional values during the sale.

This Space For Rent.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

We are agents for twenty of the best American and Foreign Companies. Gives us a call.

Smith & Crabtree.

F. S. Cortright,

GROCER,

No. 8, E. First St.

C. M. Huguet,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

Harness, Buggies, Carriages, Farm Wagons.



BUGGIES, cheaper than ever, fully 20 per cent. from $28.00 up.

STUDABAKER FARM WAGONS, best made: Harness, hand or factory made, from $4.50 up: Dusters, Whips, Saddles, and all kinds Horse Furniture; all kinds of Grand Detour Plows and Cultivators; Plano Harvestors and Champion Binders and Mowers; Thomas Hay Boards and Hay Rakes.

Call and Examine Goods
Get Prices.....

Repairing of Harness a Specialty. All Work Warranted.

C. M. HUGUET,

61 First Street, Dixon, Ill.